London, Saturday-Sunday, August 29-30, 1998

Moscow's Problems? In Tokyo, Petty Cash

As a Measure of Japan's Mess, Its Stocks Lost More in a Week Than Russia Is Worth

By Nicholas D. Kristof and Sheryl WuDunn

TOKYO - One statistic stood out on Friday to explain the importance of Japan, along with its misery:

When trading ended at the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Japanese stocks this week alone had dropped in value by \$241 billion — a sum that exceeds the size of the entire Russian economy at present exchange rates. In other words, in one week's work, Japan managed the financial equivalent of wiping Russia off the world map.

Japan is so monumental as to be central to the health of the global economy — eight Japanese banks have assets worth more than the annnal Russian gross domestic prodoct - but for now it remains a mess.

although an impressively large one.

A month after Prime Minister Keizo Obachi took office, vowing "to deal with each issue in a dramatic. speedy way," Japan remains firmly in recession and largely paralyzed politically and economical

The stock market fell 3.5 percent on Friday to its lowest level since 1986, while long-term bond yields tumbled to 1.07 percent. They are the lowest long-term interest rates in recorded history, having recently fallen below the previous record low rate of 1.125 percent offered by the Italian

city-state of Genoa in 1619.
The markets are tumbling because for all of Mr. Obuchi's pledges, Japan is in even greater political gridlock than usual. Mr. Obuchi's governing Liberal Democratic Party has never been described as energetic, except by itself, but these days even its mod-est plans to revive the banking system are being blocked by opposition parties in the Diet.

The upshot is that the six bills that represent the conterpiece of the prime minister's plans to revive the economy remain stuck in numbing Diet hearings. Officials acknowledge that it will be difficult to win passage of the bills by the time Mr. Obuchi meets President Bill Clinton in New York around Sept. 21, and the delays and stalemate are further dispiriting markets here and around the world.

In the long term, the Japanese situation is in some ways even worse than the Russian situation, particularly given the size of the Japanese economy and the seeming inability to take really serious action," said M. Y. Yoshino, a Harvard Business School

professor who is an expert on Japan and is now visiting Tokyo. Professor Yoshino noted that for all the vast scale of the bad bank debts in Japan — perhaps five times the size of the entire Russian economy — there is little move toward dramatic restructuring to restore sustained eco-

nomic growth. Mr. Obuchi and his aides have been defending their conduct, but the de-fenses have only added to the impression that the government does not have the same sense of urgency as the rest of the world.

On Friday, for example, the prime min-ister was scolded in ANALYSIS the Diet by a prominent economist, Yoshio Suzuki, who accused the government of adopting economic mea sures that were — he switched to English — "too little, too late." Mr. Obuchi, who by all accounts is exceptionally friendly and genial, grinned and replied that if anything, his efforts had been — here he switched to English — "too much, too fast" too fast."

Finance Minister Kiichi Miyazawa said after stocks tumbled Friday, "This isn't something to panic about.
With the passage of time, the market

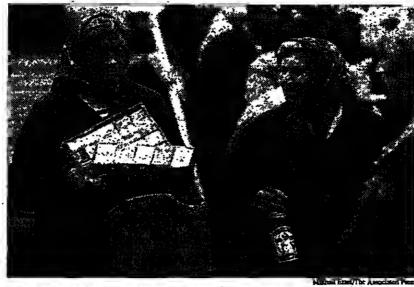
will stabilize again."

Perhaps Mr. Miyazawa and Mr.

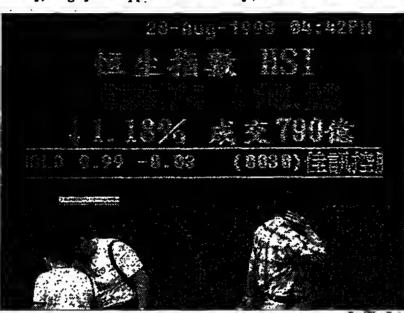
Obuchi are trying to reassure the public, but to some it comes across as complacency. Officials have been trying to be reassuring ever since Japan's "bubble economy" burst around 1991, and yet declining asset values have steadily erased more than \$5 trillion in wealth, a sum equivalent to one-fifth of global economic out-

"Right now, this is the worst sce-nario," wanted Masaru Takagi, an economist at Meiji University, referring to the approach by the government and the stalemate in Parliament. Mr. Takagi estimated that there is a 50 percent chance that the Obuchi government will collapse and be forced to call fresh elections, delaying any further moves to revive the economy.

See JAPAN, Page 13



Russian pensioners selling vodka and cigarettes in central Moscow on Friday, largely to supplement their very small retirement incomes.



A passer-by examining a panel displaying the closing Hang Seng index in Hong Kong on Friday. The index closed 1.18 percent lower despite massive buying of stocks by the territory's monetary authorities.

Hong Kong Authorities Fail to Stem Stock Slide

Market Falls Despite \$8 Billion Spending Spree

By Mark Landler New York Times Service

HONG KONG - In a dramatic climax to two weeks of intervention in the spent massively Friday to prop up shares and foil speculators whom it accused of manipulating its market.

Traders estimated that the government spent more than \$8 billion in a ment spent more than \$8 billion in a frenzied brying spree that propelled the Hong Kong stock market to by far its largest trading volume in history. For all the money spent, the benchmark Hang Seng index still declined 93.23 points, or 1.18 percent, to 7,829.74.

Hong Kong's tough stance came in the wake of more bad economic news. The government released disconfirming that Hong Kong had eliment into the standard of the standa

ing that Hong Kong had slipped into a recession in the second quarter, as the economy contracted 5 percent. It also projected that the economy would shrink 4 percent in 1998 — the first full year of contraction since Hong Kong began keeping records in 1961.

But it was the government's intervention that had snalysts rattled. In a city where tracking the Hang Seng is a favorite parlor game, the wild ride Friday left people slack-jawed. At moments durate the state of th government buying everything in sight. "They did this at a time when there is

gloom around the world," said Glenn

Lesko, the director of regional sales and trading at ABN-AMRO Securities in Hong Kong. "I think they ran into far more sellers than they expected."

Government officials, however, vention had stabilized the Hang Seng, even as markets across Asia, Europe and the United States were plommeting because of fears about the financial turmoil in Russia. That stymied traders who had taken short positions on shares and futures contracts on the bet that the Hong Kong market would tumble. "The game plan of these speculators was to create extreme conditions in the

money market," said Sir Donald Tsang, Hong Kong's financial secretary. "We have frustrated their plan. They can no longer expect that they can manipulate at will our stock and futures markets by attacking the currency."

Although the Hong Koog Monetary

Authority has speot at least \$12 billion since it began buying shares and futures contracts on Aug. 14, Sir Donald said the government was willing to continue intervening. Hong Kong has already spent more than 10 percent of its \$100

billion in foreign reserves on the effort.
Tung Chee-hwa, the chief executive of Hong Kong, held open the possibility that China might support Hong Kong's campaign, with its \$140 billion worth of reserves. "The central government has said many, many times openly that they

See HONG KONG, Page 13

clines Thursday, while most of the

major European markets fell. Eastern Europe was particularly hard hit.

Among U.S. stocks, on-line direc-tories, retailers and search engines

were among the biggest decliners on

were hit hard because many computer companies have considerable expo-

sure to the various fiscal crises over-

Analysts said technology stocks

When the chancellor of German unity with your broken promises." began reciting a litany of his achieve-As he tours Eastern Germany courting votes for the national election next ing the morning trading session, the Hong Kong stock exchange seemed less a marmonth. Mr. Kohl is confronting an ngly ket than a giant clearance sale, with the

Although some polls indicate that he has narrowed the gap with the Social Democratic rival, Gerhard Schroeder, to as little as three points, the bostility that Mr. Kohl encounters at nearly every stop in the East suggests he is making

Four years ago, Mr. Kohl came from 18 points down to win re-election with the help of an avalanche of votes from Easterners still grateful to the father of German unity for liberating them from the bleak repression they endured under the Communist authorities of the Ger-

The GDR collapsed in 1990 along with other Soviet-bloc regimes and its five Eastern regions, along with Berlin, were folded into the Federal Republic of

But rampant despair over widespread joblessness and embittered dismay with the capitalist "elbow" society has com-

Many politicians and commentators now believe Mr. Kohl's Christian Democrats could tumble to third place in the East, behind Mr. Schroeder's Social Democrats and the reformed Communists known as the Party of Democratic Socialism.

"Kohl will get clobbered in the East," said Heidi Knake-Werner, a PDS member of Parliament. "He promised to give us flourishing landscapes and to cut unemployment in half, but things have only gotten worse.

See KOHL, Page 5

Critics, Goes on TV **And Vows Not to Quit** rency Aug. 17, igniting a currency, hank-By David Hoffman ing and finance crisis. Before the drop, the ruble had about 6.3 to the dollar.

Yeltsin, Confronting

MOSCOW - President Boris Yeltsin, facing sharp challenges from Parliament and a barrage of criticism over the collapsing Russian economy, vowed Friday that he would not resign. But be promised that he would not

seek re-election when his term expired. In a 10-minute interview on state television, his first appearance since dismissing his cabinet and recalling Viktor Chernomyrdin as prime minister last Sunday, Mr. Yeltsin delivered a terse reply to those suggesting be might step down because of declining health and the financial crisis.

"I want to say that I'm not going anywhere, I'm not going anywhere, "Mr. Yeltsin said, speaking slowly and clearly. "I'm not going to resign. I will work the full term as given to me by the con-stitution. New presidential elections will be held in 2000. But I will not run." Mr. Yeltsin has in the past given conflicting signals about seeking an-

other term. He was responding to a spate of ru-mors that spread through Moscow on Thursday. The rumors suggested that Mr. Yeltsin was being urged by family members and some prominent financiers to step down after — and if — Mr. Chernomyrdin is confirmed by the Duma, the lower bouse of Parliament.

"First of all, to remove me, that is too

difficult a matter," Mr. Yeltsin said,
"Considering my character, this I think
is impossible, impossible."
[Presideot Bill Clinton said Friday that Russia must take disciplined actioo to reform its economy and that the United States would stick by Moscow if

it did so, Reuters reported. "We should tell them that if they'll be strong and do the disciplined, hard things they have to do to reform their country, their economy and get through this dark night, that we'll stick with them," Mr. Clinton said in a speech on Martha's Vineyard, the Massachusetts

[He said the crisis demonstrated the interdependence of the world economy, which he said argued in favor of his visiting Moscow next week for a summit meeting. "What is the lesson from that? Well, I should go to Russia," Mr. Clinton said. "Anybody can come see you when you're doing well. I should go there."]

signed documents releasing Boris Nemtsov, the deputy prime minister. from his job. He resigned this week.

Mr. Yeltsin also released Anatoli Chubais from his duties as special envoy to the international financial in-

stitutions, which had been expected. Mr. Chubais remains head of the electricity monopoly. The ruble exchange rate to the dollar

hovered at about 9.5 in street transactions across the country. Russia effectively devalued the cur-

Retail trade has been disrupted because of the gyrating exchange rates, and crowds of depositors have lined up at banks in a vain attempt to get their money back.

On Friday, the Central Bank of Russia took over the country's largest retail bank, SBS-Agro, and said it would be

closed for two weeks. The takeover of SBS-Agro Bank is the most dramatic move yet made by central bankers in the financial crisis. The bank was headed by Alexander

See YELTSIN, Page 5

Europeans Warn Russia: Push Reforms To Get Help

By Craig R. Whitney New York Times Service

PARIS — The finance ministers of four economically powerful West European countries warned Moscow on Friday that they would be willing to help Russia stabilize its economy only if the Kremlin leadership made changes long urged on it by the International Monetary Fund.

A letter by the four to the Russian prime minister-designate, Viktor Chernomyrdin, said the required changes included strict enforcement of tax laws, now largely ignored, and a monetary policy aimed at checking inflation.

The letter from the European mem-

bers of the Group of Seven leading industrialized democracies was part of a concerted European effort to arge Mr. Chernomyrdin and President Boris Yeltsin oot to give in to political pressures from the Communist opposition and abandon unpopular belt-tightening economic reforms.

markets will be possible only if Russia proceeds with its reform program in close relationship with the International Mooetary Fund, 's aid a statement on the letter released by the French Finance Ministry.

Public advice from European political leaders to Mr. Yeltsin and Mr. Chemomyrdin remains the same: Without radical changes in the Russian financial and economic system, more

See EUROPE, Page S



Viktor Chernomyrdin, the acting prime minister of Russia, gesturing m a meeting Friday with President Petar Stoyanov of Bulgaria in Moscow.

Can Russia's Communists Join With Its Capitalists?

By Michael R. Gordon New York Times Service

MOSCOW - In his drive to consolidate his power, Viktor Chernomyrdin has embarked on the first attempt since the fall of the Soviet Union to negotiate a sharing of power between the remains of the Communist Party and the tycoons who rose from the ashes of socialism.

Mr. Chernomyrdin has sent clear signals that be wants to form a coalition government that embraces both tycoons and Communists. But the prospects for an effort to reconcile such opposing forces are unclear, and the politics of Mr. Chemomyrdin's coalition-building is at odds with the economic crisis in which Russik finds itself.

For instance, how can Mr. Chernomyrdin be all things to all people and still make the tough decisions that will enable Russia to extract itself from

the rapidly escalaring economic crisis?
"This is one of the most difficult questions for him," said Boris Nemtsov, a reform-minded former Kremlin aide who was part of the government

that was dismissed this week.
"On the one hand, he has to organize a strong and professional government to

NEWS avoid big failures and big mistakes," Mr. Nemtsov added. "On the other hand, he has to compromise with the Communists."

There is no disputing the short-term olitical logic behind Mr. political logic behind Mr. Chernomyrdin's hints about a coalition government

Mr. Chernomyrdin's appointment as prime minister needs the approval of the Communist-dominated Parliament. To establish himself as a figure of national reconciliation — and advance his

See CHERNOMYRDIN, Page 5

Concerto of Fury and Boos Hecklers at Rally Angry Over Decline of East

For Kohl in Brandenburg:

By William Drozdiak Washingson Post Service

BRANDENBURG, Germany - The boos and whistles began raining down on Helmut Kohl as soon as he mounted the stage in the market square of this dilapidated industrial city.

ments, the catcalls nearly drowned out is amplified voice.
"Kohl must go! Kohl must go!"

chanted many protesters in the crowd of 1,000 people, who had come to a cam-



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paign rally Thursday night to hear Europe's longest-serving leader make his pitch for an unprecedented fifth term after 16 years in office. As police officers in riot gear shoved unruly demonstrators behind barri-

cades, other spectators jeered and waved signs saying: "Thanks for 20 percent unemployment" and "Enough

mood of disillusionment that has jeop-ardized his hopes for another comeback

little or no headway in recapturing the allegiance of Germany's most fickle

swing voters.

man Democratic Republic.

pelled many Eastern voters to turn against Mr. Kohl with a vengeance.

AGENDA

Wall Street Remains Jittery Over Russia

Wall Street

seas. Page 9.

U.S. stocks fell for a third straight day on signs that the Russian financial

crisis and slowing growth in other emerging markets are burting U.S. corporate profits.

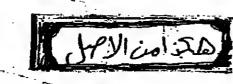
With Russia having problems, some people are saying, 'Are there dominoes here? Is there a Latin American country that's next?" "one

But most major Latin American bourses bounced back after sharp de-Gadhafi Rebuffs U.S.

Colonei Moammar Gadhafi said Priday that Libya rejected a demand from the United States to hand over two Libyans immediately to be tried in the Netherlands for the Lockerbie bombing of 1988. "We are not ready to send burnan beings like that, without guarantees," Colonel Gadhafi said.

Earlier article, Page 2						
Books		Page 8.				
Crossword						
Opinion		Page 6.				
Sports	Pa	ges 18-19.				
The Internarket		Page 7.				
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17 Allies of Former Colombia President Seek Asylum in Europe

By Diana Jean Schemo

BOGOTA — As a court investigation opens into a 1996 decision by Congress to clear the president at the time. Emesto Samper, of criminal charges, a group that championed him in Congress is trying to obtain asylum in Europe.

In meetings over several weeks, 17 senators and deputies, led by Martha Catalina Daniels, mapped a plan to request asylum in Germany, Britain. France and Italy on the ground of political persecution. None of the countries has an extradition treaty with Colombia.

Miss Daniels left for Germany with her two youngest children last week after reportedly bidding farewell to her

TUNIS — The Libyan government on Friday called on the United States,

Britain and the Netherlands to enter into

negotiations on judicial procedures for

the trial in the Netherlands of two Liby-

an suspects in the Lockerbie bombing.

The Foreign Ministry, in a strongly critical response to a UN Security Council resolution adopted on Thursday, backing the U.S.-British plan for the trial, said Libya was not committed by the agreement between Britain and the

Netherlands attached to the resolution.

It called for negotiations "directly or through the UN secretary-general or any

other party agreed on."
The United States has said that the

Lockerbie trial plan is not negotiable

hy the Security Council, would suspend

sanctions against Tripoli once it turns over the two suspects in the fatal bombing of Pan Am Flight 103. It threatens

additional sanctions if the intelligence agents fail to appear for the trial before a

The two suspects, Abdel Basset Ali Megrahi and Lamen Khalifa Fhimah,

are accused of planting a bomh aboard the flight, which exploded over Lock-

Novice Climbers

Urged to Stay Off

Mont Blanc Now

The Associated Press

GRENQBLE, France — French authorities oo Friday urged less-experienced climbers to stay away from Mont Blane after at least 14

people died in a week, falling to their deaths from the rain-slicked

face of Europe's highest moun-

experience with how ice develops

and with cramping techniques must

currently avoid scaling Mont Blanc," Jean-Yves Claudon, as-

sistant chief of mountain geo-

darmes in Chamonix, said by telc-

a coat of ice on the mountain, leav-

ing some usually simple routes

highly treacherous. Authorides said 14 climbers from around

Europe, including a German father

Mont Blanc, on the border of

France, Italy and Switzerland, rises to 4,800 meters (15,750 feet).

and son, suffered fatal falls.

High-altitude rains last week left

"Climbers who don't have great

three-judge panel in the Netherlands.

The resolution, adopted unanimously

Libya Demands Talks

killing 270 people.

British proposal for the trial.

Times reported earlier:

ation must be done."

The resolution would suspend sanc-

tions imposed on Libya in 1992 and

1993. Under them, international air

travel to and from Libya is barred, and

the country is not permitted to import

arms or spare parts for the oil industry.
At the Middle East Institute in Wash-

ington, Mary-Jane Deeb, editor of the Middle East Journal, said Mr. Gadhafi's

appearance in a wheelchair had reignited interest in reports that his motorcade was shot at during a trip through

Libya at the time said nothing had

"turned up in hospital saying that he had been playing soccer and that he had

to have hip surgery or something of the sort," Ms. Deeb said. "That was a

couple of months ago, and I would assume by now that he should have been

Ms. Deeb, a professor of international

relations at American University and the author of two books on Libya, said

Colonel Gadhafi's repeated references

to Western tricks and pitfalls reflected

not only his fears that too much in-

formation would emerge in a trial but

also that his intelligence agents could find themselves whisked off to Wash-

the desert a few months ago.

oo his owo two feet."

ington as captives.

husband, Hernando Rodriguez, in a room at a police training center that has been turned into a jail for public of-

Mr. Rodriguez landed in jail after stealing \$10 million when he was in charge of privatizing Colpuertos, a public river-port administration.

On her way out of the country, the newspaper El Tiempo reported, Miss Daniels gave farewell hugs to friends who have been jailed: Rodrigo Garavito, a former congressman, and David Turbay and Rodolfo Gonzalez, two of six former Colombian comptrollers who have been imprisoned.

Mr. Samper's supporters had been more accustomed to diplomatic post-ings for family and friends, control over

patronage jobs and government largesse their districts.

Their troubles began when the court made its decision days after Andres Pastrana won the presidency on June 21.

He took office on Aug. 21. It was Mr. Pastrana who had made public taped cooversations of Mr. Samper's 1994 campaign soliciting cootributions from drug lords in exchange

for promises of lenient treatment. Two years after a large majority of Congress voted to clear Mr. Samper of charges that Colombian drug dealers had bankrolled his election, the Supreme Court said it would determine whether lawmakers had ignored "overwhelming evidence" of his guilt, and whether any of them profited from the decision. If

found guilty, their sentences could range from six months to eight years.

Under Mr. Samper, the public budget and patronage machine was openly used to dole out favors to figures who could keep him in office, along with their

families and friends. Members of Congress have been meeting to plan a counterattack. Senator Carlos Alonso Lucio, a former deputy who has publicly supported measures to benefit drug traffickers, was designated to present the group's case to Ameisty International and the United Mations Commission on Human Rights, El Tiempo said.

In a telephone interview, Mr. Alonso said he had not yet determined whether to seek refuge in Europe, but would

most likely decide as he saw the course

of the investigation. 'It's a possible answer," he said in the interview Thursday.

Enrique Parejo, a former justice min-ister who brought one of several public complaints that prompted the court's investigation, acknowledged that he was surprised at the decision to take up the case after such a long period and at the idea of Mr. Samper's supporters seeking asylum.

"It's ridiculous," said the former minister, who survived an assassination attempt by drug dealers in the late 1980s. "They're doing the same thing they did under Samper: using the laws to help themselves and erode the image of

Greece Balks at Ban On Yugoslav Flights

BRUSSELS — Implementation of a proposed European Union ban on the Yugoslav airline may be delayed. Greece asked Friday for more time to consider the ban, diplomats

The ban on flights within member countries by JAT, the Yugoslav airlinc, was proposed as a way of demonstrating disapproval of the Yugoslav government's suppression of

disapproval of the Yugoslav government's suppression of separatism in the Serbian province of Kosovo.

Reports earlier Friday said that JAT's director, Zika Petrovic, would demand that Belgrade implement tit-fortat bans on EU flights into Yugoslavia.

But as a meeting Friday of the 15 EU ambassadors in Brussels adjourned, it appeared unlikely that any ban would go into effect. Greece was resisting pressure from other member states to approve the ban.

Greece's call for more time to study possible con-

Greece's call for more time to study possible con-sequences of the ban was met with impatience from the other 14 members.

Britain, which had earlier this week raised objections to the ban on contractual grounds, supported the idea during Friday's meeting.

Greece has until the end of the month to give its approval

of the ban in writing. If it does not, a special meeting of European Union foreign ministers could approve the boycott by a majority. The European Union is expected soon to confirm two measures: a freeze on bank accounts held in member

countries by Yogoslav companies, and the re-establishment of a visa requirement for Yugoslav visitors. ■ Villages Reported Shelled Near Kosovo's Capital

The pro-Albanian Kosovo Information Center said that Serbian forces on Friday shelled three villages west of Pristina, the provincial capital, The Associated Press reported from that city. The Albanian center said many houses had been burned

in Suva Reka, 50 kilometers (30 miles) southwest of Pristina. Eleven settlements north of Suva Reka were completely destroyed, the center said. Its reports could not be independently verified.

Claims by Slaves Of Nazis Backed

BRIEFLY

FRANKFURT — The leader of German Jewish community, Ignatz Bubis, urged the government on Friday to at least symbolically back an industry initiative to establish a fund for Nazi slave laborers.

Faced with the threat of lawsuits of the kind that dogged the Swiss banks, German industry has proposed paying into a government-sponsored fund that would compensate former slave workers. Chancellor Helmut Kohl has re-.

jected reopening restitution coffees.
Germany has paid more than 100 billion Deutsche marks (\$55.3 billion) in reparations to Nazi vic-

Pius XII's Actions For Jews Disputed

LOS ANGELES - A formal Jewish answer to a Vatican document on the Holocaust rejects its assertion that the wartime Pope, Pius XII, saved hundreds of thousands of Jewish lives.

The response also says the Roman Catholic Church must bear, some responsibility for Hitler's war against the Jews.

The document was prepared by the International Jewish Committee on Inter-Religious Consultations, the Jewish group that conducts a formal dialogue with the Vatican. It is a long-awaited response to the controversial document the Holy See issued last March, "We Remember: A Reflection on the Shoah (Holocaust)."

For the Record

Vibrant and smiling, President Vactav Havel of the Czech Re-public left the Central Military Hospital in Prague on Friday after-intestinal surgery in late July fol-lowed by complications that threatened his life. (Reuters)

Jakob Kellenberger, the Swiss secretary of state for foreign affairs. has been named to head the International Committee of the Red Cross beginning in 2000, a state-ment issued in Geneva said Friday. He will succeed Cornelio Sommanuga, who has been president since 1987. (Reuters)



ONE YEAR LATER - A woman outside Kensington Palace adding to bouquets left by mourners one year after the death of Diana, Princess of Wales.

France Assails Accusations That UN Buckled to Iraq

day a letter by Scott Ritter, a United Nations weapons inspector who resigned, charging that the United States and the United Nations had sobmitted to Iraq's defiance of its disarmament commitments.

'The fact of this letter being made public was untimely and its accusations are unfounded," said a Foreign Ministry spokeswoman, Anne Gazeau-

"These accusations are oot true," she said at a news briefing, stating that all members of the UN Security Council and Secretary-General Kofi Annan unanimously supported the work of the United Nations Special Commission, knowo as Unscom.

'He lives in a world of conspiracies France initially declined comment on letter submitted Wednesday in which and fears and anxieties," she said. "He is a despot in his own country, and that's the 37-year-old former U.S. Marine anwhat he would probably do himself."

nounced his resignation from the Spe- On Aug. 6, the Security Council de- chemical and nuclear weapons. monitoring Iraqi disarmament under the 1991 cease-fire agreement.

Mr. Ritter's letter said that Unscom was oot the organization he joined nearly seven years ago, "hobbled as it is by unfettered Iraqi obstruction and conexiste of Security Council enforce-ment of its own resolutions."

The Security Council was "no longer willing and/or capable of the implementation of its own law," Mr. Ritter asserted.

He resigned after Iraq demanded on Aug. 5 that Unscom be restructured to reduce what it called excessive U.S. influence over its operations.

At that time, Iraq began refusing to cooperate with UN inspection teams, preventing them from carrying out most of their duties, including checks of suspected weapons sites.

acceptable." But Baghdad has shown no signs of reversing its position and the United States has not ihreatened military force, as it did in the past.

France has long advocated Unscom reforms that could ease tensions with Baghdad and accelerate a lifting of United Nations sanctions, including a ban on oil sales that was imposed after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in 1990.

■ Hearings Planned in Congress

Earlier, Judith Miller of The New York Times wrote from Washington: Senior Republicans on the House and Senate foreign affairs committees said Thursday that they would hold hearings to determine whether the Clinton administratioo had weakened inspection efforts by the UN Special Commission directed to disarm Iraq of biological,

WEATHER

of Kansas, who is chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee on Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs. and Representative Benjamin Gilman, Republican of New York, chairman of the House Committee on International Relations, said they were deeply troubled by the Ritter allegations. Several administration officials

strongly denied Mr. Ritter's assertions. Secretary of State Madeleine Albright insisted that the United States was "the foremost supporter" of the Special Commission. "We believe it is absolutely essential for Saddam Hutsein to come clean in terms of weapons of mass destruction," she said.

But Mr. Brownback and a spokesman for Mr. Gilman said their hearings would explore whether the administration's actions matched its rhetoric.

Monday

HEALTH/SCIENCE

With a wide range of topics from technology to space exploration, from recent medical discoveries to how the human brain functions, this in-depth feature brings up-to-date information scientific and physical developments in the intriguing worlds of health and science.

Every Monday in the International Herald Tribune.



FOR INVESTMENT INFORMATION

Read THE MONEY REPORT every Saturday in the IHT.

TRAVEL UPDATE

Northwest Strike Talks Continue MINNEAPOLIS (AP) - Northwest Airlines and its pilots worked Friday to avert a weekend strike that threatens to shut down the fourth-largest U.S. airline.

With weeks of warning leading up to the pilots' strike deadline of 0400 GMT Saturday, most passengers had already made other arrangements, and Northwest's hub airports were Northwest and its pilots were negotiating issues of pay, joh

security, retirement and work rules. Both sides are under a self-imposed oews blackout oo the status of the talks.

Warsaw Cracks Down on Trucks

WARSAW (AFP) - In a bid to reduce traffic jams, trucks weighing more than 16 tons will be barred from the Polish capital except between 6 and 10 P.M. Vehicles supplying the city will be exempt. Warsaw is on one of Europe's major road networks and has

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experienced increased traffic in recent years. Gridlock resulted this year when two bridges over the Vistula River were closed for repairs.

The U.S. government warned tourists older than 65 to consult a doctor before traveling to Alaska and Yukon Territory, Canada, where a summer fin outbreak has sickened nearly 2,000 people and killed two. (AP)

North America

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Muslims in U.S. Report Progress in Battling a Catchall Terrorism Label

By Teresa Watanabe Los Angeles Times Service.

LOS ANGELES - In the weeks since the bombings of American embassies in Kenya and Tanzania, Muslim organiza-tions in the United States have produced a major public affairs offensive designed to combat the public perception that Islam is synonymous with terrorism.

Faxing statements and urgent messages to the White House and media, delivering lectures, calling news con-ferences and protests, alerting members of the Muslim community on how to protect themselves in case of violence. the groups have become a significant presence in the American national debate, from which Muslim voices were

largely absent until recently.

So far, they can report slow, but steady, progress. In 1995, after the federal office building in Oklahoma City was bombed, an act that many in the media initially, and falsely, blamed on Arab terrorists, a Muslim group documented 220 cases of violence and har-

This time, by contrast, Muslim groups

even though U.S. officials have blamed the embassy bombings on a terrorist organization headed by Osama bin Laden, a Saudi businessman who says

Central Asia" to "Voice of American Angeles and Washington offices by using volunteers and summer interns.

On a recent afternoon, at his office in the life and the laternoon of the la his anti-American actions are guided by

point of emphasizing that Islam does not condone terrorism.

Wednesday, in the latest element of their campaign, Muslim protesters held a press conference to attack a new 20th Century Fox Film, "The Siege," for what they criticized as dangerously neg-

ative stereotypes of their religion.

The sizable media contingent, including 13 television cameras, and advance coverage of their grievances by three newspapers nationally illustrated the

in Anaheim, California, are at the center The public affairs council says it spe-promptly questions the question. of the campaign, sending articles to news- cifically refuses to accept money from

have accused them of serving as fronts for Middle Eastern groups, such as groups, President Bill Clinton, in his address to the nation announcing U.S. retaliation against Mr. bin Laden, made a point of emphasizing that Islam does not such as the supervised an avalanche of staff projects.

Mr. al-Marayati whirled about as he supervised an avalanche of staff projects.

"Hebrew Union College. Oct. 13.

Can you put that on the calendar, please?" he yelled to his two summer interns. Sadiva Nasir 10.

Washington, recently said in a Wall the Muslim Public Affairs Council had 'repeatedly defended Hezbollah and other Islamic terrorist movements."

Mr. Emerson wrote. Such assertions are "astounding" and "baseless," said Salam Marayati, ex-

ecutive director of the Muslim council. Muslim groups' growing success.

Both his organization and the Council on American-Islamic Relations insist that they are funded by private donastions and the Council on American-Islamic Relations.

tional relations major at the University Street Journal article, for example, that of Southern California, and Wajma Ahmady, 22, a writing major at the University of California, San Diego.

Mr. al-Marayati and Hussam Ayloush Muslim civil rights groups 'in fact of the Council on American-Islamic Reoperate as propaganda and political arms of Islamic fundamentalist movements,"

Islamic community's most public Islamic community's most public

Both men are in their 30s, former engineers with U.S. citizenship, articulate English and engaging personal-Ask "Why have Muslim fundamen-talists moved toward terrorism against

the United States?" and Mr. Ayloush "Most Muslim fundamentalists do

This time, by courast, Muslim groups papers and issuing reports and position foreign governments and survives on an not resort to terrorism." he says, with the protest at the 20th Century Fox studios, say few such incidents have surfaced papers on everything from "Islam in annual budget of \$240,000 for its Los air of a person who has delivered this Although the stream of speakers said

explanation many times. "The ones who resort to terrorism are oot Muslims; basically, they are extremists in their own gious images, their demands to change right. Anyone who promotes terrorism is a terrorist, period. He is oot an Islamic terrorist or Christian terrorist."

That many Americans view Islam as a code word for terrorism is at the top of Mr. al-Marayati's list of public misperceptions he aims to correct.

Others: "We're wife-beaters, women oppressors. We're Arabs." In fact, African-Americans compose the largest single group of American Muslims, at 40 percent, according to the Council on American-Islamic Relations, and Asians compose the largest group internation-

"We're a sect, the anti-Christ," he continued in his list. "We're an Eastern faith, like Hinduism or Buddhism, as opposed to a Western faith. We're anti-Semites, even though we're Semites ourselves.

"It's a long list," Mr. al-Maravati said with a weary smile. "The hardest part is to prove you're oormal."

Such portrayals were the target of the

derscored the steady inroads that Muslims are making in getting their message across. Aside from the sizable media response, the event also featured supporters from the Latino and African-American communities.

Muslims.

The bridge-building to other ethnic, political and religious organizations, backers say, is paying off in integrating the Muslim community into mainstream American society. When Mr. al-Marayati began his job a decade ago, he said, it was a fight even to get his calls re-

the film's basic plot line were rejected.

ington, Bruce Willis, Annette Bening

and Tooy Shalhoub, centers on a bomb-ing plot hy Muslims in New York that provokes the U.S. military to declare

martial law and make mass arrests of

But the news conference itself un-

The film, which stars Denzel Wash-

"We've made a lot of progress," he said. ''It's been literally one brick at a



A man struggling through water in Salvo, North Carolina, after his car stalled.

Storm Picks Up New Steam Hurricane Hits Virginia and Makes Its Way North

The Associated Process Myrtle Beach, South Carolina, where a man, VIRGINIA BEACH, Virginia — Re- was electrocuted while checking his geninvenated by warm ocean waters, a bur- erator after his apartment lost power.

- -

kled to

thousands of people without electricity. beachfront boardwalk and toppled trees and

A 12-year-old girl was killed overnight in Currituck County, North Carolina, when other death attributed to the storm — in to prepare for rain and high wind.

ricane that had drenched parts of North

Carolina regained strength Friday and battered the coast of Virginia. Winds of 75 motel. Several other buildings were dammiles (120 kilometers) per hour snapped aged, and more than 250 trees were reported ship mooring ropes and left hundreds of down. The 18-mile Chesapeake Bay Bridge-Tunnel coonecting Virginia Beach Heavy wind and rain flooded roads, sent to the Eastern Shore peninsula was closed.

expected to continue moving along the Atantic coast before veering by southern New England. A tropical storm warning was in effect from North Carolina up to Plymouth, a tree fell on her house. There was only one Massachusetts. Coastal residents were told

By Jamy Scott New York Tunes Service

is something startling about who have supported President Bill Clinton oow use in many women know well — marital infidelity of middle-marital infidelity of responses nouns like "langhingstock," sibility of younger women "idiot" and "jerk," adject-ives like "feckless," "sleaand appropriate reaction of a

women want Mr. Clinton to really define a lot of inner self-indulgent and risky," she remain in office. They say be has been a friend to women.

Even now, they could imagine voting for him again, they say, if he were constitutionally eligible to run.

In dozens of interviews in which women across the country were asked how they felt about Mr. Clinton in light of the details of his sexual entanglement with Monica Lewinsky, many struggled to reconcile the person they had believed he was with the disturbing details of what they now know he did.

the man who appointed Ruth Bader Ginshurg to the Su-same group. preme Court and named the first female attorney general and secretary of state with the man who has admitted philandering in the White House

with an intern. The reconciliation is not coming easily.

"I've been surprised by bow profoundly this has Minow, an activist and mother of two who lives in

McLean, Virginia.
On behalf of the 24-yearold girl that I used to be and the 46-year-old wife that I am now, I feel very shaken and

Women Disdain Clinton, but They Still Back Him

The high-stakes soap opera WASHINGTON - There broadcast live from Washington has touched deep feelings and marriage, about wayward aged men, degree of respon-

wife. zy," "self-indulgent" and
"gross."

Minow called "one of the Bnt it is equally striking rare, Rorschach-lest monoselist in Cambridge, Masthat so many of the same ments that come along that sachusetts. "And sleazy and conflicts" - just as the O.J. Simpson case seemed to

seemed simultaneously to reveal feelings about politics presidents and husbands. They were appalled, they were embarrassed, they wished they did not know. They wanted him to stay, they

In interviews, women

disappointed. How could be be so stupid?

added. "Above all, risky." Many had little sympathy head. Others saw her as a vic-

As for Hillary Rodham Clinton, some admired her ontward composure over the past two weeks, while a few wished she would just get

angry.
"I have respected Hillary enormously - up until yeswanted him out, they were terday," said Letty Cottin Pogrebin, an anthor and a founding editor of Ms. magazine, the day after the Clinton family departed on vacation, holding hands.

A majority of the women interviewed voted for Mr. Clinton.

Ever since his first pres-

the gender gap among Clinton voters was 11 points.

But in a televised address Ang. 17, Mr. Clinton admitted in public for the first time that he had had an "inappropriate" relationship with Ms. Lewinsky. It was sexual contact be-

tween a married president and a subordinate not much older than his danghter. To many women, terms like "romance" do not quite fit.

Some described Mr. Clinton's behavior as sadly pathological. Others used terms like "tawdry" and "disgust-

But most of the women indefine where people stood oo for Ms. Lewinsky. They idential campaign, women terviewed said they still race issues and as the Anita called her a groupie, silly and have strongly supported Mr. wanted him as president, de-Hill case did on sexual har-star-struck, in way over her Clinton. In the 1996 election, spite everything.

Away From Politics

with the AIDS virus at a higher rate than their male coonterparts, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention reported. A sevenyear study looked at tests of 350,000 youths in the federal Jobs Corps program, which provides job training to poor youths and high school dropouts. Researchers found that the

• Young, poor women are being infected • A 14-year-old boy being treated for a gunshot wound died in a Chicago hospital in a fire ignited by a spark from a defibrillator. Doctors were trying to revive the boy when the spark appareotly caused oxygen nearby to

· A California bill that would require animal That is, how to recoocile rate of infection among women age 16 to 21 abusers to get psychiatric counseling as a see man who appointed Ruth was 50 percent higher than that of men in the condition of probation awaits action by Gov-(AP) ernor Pete Wilsoo.

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Lewinsky's Account Contradicted

WASHINGTON - President Bill Clinton's personal secretary, Betry Currie, has testified that Monica Lewinsky asked her to take back gifts from Mr. Clinton that had been snboognaed. This contradicted Ms. Lewinsky's version of a critical event under investigation, sources familiar with the simation said.

Ms. Currie told a federal grand jury that she went to the former White House intern's Watergate apartment last winter at Ms. Lewinsky's request, according to the sources. Ms. Lewinsky has testified that Ms. Currie was the one who initiated the contact, other sources have said.

The discrepancy between their reported accounts could be important because the independent counsel, Kenneth Starr, has focused on the return of the gifts as a key element of his investigation into possible obstruction of justice by

Whip's Office Is Scandal Central

enveloping President Bill Clinton, House Majority Whip Tom DeLay has launched a campaign that he hopes will force the president to resign.

Over the past few days, the Texas Republican has called staff members back from vacation to research political history and fax any relevant information to lawmakers, who are spread around the country on recess. His office is oow the congressional clearinghouse of the scandal, where members can find everything from President Richard Nixon's popularity rating during the Watergate crisis to Mr. Clin-

In an interview Thursday, Mr. DeLay said he was more interested in "getting the truth out" than simply in forcing Mr. Clinton from office.

But Mr. DeLay emphasized that his operation was aimed at putting pressure on Mr. Clinton in light of his recent confession that he had an affair with the young former White House intern and lied about it.

Mr. DeLay and his top aides emphasized that they were oot recruiting other members to join in calls for Mr. Clinton's resignation. But Mr. DeLay's chief of staff left no

Whip's Office Is Scandal Central doubt as to their preferred outcome.

WASHINGTON — Although most Republican politicians are keeping a cantious distance from the scandal Then we can move on."

We signation is what's best for the country. Then we can move on."

(WP)

Christians and Jews of America must reach for the courage of Jesus and Moses in order to diffuse the spell of mutual distrust that continues to embroil all of the Children of Abraham.

Their frequently misplaced righteousness and one-sided sense of moral culpability psrpetuate the painful plight of every innocent victim in the Holy Land.

America's Christian and Jewish Isaders should set aside their concern for political correctness and relinquish the evasive tactics of the past. Unless they take hold of the fast-deteriorating situation in the Middle-East, Israel's self-inflicted isolation and escalating abrasiveness will isad to further suffering and vindictive bloodshed in what was once the land of milk and honey.



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Iran 'Penalized' for Terrorism \$65 Million Awarded in U.S., but Can It Be Collected?

Washington Post Service and David Jacobsen — were cide bombing three years ago while she was studying in Iseral judge has ordered the Lebanon between 1982 and rael. government of Iran to pay \$65 million in civil damages for its role in the kidnapping of three Americans who were

held hostage in Lebanon by Islamic extremists during the Tate 1980s. The ruling by Judge Thomas Penfield Jackson was the latest action in a series of civil cases filed in Washington against Iran on behalf of Americans who say

It remains to be seen, however, if Iran will pay the

The branian government did not take part in the court The former hostages — of an American college stu-Joseph Cicippio, Frank Reed dent who was killed in a sui-

longest of the three, shackled for much of five and a half years. Mr. Reed was held for three years and eight months and Mr. Jacobsen was held

for 17 months. The judge awarded \$20 million to Mr. Cicippio, \$16 million to Mr. Reed and \$9 million to Mr. Jacobsen. He also awarded \$10 mil-

wife, Elham Cicippio, and Mr. Reed's wife, Fifi Delari-Reed for anguish during their been class husbands' captivity.

In March, another federal terrorism. judge ordered Iran to pay \$247.5 million to the family

991. The family of Alisa Mr. Cicippio was held the Flatow, 20, of West Orange. New Jersey, has launched an international search for Iranian assets and is seeking court approval to seize the former Tranian embassy in Washington.
The lawsuits were made

possible hy legislatioo passed in Congress two years ago. The law permits U.S. citizens who are victims of terthey were victims of terror- lion apiece to Mr. Cicippio's rorist acts abroad to sne foreign countries in American courts if those countries have been classified by the State Department as sponsors of

> Iran has been designated a state sponsor of terrorism by the State Department since



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Government Tanks and Rebels Fight in Suburbs of Kinshasa

KINSHASA, Congo — Tutsi-led rebels fighting to grab power in the Congo threatened to blow up a hydroelectric dam on Friday as tank-born government troops fought infiltrators in the suburbs of Kinshasa.

Witnesses said tanks had attacked houses and a hospital where rebel units had taken up positions.

Residents also said Congolese troops, who are being supported by Zimbabwean and Namibian units, had set up roadblocks across the city and were conducting intensive stop-and-search op-

Thousands of civilians fled from the teeming suburbs of the city of 5 million people, residents reported.

Several thousand people left the districts yesterday and this morning," one airbome troops on standby.

Pakistan Calls

Salvage Study

Of U.S. Missile

By Kamran Khan

KARACHI, Pakistan -- Pakistani sci-

entists and weapons experts are studying

components salvaged from an erran

American cruise missile that landed last

week in sonthern Pakistan, reportedly without exploding.

They expressed optimism that technological secrets will be unlocked and

will advance Pakistan's missile program.

In Washington, however, officials cast doubt on the Pakistani report, saying

that it was unlikely the missile had not been destroyed on landing and that, in any event, the technology was widely

Pakistani officials said that experts

associated with the country's civilian

and military missile programs were in-specting the guidance system, onboard

computer and propulsion system of the Tomahawk missile, which was fired against terrorist camps in Afghanistan but apparently fell short of its target.

Some sources indicated that infor-

mation obtained by examining the missile might be shared with China, Pakistan's ally, but officials bere refused to comment on that possibility.

A Pakistani official speaking on condition of anonymity said the find was "a jackpot" that included the satellite glob-

al positioning system and other tech-nological improvements made to Toma-hawks since the Gulf War in 1991. "We

have missile experts who would most

certainly demonstrate a remarkable job

of reverse engineering" and develop

Pakistan reported that it had re-

covered the missile Saturday near Khar-

an, about 595 kilometers (370 miles)

south of the targeted camps in Afghan-

istan. Pentagon officials have declined

to confirm that a missile landed in

Pakistan or to comment on the impli-

cations for Pakistan and China, which

some surprise that the missile was large-

ly intact when it was discovered.

Sources in Washington said the Toma-

hawk might not have detonated because

the arming mechanism is not activated

until minutes before the missile reaches

But the Pakistani report was doubted

by a retired air force lientenant general,

Thomas Melnerney, the president and

chief executive of Business Executives

for National Security, an organization

When cruise missiles crash, he said,

"it's like dropping a Waterford crystal

glass. They are designed to do a lot of

things, but they aren't designed to bounce. They are very fragile."

would probably have been burned by the

missile's fuel, which would ignite on

the notion that the Pakistanis had gained

Tomahawk's technology already was

widely available and noted that the loss

of several such missiles during the Gulf

War was not known to have produced

any technological breakthroughs for

By John Noble Wilford

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Frederick Reines,

80, whose fine baritone might have

landed him in opera instead of the career

in neutrino physics that culminated in the 1995 Nobel Prize, died Wednesday

in Orange, California. He lived on the

University of California-Irvine campus,

where he was distinguished professor

Described by other scientists as the

had a reputation as an intense researcher,

often ahead of others in identifying im-

portant physics problems and always

league made the discovery that even-

tually earned him the Nobel aecolade.

dicted the existence of neutrinos, vir-

tually massless subatomic particles that

move through space and matter with so

few interactions that their existence was

This was how Mr. Reines and a col-

In the early 1930s, physicists pre-

emeritus in physics. The university said

he died after a long illness.

relentless in solving them.

What did not break apart on impact

U.S. defense officials also scoffed at

The officials suggested that the

based in Washington.

impact, he said.

an intelligence windfall.

The Pakistani sources noted with

hope to acquire cruise missiles.

lacks, the official said.

'A Jackpot'

resident of the Kimbanseke suburb of Kinsbasa said

Outside Kinshasa, rebels who hold the Inga hydroelectric dam supplying power to the city and elsewhere have threatened to blow it up unless they are given safe passage, an Angolan Army officer re-cently returned from the area said.

President Robert Mugabe of Zimb-

abwe has been President Laurent Kabila's staunchest supporter throughout the rebellion that began four weeks ago.

Mr. Mugabe originally sent just 600 special forces troops to belp the be-leagured Congolese Army, which was falling back on all fronts.

But on Friday, the Zimbabwe Independent newspaper said the original contingent had been beefed up to 2,800 soldiers, with another 2,200 specialized

Rebels claim to have killed at least 50 bellion. Both countries deny it. But Tanzania that large numbers of refugees imbabwean troops, and Mr. Mugabe Rwanda has accused Mr. Kabila of plot-believed to bave been former members Zimbabwean troops, and Mr. Mugabe has been heavily criticized at home for entering the war that now involves at least seven countries.

Zimbabwean military sources said on Thursday they had killed, wounded or captured 4,000 of the estimated 8,000 rebels - mostly Ugandans and

Angolan troops and armor also joined the war on the government side, at-tacking the rebel rear southwest of Kinshasa, cutting their supply lines and choking off a full-scale attack on the

city.
Mr. Kabila, who ousted the veteran dietator Mobilian Sese Seko in May last year with the help of Rwanda and Uganda, has turned on his former allies and accused them of fomenting the re-

ting genocide of the Tutsi, and both countries have warned that they will enter the fray to protect their national

On Friday, Uganda, which has troops stationed on Congolese territory to patrol its western border with the former Zaire, said those troops had been har-assed by government forces.

There have been unconfirmed reports that troops from the Tutsi-dominated Burundian Army have been fighting on the rebel side. The rebellion started in the eastern

part of the Congo when Mr. Kabila ordered all Rwandan troops to leave the country. The rebeis claim to control most of the east and center.

United Nations aid officials said in

of Mr. Mobum's army who fled when Mr. Kabila came to power had suddenly disappeared from refugee camps in the

north of the country.

"Apparently, they have been disappearing from the camps and we unpearing from the camps and the the derstand they are going back to the Congo," one UN official said.

But in the eastern Congo city of Goma, where the rebels have set up their headquarters, locals residents are less than enthusiastic about the rebel-

"They say they want to liberate us, but liberate us from what?" said one roadside cigarette seller. "We know Kabila made some mistakes, but we should correct them and move on. You can't just chase him out like a dog."

Pakistan Leader Seeks

Mr. Sharif said a constitutional amendment would be proposed to establish the predominance of the Koran, the sacred book of Muslims, and Sunnah, the sayings of the

The prime minister, who has been under attack from Islamic parties since the U.S. missile strikes in Afghanistan on Aug. 20, said that after nearly two years in power he had concluded that the ills of Pakistani society could not be remedied without recourse to the enforcement of Islamic law.

"I am responsible to the people who elected me," he said, and I have to strike at the root of the outdated, rotten system."

But he said the amendment would protect the "personal," or civil, law and the religious freedom of non-Muslim minorities in the country, where the existing legal system is a mixture of Islamic law and British jurisprudence

during his first tenure as prime minister. But a law to that effect was softened because of opposition objections.

the recent defection of some of his allies.

To Institute Islamic Law

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan — Prime Minister Mian Nawaz Sharif said Friday that he planned to try again to make Islam the supreme law of Pakistan.

Prophet Mohammed.

Mr. Sharif declared Islamic law to be supreme in 1991,

A constitutional amendment requires the approval of two-thirds of the members of Parliament. Mr. Sharif has the support of two-thirds of the National Assembly. But the situation is unclear in the upper house, or Senate, following

Pakistani supporters of a Muslim youth organization chanting anti-American slogans
Friday in Karachi as part of a wave of protests against the U.S. air strikes in Afghanistan.

Method Carbon of Some of ms aines.

Political rivals derided his proposal. "This is a cheap popularity measure," said Khurshid Ali Shah, the deputy opposition leader in the National Assembly. (Reuters, AFP)

A 2d Suspect Is Charged in Kenya Blast

The Associated Press

NEW YORK - Mohammed Saddiq Odeb was charged with murder in connection with his role in the Aug. 7 bornbing of the U.S. Embassy in Nairobi, officials said bere Friday.

The charges were filed one day count indictment against another suspect in the bombing, Mohammed Rashed Daoud Owhali. also known as Khalid Salim Saleh bin Rashed. A total of 258 people were killed in the bombing, the FBI says, including 12 Americans.

Mr. Odeh, a Palestinian, is considered to be the mastermind of the car-bomh attack, sources in Nairobi say. He faces one count of murder for each U.S. victim, one count of conspiracy and a count of conspiring to use a weapon of mass destruction, according to the charges filed in federal court in New York.

Mr. Odeh has denied any direct involvement in the hlast. But he reportedly has admitted "full responsibility" as a member of the group that planned the attack.

U.S. authorities say that Mr. Odeh joined the terrorist network of Osama bin Laden, a millionaire Saudi dissident, in 1992. In 1994, Mr. Odeh reportedly moved to Mombasa, Kenya, to manage a fishing plant run by the network.
Arrested in Karachi, Pakistan, on

Aug. 7, Mr. Odeh was taken to Nairobi, reportedly after having told Pakistani authorities that he had planned the attack in Nairobi and another on the same day on the U.S. Embassy in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, in which 11 people were killed.

Mr. Owhali, a Yemeni national reportedly also has links to Mr. hin Laden. Charges were filed in New York because Mr. bin Laden has been the focus of a grand jury investigation here since the 1993 bombing of the World Trade Center.

Frederick Reines, Nobel Laureate, Dies

nuclear reactions in the sun and in ex-

ploding stars despaired of ever discov-

In 1951, while at Los Alamos Scientific

Laboratory in New Mexico, Mr. Reines

decided to try the seemingly impossible:

nuclear reactor to produce neutrinos and

a tank of water as the agent of detection.

The impacts of neutrinos coming from

the reactor produced flashes of light in

recorded and reported in 1956. Scientists

were surprised that it took the Nobel

Prize committee until 1995 to recognize

the discovery. At the time, Myron Bander

of Irvine said the nentrino discovery was

'a keystone to our understanding of ele-

Eddie Shipstad, 91, a Creator

theorists who predicted that such ghost- early that a little fancy skating would the Follies for \$3.5 million in 1954.

Of Ice-Skating Extravanganzas

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Eddie Shipstad, 91, a

mentary particle physics."

detect s neutrino. It was typical of him.

ering their traces.

father of neutrino physics, Mr. Reines the water tanks, which the two scientists

thought to be beyond detection. The onetime Minnesota rink rat who learned

like particles probably originate in attract a crowd on the ponds of St. Paul.

Working with Clyde Cowan, a Los stad his friend, Oscar Johnson, had been

Alamos colleague, Mr. Reines used a giving impromptu performances on

2 Dissidents Given Amnesty in Vietnam Benefiting From Mass Release for National Day, Both Will Leave for U.S.

Compiled by Our Staff From Disposches

HANOI - Vietnam said Friday that two of the country's best-known dis-sidents would be released from prison in a sweeping amnesty for over 5,000 pris-

The two men are Doan Viet Hoat, who is 55, and Nguyen Dan Que, who is in his

A U.S. diplomat said that the two men would emigrate to the United States. The amnesty celebrates Vietnam's national day.

The U.S. ambassador, Pete Peterson, said that some Americans would also be released in the amnesty. A number of U.S. citizens are serving

time in Vietnam for criminal offenses. A spokesman for the Prisons Management Department of the Police Ministry said that the prisoners would be freed before the national holiday, which is Wednesday.

One source said that five other leading dissidents might be freed and allowed to leave the country.

He said that three might go to the United States and the other two to France and the Netherlands.

Mr. Hoat, a writer and journalist, was detained in 1990 and sentenced three years later to 15 years in prison for attempting to overthrow the govern-Mr. Hoat had written for an under-

ground publication called Freedom Forum. That publication called for a multiparty system and the abolition of the Communist Party. In June, Mr. Hoat was given the

Golden Pen of Freedom award by the

World Association of Newspapers. which represents 15,000 publications around the globe. In response, Hanoi called Mr. Hoat a

delinquent and said the award was a

Dr. Que, a physician, was arrested in 1990 and sentenced in 1991 to 20 years in prison for engaging in subversive

then made a fortune proving that a lot of

fancy skating would draw throngs across

the country, died Ang. 20 at his home in

Los Angeles. He was a founder of the

Shipstad and Johnson Ice Follies, the first

frozen Minnesota rivers and ponds,

sometimes attracting so many fans that

the police would be concerned that the

audience would plunge through the ice.

tracted such local renown that they were

hired to perform at St. Paul hockey

games, which led to a five-year stint at

Madison Square Garden in New York.

Johnson recruited other skaters in 1935

to put on a show in St. Paul that became

the model for the Follies the next year.

when the partners declined to form a

second company, arena managers

spurred the creation of copycat rival, the

Ice Capades, in 1940. The partners sold

The Follies were such a success that

Mr. Shipstad, his brother Roy and Mr.

By the late 1920s the pair had at-

Since they were children, Mr. Ship-

of the extravaganzas on ice.

Human rights organizations and some

Western governments have regularly raised the cases of Mr. Hoat and Dr. Que said, inmates were required to have served at least one-third of their senwith the Vietnamese government. Their cases were cited in a resolution tences, or 12 years in the case of a life

The resolution called for their convictions to be quashed. Vietnam's Communist Party main- prison. tains a monopoly on power and rarely tolerates political dissent, despite the eligible unless their sentences had

Nguyen Canh Dinh, the chairman of Vietnam's presidential office, said that who are being given complete amnesty no one was imprisoned in the country for and another 53 who, in effect, are being

political or religious beliefs. The U.S. State Department charged in

January that there were about 200 political prisoners in Vietnam.

Mr. Dinh said Vietnam was freeing 5.219 criminals because they had behaved well during their incarceration.

on July 16 by the European Parliament. semence. He said he did not know the longest time that any of the convicts had spent itt-

To qualify for the amnesty, Mr. Dinh

adoption of economic reforms in the late already been commuted to life imprisonment.

Those being released include 5.166 paroled.

Vietnam proclaimed two other mass amnesties in this decade, in 1993 and 1995, but the number of convicts being freed this time was by far the largest of the three, according to Mr. Dinh.

(Reuters, AP, AFP)

BRIEFLY

Pakistani Calls Off Talks With Indian

ISLAMABAD - Pakistan said Friday that Prime Minister Mian Nawaz Sharif will not attend a Nonaligned Movement summit meeting next week in South Africa, where he was to have met with Prime Minister Anal Behari Vajpayee of India. A Foreign Ministry statement

cited unspecified "pressing engagements at home" for the cancellation of Mr. Sharif's trip to Durban, and said the new foreign minister, Sartaj Aziz, would head the Pakistani delegation.

The two prime ministers were to discuss reviving peace talks between their countries. (Reuters)

Indonesia Suspect Heads for Mecca

JAKARTA — Prabowo Subi-anto, a former Indonesian major general relieved of his command over his alleged role in the abduction and torture of democracy activists, left the country on a pilgrimage to Mecca, a military spokesman said. General Prabowo met his wife — Siri Hediati Prabowo, a daughter of

Siti Hediati Prabowo, a daughter of former President Suharto - in Singapore this week and then flew on to Mecca for a minor form of the hajj, the Muslim pilgrimage, a mil-itary officer close to General. Prabowo's family said. No date has

been set for his return. You know he was dismissed from his post, so he's no longer an active army man," said Lieutenant Colonel Saragih, an army spokes-man said. "He's a civilian, he has a valid passport and he's free to travel." (Bloomberg)

Dangerous Water Persists in Sydney

SYDNEY - Sydney's water contamination crisis - its second in a month - worsened Friday, with authorities extending health warnings and urging residents to boil tap

water before drinking it.

Test results have varied widely, with extremely high levels of the dangerous parasites cryptospondium and giardia detected late Thursday.

Health warnings will not be lifted until a series of tests shows the water is safe.

(AP)

China Assails U.S. On Taiwan Arms

BEUING — China has de-nounced U.S. plans to sell missiles and anti-submarine torpedoes worth Friday that such moves would sabotage peaceful reunification between the two longtime rivals slowing improving relations.

"We demand the U.S. government strictly abide by the Aug. 17 China-U.S. communiqué," a For-

eign Ministry spokesman said.
The U.S. Defense Department said Thursday that the United States . planned to sell \$350 million in missiles and anti-submarine torpedoes to Taiwan. (Reuters).

South Africa to Release Suspect in Planet Hollywood Bombing

CAPE TOWN - The police on Friday began bunting anew for the bombers of the Planet Hollywood restaurant, saying they would release a detained South African Muslim because of lack of ev-

After more than 24 hours of inter-

hlast on Tuesday evening that killed one person and injured 27 others.

they had incorrect travel documents for hombings against drug dealers.

rogation, officers said they had failed to their flight to Egypt were dropped. There turn np anything to link the man to the have been no other arrests. All three, who were arrested after an'

anonymous tip, are members of a Two women arrested with the man at Muslim-dominated vigilante group. Cape Town's airport on Thursday were People Against Gangsterism and Drugs. released earlier Friday. Charges that which police suspect is behind a wave of

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Russia in Crisis, but No Red Lights Flash in U.S. as Vacations Get Priority

way affected the workings of government.

curiously detached from the ebb and flow of

and hope none of this muck rubs off on you," a State Department official said. "It is not an

atmosphere conducive to good staff morale or in

"You put your head down, stay in your corner

By R.W. Apple Jr.
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - When Russia was the heartland of what Ronald Reagan called the "Evil Empire," bent on spreading communist dogma and power around the globe, the United States developed economic, military and diplomatic weapons to contain and eventually to help eliminate the danger.

Now Russia once again constitutes a threat to the rest of the world. Its inability to manage its economy has destabilized stock and currency markets from Moscow to Wall Street.

The government itself is tottering, raising the possibility that Russia might abandon its ill-starred

experiment with democracy and return to its cenries-old medition of authoritarian leadership And, of course, Russia is a nation that still maintains an enormous nuclear arsenal.

But there was no emergency mobilization in Washington, no metaphorical red light flashing at the White House, no public sense that the United ington, Paris, London and Bonn become ghost States must take argent steps to protect the interests of the industrialized nations.

Secretary of State Madeleine Albright made

only the briefest of comments, in an informal setting. The national security adviser, Samnel Berger, held a news conference in which he answered a number of questions about Russia, but the announced topic of the session was ano-American terrorism in Africa.

Neither President Bill Clinton, who was making a speech in Worcester, Massachusetts, about crime, nor Treasury Secretary Robert Rubin, who was fishing in the West, dropped everything to rush back to Washington.

Indeed, Mr. Clinton seemed a ANALYSIS bit at sea when reporters called that Russian President Boris Yeltsin might resign

Vice President Al Gore was also out of town,

as were most members of Congress. That is not the way it was whenever the Cold Var heated up.
It is true that the Russian meltdown had the

impertinence to occur in Angust, when Washwns, with politicians and hureaucrats taking to the hills or sunning by the seashore.

One larger truth in Washington is that in the from his vacation on Martha's Vineyard, Mas-

orgent necessity to repair relacionships with his wife and daughter and to rebuild his own political standing.

Otherwise it is hard to believe that be would not have felt compelled to return to Washington

War crises, there is not all that much the United States can do. A second larger truth is the Monica Lewinsky matter.

As it happens, Mr. Yeltsin has been as badly weakened as Mr. Clinton has by recent events. Which raises the question: In that situation, is there any real point in carrying on with the summit conference scheduled for next week? For the record, the Clinton administration has steadfastly denied, like all administrations rocked by scandal, that the Lewinsky scandal has in any A number of Russian scholars said they But individual government officials, high and doubted anything could be accomplished. But the low, tell a different story. For a month now, they
— and indeed much of Washington — have been

Arms Control Association president, Spurgeon Keeny, suggested that the meeting could provide "for these two presidents, who are hanging on the ropes, a unique opportunity to demonstrate to their countries and to the world that they retain the power of presidential leadership."

If so, that would be most welcome to Mr.

Clinton, and not only because it would take people's minds off his sexual misadventures.

creative policy-making."

Mr. Clinton's mind is focused, his aides have Mr. Clinton and his aides have had to cope in recent weeks with a whole spectrum of frus-traing issues where the United States, though by no means bereft of clout, lacks easy answers. Huff and puff as it might, Washington is no implied, not so much on affairs of state as on the closer today than it was a year ago to ridding Iraq

of weapons of mass destruction. For all the allied promises to end ethnic cleans-

sachuseus, to show that he was engaged in the Russian problem, however limited his options. incasures did not prevent the sickening explosion outside the U.S. embassies in Kenya and Tanzania this month.

Circumstances differ from case to case, of course. In some situations, building or maintaining alliances has proved difficult.

In others, the United States has tried to work through international organizations whose attempted solutions failed. In still others, existing problems have been compounded by errors or

eptitude in U.S. policy.
But whatever the specifics, the new reality economic crises in Asia and Russia, nasty local wars, often fueled by generations of harred, and attacks by terrorists — have proved a lot more difficult to bandle than seemed likely in the euphoria at the Cold War's end.

It is, of course, a richly paradoxical situadon: Helped by its allies, the United States wins the Cold War, develops an economy of unprecedented producovity and emerges as the world's only superpower, yet finds itself less powerful than before, not more so — if power is measured in terms of capacity to influence the course of

No Clinton Gifts for Yeltsin During Visit

U.S., Looking Ahead to a New Leader, Puts Stress on Structural Reforms

By John M. Broder and Steven Erlanger New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - With Russia in economic free fall, and only three days Libefore a planned summit meeting between President Bill Clinton and President Boris Yeltsin, it appears that Mr.
Clinton will go to Moscow with words of concouragement but no new aid money.

"We will not bit the ground with of ricks," a senior official said.
The national security adviser, S

U.S. officials were hastily rewriting the summit meeting script even as they scriming the summit meeting script even as they scriming to devise a longer-range plan to prepare for the possibility of a Russia allies.

creating policies for a new Russia, but and his acting prime minister, Viktor the United States seemed to be watching Chernomyrdin, to continue on the path the events from the sidelines and with of economic reform laid out by the prea hesitation that contrasted with vious government of Sergei Kiriyenko, the quickly offered monetary aid and whom Mr. Yeltsin dismissed. statements of assurance that have met

provide beyond what the International Monetary Fund has already pledged and that Mr. Clinton has already said so to

'We will not bit the ground with a bag The national security adviser, Samuel Berger, repeated the administration's

without Mr. Yeltsin, who has been the favored focus of U.S. policy for years.

The Clinton administration talked of Mr. Berger urged the Russian president.

"I think the composition of the gov-

CHERNOMYRDIN: Can He Pull It Off?

Continued from Page 1

longer-term presidential ambitions -Mr. Chemomyrdin would like to be approved overwhelming by Parliament and on the first vote.

'That suggests that he is ready to trade government posts for parliamentary votes. President Boris Yelisin has given Mr. Chernomyrdin enormous latitude in forming his government. As the newspaper Izvestia put in a headline, "Yeltsin Yields Power."

But it is not just a matter of jobs or confirmation votes. The Communist opposition is also looking for more left- was negotiated in July, and Mr. Yeltsin to the Duma, to fix the problems leaning economic policies. As Gennadi Chemomyrdin wants to make sure that and ensure that foreigners get a fair Seleznyov, a Communist who is the speaker of Parliament, put it, "If Chemomyrdin recognizes our anti-crisis program and decides to implement it, his

1996 presidential election campaign, some of Mr. Yeltsin's leading financial ackers became so fearful that the Communists might win that they issued an open letter calling for an accommodation between Mr. Yeltsin and Gennadi Zyuganov, the Communist challenger.

Boris Berezovsky, the tycoon who helped mastermind Mr. Chernomyrdin's return to power, was among the group. But extricating Russia from its current crisis - or at least limiting the damage will also require decisions that irritate

the Communist opposition.
Under Mr. Chernomyrdin, Russia must control the money supply to fight inflacion, husband the government's dwindling resources by limiting subsidies to failing banks and reassure for-

eign investors. So far, Mr. Chemomyrdin has straddled the fence. He has talked about continuing the march toward a free market. But he has also echoed some of the Communists' favorite slogans.

He said, for instance, that he would change "industrial policy, because by purely monetarist measures, we will not — ve pull Russia out of the crisis." That was a likely. sop toward the Communist demands that the Kremlin print more money and use government credits to prop up ailing

But even as Mr. Chernomyrdin was trying to stroke the Communists, he rushed off to the Crimea for a meeting with Michel Camdessus, the managing director of the International Monetary.

joined by Boris Fyodorov, the blunt- handling the economics," he said. U.S. citizen, be would be a Republican.

Neither the IMF nor average Russians make tough decisions on collecting taxes, cutting the budget deficit and sav-

ing the banking system. In the meantime, the appointments to the Chemomyrdin team will give some indication of where he is headed.

Seeking to take advantage of Mr. Chernomyrdin's willingness to compro-mise, the Communists have demanded at least 10 of the top posts, including those involved in overseeing finance and in-

But the industrial barons who backed Mr. Chernomyrdin have their eye on these jobs as well.

And there is also Mr. Chernomyrdin's own party, Our Home is Russia, which believes that it should dominate the upper rungs of power and is the second largest party in Parliament after the

earlier, less serious, crises in Russia. emment is obviously for the Russians to U.S. officials say that they have no decide," Mr. Berger said during a briefnew answers to Russia's political and financial crises and no new money to Ang. 7 embassy bombings in Africa. ing on the arrest of two suspects in the Aug. 7 embassy bombings in Africa. "What we were — what we are con-

cerned about and would be - are extremely interested in is the policy direction that the new government takes,'

"Does the new government stay essentially on course with respect to economic reform and with respect to democracy, or does it change course? If it changed course in any kind of fundamental way, that would be of serious concern to us."

Mr. Clinton spoke with the British prime minister, Tony Blair, late Thursday about the Russian crisis and Mr. Clinton's visit to Ireland and Northern Ireland next week, immediately follow-

ing his two days in Moscow.

The two leaders agreed that continued economic reform in Russia is "vital," a British spokeswoman said.

Also unclear is whether the IMF will deliver the next \$4.3 billion payment of a loan package, due Sept. 15.
It depends on Russian legislative ac-

tion to alter the tax and pension systems - votes that look increasingly un-The Duma, the lower house of Par-

liament, must first confirm Mr. Chemomyrdin as prime minister, and the debate could be contentious and long.
"We cannot save Russia, only Russia can do that," a senior official said.

"The president can't calm the mar-kets," he added. "The markets will be Fund. The IMF has given Russia a small. affected only by clear evidence of Ruspart of the \$17 billion rescue bailout that sian seriousness of purpose, from

the money keeps flowing.

Mr. Chemomyrdin was not accompanied by a Communist deputy. He was discussion of the political imperatives of "But Clinton can engage Yeltsin in a

appointment will be approved." spoken economic aide who is also s the Senior U.S. officials, in a sign that Mr. Yeltsin's appearance followed a This is not the first time that Mr. nation's chief tax collector. Mr. Fyodorov they believe the Yeltsin era may be day of high-profile meetings in the Chemomyrdin's allies have flirted with is a staunch advocate of the free market nearing its end, see the summit meeting the idea of coalition rule. During the and has told associates that if he were a as a way to begin to build bridges to the next generation of Russian leaders.

Mr. Clinton's main public address of will know exactly where Mr. the two-day event — a speech Tuesday Chernomyrdin stands until he begins to to students and young business leaders to students and young business leaders - is an explicit effort to speak over the heads of current leaders to the Russian

> Mr. Clinton will speak about the evolving relationship between the countries and offer sympathy for the pain of the transformation Russia is suffering

through, according to an official in-volved in preparations for the event. On Wednesday, Mr. Clinton is sched-uled to meet a dozen or more Parliament and regional leaders, another effort to engage with a new generation of leaders not tainted by the Communist era or the difficult transitional years of Mr. Yelt-

Critics of U.S. policy in the United States and in Russia have often questioned what they call Mr. Clinton's too close relationship with Mr. Yeltsin, ignoring other potential leaders.



Russian miners banging their helmets during a protest demonstration Friday in Moscow over unpaid wages.

YELTSIN: Responding to Crisis, Russian Vows on TV Not to Quit

Continued from Page 1

Smolensky, one of the leading Russian business magnates, who had hoped to build a nadonwide private retail banking network. But his hank came into serious financial difficulties even before the devaluation of the ruble.

In addition, a major brokerage honse, Brunswick Warburg, issued a statement warning that Russia could default on sovereign debt such as Eurobonds.

This would have further global financial repercussions beyond the turmoil already caused hy Russia's decision to pay only about 20 cents on the dollar on its short-term internal debt.

Kremlin that also appeared designed to demonstrate his vitality

He met with Deputy Secretary of State Strobe Talbott to discuss the summit meeting next week here with Mr. Clinton, and also met jointly with three lead-ing politicians, Mr. Chernomyrdin, Mayor Yuri Luzhkov of Moscow and Yegor Stroyev, chairman of the upper

house of Parliament. Mr. Chernomyrdin devoted the day to soothing members of Parliament, who are expected to vote Monday on whether

to confirm him as prime minister. Mr. Yeltsin reappointed him to the post after dismissing Sergei Kiriyenko, who had served only five months, as the economic firestorm erupted.

In an hid to belp win Mr. Cherno-myrdin's confirmation. Mr. Yeltsin said he would not dissolve Parliament, a promise that could have an significant

impact on bow the chamber votes. Dominated by Communists and na-tionalists, the Duma has often feared whose indispensable bulwark in their dissolution; the current members are not up for election until December 1999.

timidate me," Mr. Yeltsin said, "I am not going to dissolve it."

If the Parliament rejects Mr. Yeltsin's choice three times, he has the right to disband it and call new elections. Separately, Mr. Chernomyrdin and Kremlin officials have been negotiating

two agreements with the lower house. which are linked to the upcoming vote. One is a statement of economic policy, the other is a proposed powersharing deal that would give the Par-

liament significantly increased prerogatives and limit Mr. Yeltsin's powers. Under the 1993 consolution, Mr. Yeltsin has broad authority and the Par-

hament few levers of power. the negotiations. After meeting with leg- of debts and wage arrears was created. islative leaders Friday night, Alexander were good for an agreement Monday oons.

"No matter how hard they try to in- that would clear the way for Mr. Chernomyrdin's confirmation.

The economic agreement says that the new government will inject more money into the economy, impose currency controls in prevent capital flight and create more state regulation of the economy, including possibly nationalization of some defense industrial plants.

But there is a growing consensus be-hind one aspect of the plan, to print more money, despite the risks of inflation.

Russia followed a tight monetary and fiscal policy in recent years — initially to quell hyperinflation of the first post-

The harsh medicine did bring down inflacion but also led to demonetization of There were conflicting reports about the economy, and as inflation fell, a web

For several years, companies and Shokhin, a leader of Mr. Chernomyr- workers have relied on crude barter din's bloc in Parliament, said prospects rather than money for many transac-

EUROPE: Russia Urged to Push Reforms

Continued from Page 1

Western help will not work. "It won't be possible to mobilize German and internacional aid without reforms," said Chancellor Helmut Kohl of

Germany. "Without sensible reforms, it won't turn out well." European officials tried to reassure investors in their own financial markets that the Russian economy is ton small for a collapse to do serious damage to their

own much larger economies. The real concern of European leaders

eves has been Mr. Yeltsin. Now, with his authority uncertain and his new government's commitment to the kind of economic reform that Western leaders consider necessary in donbt, some are beginning to wonder where the

still powerful Russian Army stands. The British prime minister, Tony Blair, talked about the crisis Thursday with President Bill Clinton, who plans in visit Russia next week, and officials in London said they had agreed on what Russia needed to do to get out of the

'The program and plan that has been put together over a long period of time by the internacional inscitucions does genuinely offer the only way out of his," Mr. Blair said during a visit to

Scotland. The German finance minister, Theo Waigel, said in Munich: "Russia needs, like any other country, to work closely with international financial insotucions, but Russia must solve its own prob-

He said that Bonn and Paris would work together to try to help but stressed that bilateral financial aid to Moscow from Germany, which has lent or donated tens of billions of dollars in gratitude for Russian agreement to German unification in 1990, was "out of the

As reports from Russia indicated that Mr. Chernomyrdin might be preparing to strengthen state control of the economy and let inflation resume, authorioes in Bonn and Paris expressed concern about economic and policical develop-

"The finance ministers agree it is vital to strengthen the foundations of public finances with a fair tax system and in the financial system," the German Finance Ministry said.

"It is also decisive that the Russian central bank is able to pursue an independent, stability-oriented monetary

Mr. Waigel told the German financial daily Handelshlatt: "Turning up the printing presses is never a wise solution. Inflation is no way to escape the financial crisis. There is no way around rapid implementation of structural reforms.

The French finance minister, Dominique Strauss-Kahn, said Friday: "It is clear that the solution is in the hands of the Russian government.

We appreciate that financial assistance from us is necessary but not sufficient. In particular, the Russian government has to put fiscal reforms in

With Chancellor Kohl in the fight of his life for re-election a month from now and with Mr. Clinton and Mr. Yeltsin both seen in weakened poliocal posioons, few bere see much chance of quick, decisive action, even during the U.S.-Russian summit meeting next week. French officials, just returning from

their annual August vacations, said something needed in be done in reinforce the IMF, which agreed on a \$22.6-hillion rescue package to Russia last month. Much of that amount was spent by the

Russian central bank in a failed attempt in defend the value of ruble. Mr. Chirac, in a speech to French

ambassadors from around the world, said Wednesday that the Fund needed a decision-making poliocal body at the ministerial level to strengthen its ability to deal with crises.

Internacional aid would succeed, he said, only "if the necessary internal reforms supported by Mr. Yeltsin are resolutely put into effect hy the new goverament of Mr. Chemomyrdin."

Some economists wondered openly why the G-7 countries, led by the United States, had not taken a more active role

in managing the crisis.

'For too long, Russia has been pretending to observe the conditions imposed by the IMF, and the IMF bas been pretending that it was doing so," Chrisoan de Boissieu, an economics professor at the Sorbonne, told the French daily Le

Monde. 'The G-7 should take over,' he said. Others have asked why the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development in London, founded after the coladopt measures to restore the stability of lapse of communism to help free market economies to emerge, has not played a more prominent role in this latest crisis.

KOHL: Chancellor Meets Hostility in East

Continued from Page 1 "Many people in the East feel cheated and think Kohl has treated them like second-class citizens.'

ing to surrender Eastern votes because they could prove decisive in determining the ontcome of what promises to be a Unlike many West Germans, who

have long-standing party loyalties, elec-

The chancellor, however, is not will-

Dissident's Prison Term Protested in Havana

HAVANA - A small but rowdy demonstration took place just outside a Havana courtroom Friday after a Cuban dissident was given a three-year prison sentence for "spreading false informa-

Relatives and sympathizers chanted "Freedom!" while others called for the ouster of President Fidel Castro after Reinaldo Alfaro Garcia, 37, was taken

from the courtroom by the police.

The crowd of several dozen people demonstrated for more than five minutes in front of some foreign reporters and plomatic observers before they were drowned out by a larger crowd that

chanted ''Long tive Fidel!'' Carmen Landa, a teacher who paro'cipated in the anti-government demonstration, said she feared reprisals.

toral analysts say the Easterners' brief exposure to democracy has made them floating voters who waver until the moment they cast their ballot.

Mr. Kohl acknowledged that West Germans have not been sensitive enough to the plight of their Eastern cousins, many of whom lost all hope of employment when their factories were shut down because they could not withstand the harsh competition in a free market. But he insisted that the balance sheet

of German unity was unquestionably positive. "Thanks to my government, you now have the most modern telephone system in the world. You have new cars and good roads, and most of all you are free from the red and brown dictatorships of the past," Mr. Kohl told his crowd of skeptics, alinding to the Communist and Nazi regimes that kept them suppressed

during much of this century.

"What about our finture? What hope do we have to find jobs?" shouted a the year 2000.

Defense Minister Volker Ruche, have stepped out of the shadows and started

young female heckler Mr. Kohl endured the disruptions with aplomb as he pressed his case that his

Mr. Kohl has been dogged by questions about whether he truly intends to serve out a fifth term. His anointed successor, Wolfgang liamentary leader.
Schaenble, the Christian Democrats' Sensing that Mr. Kohl's problems to could signal the end of the road for the



Theo Waigel, the German finance minister and head of the Christian Social Union, addressing delegates at the party's convention Friday in Munich.

Mr. Schaenhle's pretensions to the throne have caused a furor in the camp of the Christian Social Union, the Bavarian

deputy.

'As far as we are concerned, this chancellor does not carry an expiration general election. date," said Michael Glos, the CSU par-

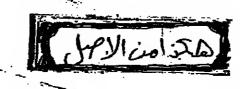
asserting their own ambitions even at the risk of undercutting Mr. Kohl's stature. Such disarray has provided comfort to government needed more time to create sister party of Christian Democrats, who a new generation of jobs in the changing harbor an abiding distrust of Mr. Kohl's now believes be is assured of becoming the first challenger in postwar Germany to unseat an incumbent chancellor in a

"At a time when we need a strong government, this coalidon is failing and fighting among itself," said Mr. Schroeder, making no effort to conceal country's most popular poliocian, has not been shy about his own ambitions.

He indicated this week that Mr. Kohl

man who has ruled their party with an iron fist for a quarter century, other prominent Christian Democrats, notably own party."

We are witnessing the merical distribution of Helman Kohl by his own party.



EDITORIALS/OPINION

Flight to Quality

Panics are never pretty, and the one that has been going on in financial markets around the world is to exception. In virtually every stock market, prices fell sharply on Thursday.

In recent years, plunges in world markets have often been halted in the United States, where individual investors have stepped in to bny because they were confident that stock prices would rebound. It appears that they have been less eager to do so this summer, although there is no indication that there has been a lot of selling by such investors.

While the immediate cause of the panic is the default and financial chaos in Russia, it also comes at a time of growing economic weakness around the world. Recessions in Asia appear to be getting worse, and while the U.S. economy has continued to grow, the government reported on Thursday that after-tax corporate profits were down in the second quarter from the same period a year ago. That is the first such

decline since 1989, just before the country's last recession.

Over the past year there has been a gradual increase in concern among investors, which has shown itself in a flight to quality. The most established economies, in the United States and Western Europe, have until recently seen the prices of their biggest stocks rise, while shares of smaller companies did less well and other stock markets suffered. Now that flight to quality has turned into a stampede, and all stock markets look suspect to investors, while

Whatever investors do in coming days, the important question is what will happen to the world's economies. Preventing a worldwide downturn will require a revitalized IMF, and may require the Federal Reserve to reduce shortterm interest rates in the United States. despite its worries about inflation. With commodity prices at a 21-year low, inflation is not the major concern now. -THE NEW YORK TIMES.

only the safest bonds seem attractive.

Letting Saddam Win

Twenty-three days have now passed without United Nations inspections of Saddam Hussein's weapons-making capabilities. That is 23 days during which be could work unimpeded to develop chemical, biological and nuclear arms. This is a dictator who has used chemical weapons, on his own people and on his enemies, and who would use them again.

Yet his defiance of the United States and the United Nations goes unchallenged. This week one of the most tenacious UN inspectors, Scott Ritter, resigned rather than participate in what be called "the illusion of arms control." For most of a year, we oow know, the Clintoo administration has been working to rein in the inspectors.

The United States, in other words, has abandoned a policy, in place since the end of the Gulf War, of insisting on aggressive arms inspections to deny lrag's dictator his weapons of mass destruction. The new policy, although the administration will not openly acknowledge it, seems to be one of deterrence and containment. As Defense Secretary William Cohen said, if Saddam Hussein "takes any action to reconstitute his weapons of mass destruction, or disrupts the stability or peace in the region," the United States

reserves the right to use force. The search for a new policy, after last winter's standoff, is understandable. Few analysts inside or outside the U.S. government then were sanguine about the ability to achieve U.S. goals through the use of force. Allied support new policy evitably raises questions. Without inspections, can the United States know when Saddam is "reconstituting his weapons of mass destructioo'"? The record is highly discouraging in this regard. Does not Saddam's victory over the United Nations, and his ability now to rebuild his arsenal, send a message to

oeighbors and others that in itself "dis-

rupts the stability" of the region? And if he now manages to acquire ouclear weapons, would U.S. threats really serve to deter, for example, another invasion of Knwait? Deterrence

depends on credibility.

Bill Clintoo provided answers to these questions last February. "What if he fails to comply and we fail to act, or we take some ambiguous third route, which gives him yet more opportu-nities to develop this program of weapons of mass destruction? ... Well, be will conclude that the international community has lost its will. He will then conclude that be can go right oo and do more to rebuild an arsenal of devastating destruction. And some day, some way, I guarantee you be'll use the arsenal.

Six months ago, the administration insisted that Saddam could not wiggle out of an agreement that UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan personally negotiated. This time the international community would certainly rise up in indignation. Yet the U.S. government is using international apathy as an excuse to do oothing, and Mr. Annan seems astonishingly sanguine.

What might the consequences be, in Iraq and around the world, of such appeasement? Back in February, Mr. Clinton had an answer to that question, too. "In this century, we learned through harsh experience that the only answer to aggression and illegal behavior is furnness, determination and, when necessary, action. ... If we fail to respond today, Saddam and all those who would follow in his footsteps will be emboldened tomorrow by the knowledge that they can act with impunity, even in the face of a clear message from the United Nations Security Council and clear evidence of a weapons of mass destruction program."

—THE WASHINGTON POST.

The Sudan Evidence

Americans of both parties rallied own soil samples. Washington has also around President Bill Clintoo's de-had trouble sustaining its original cision to launch military strikes against alleged terrorist installations in Afghanistan and Sudan. But the administration's refusal to share more information about its choice of targets and timing is disturbing. By its excessive secrecy, Washington only increases skepticism about its claim that the Shifa chemical factory in Sudan was really producing nerve gas in-gredients and thus had to be destroyed to prevent new terrorist attacks.

The White House says it has "compelling" evidence, in the form of soil samples, for its claims about the Shifa factory. But until it shares some of that evidence, legitimate questions can be asked about the justifications given for the Sudan attack.

The administration says the soil samples contain EMPTA, a chemical not found in nature and with no known uses outside the manufacture of the deadly nerve gas VX. But Washington will not produce the samples or detailed results of its tests on the soil.

Sudanese anthorities insist that the plant was used to produce pharmaceuticals, noting that the UN sanctions committee had anthorized the Shifa factory to export veterinary medicine to Iraq. Sudan has invited an international mission to come and collect its

had trouble sustaining its original claim of a direct financial link between the Shifa factory and Osama bin Laden, the alleged master terrorist Washingtoo accuses of organizing this month's deadly bombings of the U.S. embassies in Kenya and Tanzania. The administration has repeatedly contended that it had to strike the bases in Afghanistan quickly to bead off new terrorist actions. But it has so far been unable to show any clear connection between the Shifa plant and any specific terrorist plan.

If the plant was not an immediate threat, Washington should bave explored opportunities to resolve the Shifa question by diplomacy before resorting to cruise missile attack. Sudan has previously acceded to U.S. requests, for example by expelling Mr. bin Laden in 1996.

These uncertainties make it imperative that the soil samples, test results and other aspects of the administration's case be more widely shared. If Washington cannot be more forthcoming, it should take up Sudan's offer to let international investigators examine the Shifa site. Nerve gas components like EMPTA are long-lasting. If they were in the soil two months ago, they are probably still there.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES

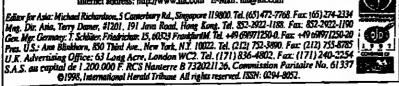
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Chernomyrdin Looks Like Russia's Best Chance

WASHINGTON — Viktor Chernomyrdin's return as prime minister presents the best and perhaps last opportunity to keep the Russian political situation under control and ensure a relatively smooth transition when Boris Yeltsin leaves office.

Mr. Chernomyrdin is not a magician. and he shares responsibility for the country's current chaos. But he realizes that Russia faces a systemic crisis and that political rather than purely financial solutions are essential.

The alternative to his return - retaining Sergei Kiriyenko's government, which lacked any major base of support beyond the erratic President Yeltsin — was a recipe for disaster. For the first time in years, recent Russian opinion polls had begun to indicate a potential social explosion.

The Clintoo administration and the IMF loved the Kiriyenko cabinet's commitment to follow IMF recommendations to maintain the value of the ruble, cnt the federal budget and in-crease tax revenne. But the Kiriyenko government had no chance of deliv-

In the Russian economy, where about 75 percent of transactions are based on barter for which there is as yet no meaningful tax legislation, sending By Dimitri K. Simes

out tax police squads with ski masks and submachine guns could not resolve revenue shortfalls.

In trying to avoid the inevitable de-valuation of the ruble, the Russian central bank wasted some \$3.5 billion of the first \$4.8 billion installment of the IMF's \$22.6 billion July rescue package in only one month.

Russia needs more reform. But for reform to work, it must be undertaken in a systematic manner and address the key requirements for building a genu-ine market economy, including guarantees of property rights, anti-mono-poly legislation, tax reform and tough measures against corruption. To have any credibility, changes this profound cannot be implemented by presidential decrees of questionable legality. They
must be legislated by the Duma.
Critics of the Duma frequently de-

scribe it as dominated by Communists and nationalists. This convenient label is simplistic. The Communists bave the largest faction but are certainly not in control. Vladimir Zhirinovsky's nationalists have lost most of their popular support and have voted with Mr. Yeltsin on most major issues. This is

By William Pfaff

bopeless one, either.

Opinion polls suggest that new elections are unlikely to produce a better Duma. A truly pro-reform government, one that is prepared to be judged on results, has no alternative but to enter into a dialogue with the Duma.

Mr. Kiriyenko and his radical colleagues failed to accept the fundamental fact that in a democracy, treating the elected representatives of the people with contempt will not contribute to the development of a free market environment. Mr. Chernomyrdin understands at least that much.

Dialogue with the defiant Duma is not going to be easy. Mr. Chernomyrdin will need to demonstrate a remarkable combination of backbone and flexibility in his relations with the Duma, the oligarchs, foreign investors and last but not least, Boris Yeltsin, who has a record of being disloyal in defeat and envious of victory.

If the prime minister tries to be all things to all people — or appears to be no more than a surrogate for the oligarchs — his second tenure in office will be a sad and short-lived episode.

For now, however, there is little choice but to give him a chance. This does not mean offering Mos-

oot an ideal Parliament, but it is not a cow more funds. Washington should say it is ready to encourage the IMF to release subsequent installments of the loan without trying to micromanage Russia's reform process. It should insist on transparency, protections for foreign investors and guarantees that the IMF money will not be primarily used, as it has been in the past, to benefit Russia's oligarchs.

Beyond that, the time is long past to put an end to paternalistic obsession with Boris Yeltsin, to accept the fact that Russia is not an American protectorate, and, to the extent that important U.S. interests are not involved, to allow and indeed encourage Russia to make its own decisions. At a minimum, such a policy would protect the United States against backlash in Russia in the event the Yeltsin regime fails.

By placing the responsibility for Russia's future where it should be. squarely within Russia's own political process, America would encourage the Russian people to develop their own indigenous solutions and make clear that they must ultimately be responsible for the consequences.

The writer is president of the Nixon Center. He contributed this comment to The Washington Post.

Keep an Eye on Lebed, Potential Tamer of Anti-Western Reaction

PARIS - Alexander Lebed arrived in Moscow oo Wednesday, amid fiscal collapse and political crisis, to meet the acting prime minister,

Viktor Chernomyrdin. The former general has been used before as a stalking horse by Russian leaders who wanted to borrow his popularity. He has also been dropped by them when his presence became an encumbrance.

Mr. Lebed's successful campaign to become governor of the Krasnoyarsk region is said to have been financed by Boris Berezovsky, one of the oligarchs of the privatized Russian economy, close to Mr. Chernomyrdin. Moscow gossip suggests that when Mr. Chernomyrdin falters, Mr. Berezovsky may "play the Lebed card." However, who really is us-

ing whom in this somber dance, as the Russian economy gins, has until now been ig-

anything but naive. This return to a Moscow in crisis puts him again at the center of events.

Hc is too intelligent not to understand that the system of oligarchs or robber barons bas run aground. He must know that boarding their sinking ship, on their terms, would take him down, too. The demise of the ruble as a

tradable currency means that neither the IMF loans already committed oor new loans from the industrial nations can salvage Russia's financial system. It has to be refounded. The proposal by George Soros that the ruble be linked to

the dollar (or euro) in a versioo of the "currency board" that the economist Steve Hanke has been promoting in Asia, an idea with Keynesian ori-

disintegrates? Mr. Lebed is nored. It should be examined, A re-established currency will have to be protected against destabilizing and selfinterested forces in the globalized financial system. Now functioning largely by barter, Russia has to cut its dependence on imports and restart its agriculture and manufacturing. This will not be achieved with-

> A belief widely held in Russia is that its economic collapse was deliberately engineered by the United States and its allies. This belief is untrue, but it is not unfounded. The advice the West gave Russia was based oo a serious misapprehension of Russian reality, as well as on the credulous assumption that beneficent capitalism is man's natural coodition.

out protectionism.

In the name of deregulation and liberalization of the mar-

ketplace, Russia has instead had its economy looted by a band of well-placed insiders. mostly former functionaries of the Soviet state and economy. These now dominate the media as well as the state, and have moved as much as possible of their wealth to the West.

The fundamental problem now is political. The legal and social institutions and infrastructure of a modern society remain to be created. This canoot be done without dislodging the oligarchs from power.

That can be accomplished only on the basis of legitimacy obtained from popular mandate. The only figure now on the scene who possesses the natural authority and populist appeal likely to win that legitimacy is Mr. Lebed.

In economics he is an unknown quantity. In political terms he has a record. He has demonstrated astuteness and

common sense not only in promoting his own career but in dealing peacefully with a com-plicated situation in Moldova and in settling the disastrous war in Chechnya. He has revealed no dictatorial ambitions, although those cannot be excluded, or may arrive.

There is going to be a na-tionalist and anti-Western reaction. With Mr. Lebed, this will, on current evidence, be a rational and controlled reaction, open to pragmatic dia-logue with the West.

Such a reaction is probably necessary as well as inevitable. The Russians are a richly talented people, educated and skilled, capable of enormous efforts, but after the fiasco of the last nine years they need to reclaim control of what happens to them, and rebuild on their own terms.

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International Herald Tribune. Los Angeles Times Syndicate.

Washington's 'African Policy Lite' Doesn't Do the Job

WASHINGTON — Tur-moil in Central Africa points to the need for realistic deter or check the spread of conflict and protect America's

growing interests in the region. If you listened only to the prose from official Washingtoo, you would miss this point. We are urged to think in terms of an African "renaissance." The White House is at pains to move beyond the basket case stereotypes and accentuate the

positive in Africa.

The declared U.S. role is to engage with African nations as partners, not proxies or pawns, and to help bring them into the global mainstream. Washington is stressing opeo markets as It is promoting democracy and human rights, and trying to strengthen the ability of African countries to resolve their own conflicts. There is merit in some of this rhetorical repositioning.

of do-or-die dimensions.

in American stability.

to business as usual.

hoping that under one president

or another Americans will ex-

peditiously find their way back

Business as usual means get-

ting along, at the most taking

initiatives, at the least muddling

stagoation, most African countries now have growing economies and liberalized political systems. The United States is poised to enjoy the fruits of engagement with a successful

Africa, if such a thing emerges. The problem is that Washington still has not decided how to attain these goals -- and igtiores the bigger problems. State Department officials

speak of the region's "remaining" conflicts as if they were an endangered species. But nearly all of Africa's most important countries — Algeria, Angola, Congo, Ethiopia, Nigeria and a way to forge economic links. Sudan - are caught up in domestic strife or external conflict. The fighting in Congo directly affects conflicts in six neighboring countries, with potentially devastating consequences for the broader African region.

flicts are resolved and some new and reasonably predictable basis

for legitimate order emerges. In this decade, the United States has tried to end conflict and promote democracy in many different ways. It withdrew support from Cold Warera autocrats, such as Mobutu Sese Seko of Zaire and Mohammed Siad Barre of Somalia. and tacitly encouraged their enemies and neighbors to seize power. But, as we are seeing now in Congo, this led to factional strife over the carcass of

the abandoned, "failed" state. In Somalia, which was descending into clan warfare, Washington tried muscular bumanitarian interventioo in the form of UN-authorized peace enforcement. After 18 troops were killed, it spent moch of the

stopped genocidal violence. Instead, in Rwanda, the

United States tried narrowly circumscribed humanitarian action, providing security for refugee camps in eastern Congo. This did nothing but make the problems worse, as Hutu militias, living off and among the refugees, mounted fresh attacks against Rwanda. In the mid-1990s, faced with

recalcitrant, Islamist regime in Sudan engaged in terrorist alliances and a 40-year civil war, Washington encouraged Erinea, Ethiopia and Uganda to coalesce behind rebel movements and offered them token support like radios and boots. This has hardly proved to be a winning strategy, and now Ethiopia and Eritrea, are distracted from the Sudan front by

their own border dispute. U.S. African policy has advocated political reconciliation and negotiated solutions. U.S. envoys have crisscrossed the region when crises erupted. But America has not had a strategic concept beyond supporting good guys. Washington has increasingly encouraged Africans to take the lead, which signals its own reluctance to do so.

Backing "African solu-tions" is fine where they have the possibility of leading to durable and legitimate outcomes. But the "new generation" of leaders in Eritrea, Ethiopia, Uganda, Rwanda, South Africa and Namibia may have sharply

By Chester A. Crocker

Africa is diversifying. From a story of authoritarianism and renaissance unless these con
blocking and sabotaging proposals for robust military action. Little in common apart from in countries like Rwanda, where having gained power through struggle and having an inclination, recklessly winked at by Washington, to ignore established frontiers.

It is not axiomatic that American leadership is appropriate in all cases. But the point is that "African policy lite" isn't working very well. There have been few successes since Namibia, South Africa and Mozambique turned to peace and de-

mocracy earlier in this decade. Goodwill visits and innovative trade initiatives are not enough to assure Africa's economic turnsround. Enhanced stability and vigorous conflict management are prerequisites for a regional renaissance.

It is time to consider how the United States can make sure that all parties—the good, the not so good and the downright awful - take America more scriously and cooperate in making peace.

This will require leading by example, using all of America's considerable diplomatic resources to create a coherent way of controlling conflict. It means using American power to influence America's closest allies and the most venal of its enemies. In the final analysis, the United States should be on its own side, backing its own con-

cepts and principles. The writer, a professor of diplomacy at Georgetown University, is a former U.S. assistant secretary of state for African affairs. He contributed this com-

ment to The New York Times. ...

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1898: Universal Peace

PARIS — [The Herald says in an Editorial: The Tsar has invited a conference of the Powers to discuss the question of universal disarmament. As His Majesty puts it, the preservation of peace is not served by rivalry between the nations in the matter of increasing their armies. The Peace Congress which he invites will be a splendid monument to illustrate his reign. What better promise, indeed, could there be for the opening of another century?

1923: Fatal Dry Law

BOSTON -- Prohibition has had such a deadly effect upon organised labor, according to Mr. Herbert Kenny, counsel for the United Building Trades Council, that union funds have been seriously depleted by sick benefit claims, and accidents have increased in an alarming

manner. Union officials blame the poisonous "boot-leg" whisky, which has killed and maimed so many laborers that the building trades unions in Boston are being demoralised.

1948: Korean Threat SEOUL - The Russian puppet

regime in North Korea, in a broadcast intercepted by the United Sates Army, threatened to "destroy" the elected government in American-occupied South Korea. The broadcast from Pyongyang was the first picked up since the election in North Korea for the Supreme People's Council. It said without elaboration: "We have elected our representatives to the Supreme People's Council to destroy these treacherons trainers. Each of our election cards will turn into bullets to destroy the puppet government of South Korea when a central government of Korea is established."

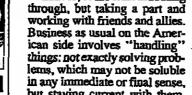
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World Disorder Challenges America

brings us face to face with a

crisis of the first order is for much of the rest of the world trying to avoid surprise and colcause for an anxiety attack of lapse. When people talk of how the second order. The reaction the administration is doing, that of many abroad, or at least of is what many of them have in the great number who wish the back of their minds. America well, is to an event of But that is not all. A period of worry and consequence but not nervousness and frustration

The possibility that those who fundamental contradiction built into the post-Cold War Amerthink ill of the United States may attempt somehow to exploit the ican political structure. distractions weighing on Mr. The principal foreign policy requirement bearing upon Clinton requires from Americans an attitude of vigilance. But Washington, I would say, is to otherwise the international relive with the raggedness of a world scene teeming with unruly sponse to his troubles, a response of general yet unfevered actors. Their company includes concern, is a tribute to the conwayward individuals and groups tinning centrality of the United as well as organized states that States in the overall scheme of may or may not be amenable to things and to broad confidence the international rules

America can do something to Many others count on Amerinhibit the troublemaking of ican engagement and constancy. these entities, and it must. But a They fret when America seems twirl of the globe suffices to to be taking a holiday from inillustrate that the relative disternational duty to indulge what cipline that was possible in the they see as its unnerving mor-Cold War period is no more. alistic preoccupation. They are "World order" was at one

order is now the harsh reality.

time a slogan for general American intervention and responsibility. It was too ambitious and fell by the side of the Vietnam road. George Bush, flush with success in the Gulf War, broached the notion of a post-Cold War "new world order." It was a constarter. World dis-

What is emerging is a range of local, self-generating challenges that are so far only feebly grasped. Can cross-border terbut staying current with them, rorism, drugs and international

WASHINGTON—What is By Stephen S. Ro feld crime be whipped? Is nonpro-for Bill Clintoo a political By Stephen S. Ro feld crime be whipped? Is nonproliferation a lost cause? Is globalizatioo thinning state power and responsibility, creating not only wealth but also chaos and indifference to dependent communities?

> Even as the United States is pressed to accept restraints on its national freedom of action, however, and here is the contradiction, it must deal with the strong nationalistic streak in its own political culture. This is not something to apologize for. American nationalism is America-centered but comes with a strong idealistic and altruistic component. Our judgment can falter, but, I believe, our heart is purer than most.

> The Clinton administration bas made the long trek from 'assertive multilateralism'' to the "indispensable" countryfrom a lesser form of nationalistic expression to a greater one. The trouble comes when American nationalism, with its global and activist bias, meets resistance on bostile or inhospitable international terrain.

> Calls for "leadership" come readily to American lips, first of all perhaps in situations where others are reluctant to be led at the pace and in the direction that Americans feel urgent. In Iraq right now we can see an important test case ripening. A pull to go it alone competes with neoisolationism and multilateralism to shape American policy.

It is not the end of the world. but no prudent person can avoid worrying plenty about it.

FRIENDSHIPS

Friendships

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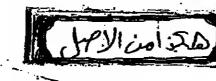
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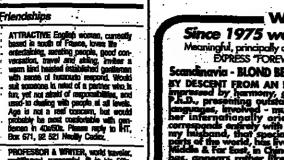
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Janah's photographs of India from 1942 to 1978, on display in New York.

Photo Chronicle of India From Another Angle

By Vicki Goldberg New York Times Service

EW YORK - In the beginning. photography was referred to as the handmaid of art. It might have been called the valet of history as well, for it promised to serve its times, make them presentable and arrange for them to appear unwilted onstage before large audi-ences in very long plays. These services have been something of a mixed blessing. The handmaid eventually tried to usurp her mistress's place, and the valet often sent history into the world naked.

In almost every country, photographers picked up cameras and recorded people and events as a matter of course. Many of these dotiful guardians of history remained unknown outside their nation's borders, some almost unknown within them. Much has been written in our day suggesting that such photographers might see things differently from occupying powers or relative strangers.

an 80-year-old Indian photographer whose work during World War II, the struggle for emerges in the pictures independence and the postwar years in India is little known in the United States but of Sunil Janah, now 80. highly regarded in his native land, where a limited number of images have been shown repeatedly. Now more than 300 of his photographer tographs, many never exhibited or pubin 1942, to take pictures of the Bengal lished anywhere before, are on view in famine for People's War, the Communist "Sunil Janah: Photographing India 1942-1978" at the Gallery at 678 in New York, at killed 2 million people in Bengal alone and

678 Broadway. A few of Janah's pictures have been traveling in the United States for the last two years in a show and book called 'India: A Celebration of Independence 1947-1997," and a larger exhibition was at Fotofest in Houston in 1990, but other than 20 or so photographs at the Overseas Press Club in 1985, this is the first time his work

on large panels. The contact sheets reveal that the photographer radically cropped his pictures, excising heads from waist-length portraits to create tight close-ups. Explanatory captions provide indispensable background for some of the historical material. Janah was a political reporter during World War II and for a short while afterward. taking many candid photographs of Gandhi. picture made in Calcutta in 1946, when rationing was still in force, people standing in line for food can be identified by their dress as a mixed group of Hindus, Muslims but wholly different in approach. and Christians. Two days later, murderous

separating the Hindu and Muslim quarters. Disgusted with politics, Janah soon gave portraits, strongly lighted, of India's leading showed up nonetheless political and artistic figures. He photoBourke-White's boke graphed famous dancers in sequences of stills ages were an effective form of shorthand to and Hindu temple sculptures that celebrate some of the qualities visible in the dance. On commission, Janah also took highly designed industrial pictures that look like images of the tended to be looser, somewhat more caught 1930s, in part because they speak of a similar on the wing and intimate.

ARTS

- 12 October 198 🙈

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level of hope in industrialization. He photographed Indian tribal people extensively, evidently enjoying their openness and sensual ease. He recalls that working with these people was a great relief after hidebound middle-class Indian life. His pictures, which must have been meaningful to anthropologists, have turned into an irreplaceable record of people whose lives were

later radically changed by development.

Americans saw India's complex and terror-filled progress to independence chiefly through Margaret Bourke-White's magisterial photographs in Life magazine and her book "Halfway to Freedom," or through Henri Cartier-Bresson's on-the-spot reportage. A comparison of Janah's insider reports and Bourke-White's work is particularly revealing because he accompanied her and translated for her in some of her travels in India shortly before independence.

A reporter, he had become a Communist (like many in the intellectual classes at the

A case in point is the work of Sanil Janah, A fresh vision of India

then spread south, was caused by the diversion of plentiful supplies of grain to British troops, by middlemen who then set prohibitive prices, and by British destruction of the barges that might have carried what was available to stricken districts. None of this was reported in the mainstream press. which was censored by British authorities.

Janah photographed lines of emaciated has been shown in New York.

Ram Rahman, curator of the current show, has grouped this huge outpouring of bones. People's War gave this secret famine unframed pictures, which include exhib- enormous amounts of space. Postcards of ition prints, work prints and contact sheets. Janah's images were printed and sent across the world to raise funds.

OURKE-WHITE sought out Janah because of his reputation, skills and access. One group of photographs at the gallery shows Bourke-White with tripod and large-format camera. More provocative are a few images of the same subjects taken by both. The Nehru and other politicians and dramatic American knew how to make monumental shots of demonstrations. Pictorial records and memorable images, full of dignity, sorcan uncover the naked ironies of history. In a row and a formal air of permanence: temporary images elevated to mythic stature. The Indian was frequently more informal and candid, not necessarily better or worse

Thus was history recorded simultaneousriots broke out between Hindus and ly by photographers whose different equip-Muslims; Janah photographed hloated bod-ies lying in the street. Later still, he pho-ably temperaments made it a variable tographed the aftermath: a barbed-wire fence commodity. Sometimes these two photographers worked on parallel rather than identical tracks, sometimes they went their up such reporting. For years he took studio own ways, but the distinctions often

Bourke-White's bold, static, iconie imsum up major events in a photo essay for a public that knew little of the place or people. Janah's style, similar in many ways to hers,

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Turner's Light and a Collector's Vision

By Souren Melikian national Herald Tribune

formed decades ago by inspired art lovers have a unique virtue that no museum ever matches. They reveal the aesthetic perception of a bygone age and force us to look afresh at artists in a way that would not have occurred to us.

The 47 watercolors by J.M.W. Turner acquired by Robert Wylie Lloyd between 1912 and 1927 - now on view at the British Museum until Sept. 20 for the first time since their bequest in 1958 — project a strikingly different image of Turner's art from the one that is currently admired: Turner, the precursor of advanced Impressionism who stood on the threshold of abstraction.

Lloyd, on the contrary, belonged to a generation that, barely aware of abstraction, was steeped in admira-tion for classicism. A man of eclectic tastes ranging from Chinese lacquer ware and Japanese blades to Swiss prints, Lloyd followed one rule that he never spelled out, probably because it was so obvious. To him art was structured, and carefully ordained.

This is not to say that it had to be fussily loaded with detail. The show opens with two sketches drawn in 1793 when Turner was 18. Done in staccato touches with the tip of the pencil, they are allusive in a composition that is,

however, impeccably balanced. But it is in the watercolors that Lloyd's vision comes out most clearly. Full of admiration for Turner's light as are all those who love the artist, the collector sought to acquire watercolors in which light is an essential part of the overall balance and structure.

This could be so even in some of Turner's most precise architectural studies. One of his early masterpieces sketched in 1796 is an inside view of Westminster Abbey with Bishop Islip's Chapel on one side. It takes a while to realize that the lyricism of this faultless rendition of Gothic architecture is due to the light that floods the transept in the distance and seems to be wafting the pillars. Part of the chapel facade is illuminated by the sun, which projects on it an arch of light, the tip of which almost touches the intersection of the imaginary diagonals that determine classical composition. The effect is mesmerizing—the viewer's eye

keeps reverting to that lighted form.
In "The Castle of Chillon," the use of light as a means of structuring the composition is subtler still. Here the crossing of the diagonals that defines the focus is emphasized by light contrasts. A whole mountainside is plunged in the cool darkness of early evening. This is set off by the gleam of



"Lurleiberg and St. Goarshausen," a watercolor Turner painted after a Rhine tour in 1817.

a mountain in the distance, seen in the to be as evocative as an impressionist out in front of the city. With the declining light of an invisible sun. Shadows gather on every side. The lake surface matches this with contrasts in dark light - blackish blue on one side of a curving line, pale blue on the other. There is little specific detail. It is all in suggestions, like some musical counterpoint of which snatches are caught, toned down by distance.

As time went by, Turner increasingly tended to place a patch of white sunlight just off the focal point. It could be a tiny touch on a dark ground, as in "Val d'Aosta," one of the most complex exercises in classical composition ever embarked upon by Turner. Here, the diagonals of the rectangular view intersect at the tip of the lighted edge of a small tower. Below, the facade of a narrow structure gleams against the pale purple wall of the tower. Above, lightness prevails, underneath is the world of dark tonalities. Secondary interplays of sonlight and shadow in each area further define the structure. An unreal dramatic sky is full of unexpected reminiscences of El Greco.

White light spread further in the central area of Turner's compositions. 'Prud'hoe Castle, Northumberland," the diagonals cross at the tip of a triangular patch of water, which sends back steely reflections. There is a suggestion of early morning light. The landscape is plunged in a haze in the upper half, contrasting with a few hard elements in the foreground, a rock or two, an ascending country lane. Seemingly seething with detail, the

view, when closely looked at, turns ont

landscape albeit in a different fashion. Impressionism is nature transcribed in color tones and measured in intensit of light. Turner's sites, however real, are bathed in the light of dreams.

In one of his masterpieces structured in that suggestive fashion that erases details and leaves everything to lighted masses, as if the artist was looking through half-closed eyes, Turner reversed the effect. Darkness is at the center. 'Keswich Lake, Cumberland" is a deep bay curiously reminiscent of the cliffs at Etretat, which the Impressionists later painted relentlessly. A grayish mountain is reflected in dark waters. The rest of the chain lightens up toward the left where it is shrouded in pale golden mist. To the right of the dark mass, light fills the sky. A rainbow rises only to fade out. A few tiny characters, and two puny dogs frolicking. In his will, Lloyd stipulated that the introduce elements of concrete reality into this deeply poetic vision.

HE two ultimate masterpieces in the evocative genre in which light settles over nature like specks of colored dust were done by Turner in his last years. One is a bird's-eye view of Zurich seen from some eminence. A vast sprawling town emerges from the mist, between two hazy expanses of wisdom of Lloyd's obsessive concern, water. Pale yellow light comes down His watercolors retain the glow that; from the sky leaving a vertical frail of transforms shapes. The present gento the water spreading in the fore-ground. A multime of tiny characters entirety. It should not be missed. Small

combined effect of haze, light and surging movement, one is somehowreminded of Altdorfer's "Alexander's Battle" in Munich, despite the difference in scale and medium. Turny

er must have gazed at it for hours.

His other masterpiece is also a Swiss.

view, "Luceme by Moonlight," done,
in 1843. Silvery light hovers over wat. ter, with the shadowy shapes of a medieval city appearing on the left. As, rigorously structured as ever in its balance of suggested volumes, it owes itssplendor to their extraordinary freshness, which it shares with all the other,

watercolors in the show. This, they owe to a collector's obsession about preservation. Lloyd hadthem all fitted into purpose-built. frames with roll-down blinds invented at Agnews, the London gallery; through which he bought his Turners: watercolors were never to leave the British Museum except in an emergency. They could only be displayed during the first two weeks of February when sunlight was weakest in the top, lighted museum gallery.

The difference between two of his watercolors, removed from an album sometime before 1927 when he bought them, and others also from the album (sold to different collectors), show the brilliance from the lake in the distance erations are unlikely to get a second walking or riding can be faintly made as it may be, this is a major art show,

Magical Masks Guard Indian Tradition

By James Stemgold New York Times Service

ANCOUVER, Columbia - The European settlers who came to this region more than a century ago struck up an oddly conflicted relationship with the native peoples. They suppressed what they saw as the Indians' backward religious beliefs. but eagerly embraced the most visible expression of their intensely spiritual culture, the aesthetically powerful masks used in many ceremonies.

made his famous voyage here in the gallery, the principal public art mu-18th century to well into this century, seum of Western Canada. 18th century to well into this century, the sophisticated ceremonial masks of the Pacific Northwest Coast Indians have been highly prized in the art world and bears to supernatural beings, the

The collecting itself has had a fas-cinating legacy, as a striking new ex-Northwest Coast Indians.

hibition here at the Vancouver Art early as the 1820s, transforming it into an export industry, it also did much to preserve the tradition - and, by extension, the vivid imagery of the Indians' spiritual world - while much of the native culture withcred

The exhibition, "Down From the Shimmering Sky: Masks of the Northwest Coast," a huge compilation of pieces from collections in North America and Europe that runs rasks used in many ceremonies. through Oct. 12, is one of the most From the time Captain James Cook heavily attended shows ever at the

The 179 masks on display, representing everything from killer whales and purchased by connoisseurs and sun and ancestors, are penetrating and museums from Canada to Europe.

Their artistry can be stunning. Gallery demonstrates. While it com-mercialized this once-sacred art as to be roughly realistic, with heavy eyebrows, open months and open eyes. Most were painted with dynamic geometric patterns in red, blue, turquoise and black.

Robert Joseph, a bereditary chief of the Kwakwaka wakw tribe and one of the show's curators, emphasized the significance of exhibiting the masks in the Vancouver, a gallery of the Canadian establishment normally devoted to contemporary art.

history and our place here," he said. homeland many masks that were; taken away by Indian agents, coling and continue to have a purpose for lectors and dealers more than a central communities, and I think that tury ago. An enormous comes across here very strongly." The show has helped open up to the

the native communities of British whisked away to collections.

Columbia. The opening ceremony last mouth, for example, included a dance that had previously been performed only on ceremonial occasions before an Indian audience. Some of the masks in the show, particularly those of mythical cannibal beings, are so sacred to some Indians of the region - tribes like the Haida, Nuxalk-Tsimshian, Tingit and Heitsuk - the

curators, said the exhibit was impor-"It made a statement about our tant partly because it returns to their research went into locating and identifying important masks, he said, world some of the innermost recesses including some taken away by Capt of Indian culture, an achievement that tain Cook and others that were caphas stured some controversy within tured in photographs before they were

BOOKS

BADGE OF COURAGE: The Life of Stephen

By Linda H. Davis. 414 pages. \$35. Houghton Mifflin. Reviewed by Jonathan Yardley

STEPHEN CRANE died on June 5, 1900, at the age of 28, his career as a published writer having lasted only four years, yet in that brief time he produced, according to his most recent — and best — biographer, "five novels, two volumes of poetry, three big story collections, two books of war stories, and countless works of short fiction and reporting." He also produced one of the enduring legends of American literature, 'long... shrouded in myth and rumor. in the fantastic tales that began to form around him when he became world fa-

mous at the age of 25." The Crane legend has been fed over the years by his hiographers, the first and most influential of whom, the gifted journalist Thomas Beer,

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about Crane as Crane had unprepossessing of manner, written about his own invent- be took his notebooks into ed characters. As Linda Davis battle with a disregard for his notes, Beer "apparently fabricated letters of Crane's and even invented stories and ro- er . . . either the bravest man mances - including one with a woman named Helen Trent or the most reckless."

- which were for years picked up as fact by sub- conducted an amatory life that mannity. sequent scholars, writers and aroused intense scrutiny in his hiographers." The result has own time and continues to inbeen a life's story so lost in fantasy as to bear no real re- curably romantic, he formed lationship -- except, perhaps, metaphorie — to the actual Stephen Crane.

At a certain level this makes lives of authors, as so many of them have said over the years, aspects of those lives are alalmost always elude even the most scrupulous biographer's grasp. What matters about gend and romance with what Crane is what he wrote, not appears to be a sharp, clean what he did.

Except that Crane, like Jack London and Ernest drama, she gives a convincing Hemingway, led a public as well as an internal life. Not in a word-haunted, perfermerely did he write what remains, a century after its publication the greatest of Amer- the absence of faith - the ican war novels, "The Red touchstones of his writing lutely impassable. "What I Badge of Courage," but he life. She describes with vivid can't do, I can't do at all, and war correspondent. Utterly which the youthful Crane was one trump. untrained in military skills or drawn and out of which

wrote almost as much fiction discipline, slight of build and own safety that made him, "depending upon the observone had ever seen under fire

Not merely that, but Crane vite it in ours. Intensely, innumerous romantic attachments - the exact nature of which is not always clear. The most celebrated, or notorious, absolutely no difference. The of these attachments was with Cora Taylor, a prostitute who became his common-law wife and should not be confused land; there, in the last years of ipated in literary and social most always internal and thus affairs with the likes of Joseph Conrad and Henry James.

Davis cuts through the lescalpel. Without denying Crane any of his glamour or portrait of a man who, raised vidly religious household, made language and faith - or

emerged his first masterpiece. "Maggie: A Girl of the Streets." She gives as well a convincing account of how "The Red Badge of Courage" came into being, born in the reading and imaginings of his boyhood, transformed into enduring fiction as its anthor was in the first breath of

Crane was a professional writer who earned, in the full length of his career, "just over \$1,200 for his entire American output, at a time when the country's per capita income was \$1,200 annually." Like writers of later generations who engaged in various forms of hack work to underwrite their serious work - Fitzgerexist apart from their work and accompanied him to Eag- ald and Faulkner come immediately if predictably to with it. The most interesting his life, he and she partic- mind - he chafed against the demands this placed upon him, as a young and unknown Willa Cather noted:

'He gave me to understand that he led a double literary life; writing in the first place the matter that pleased him and doing it very slowly; in the second place, any sort of stuff that would sell. And he remarked that his poor was just as bad as it could possibly be. He realized, he said, that can't do, I can't do at all, and

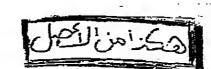
Inasmuch as Cather met

while he was in the West, writing several pieces about the land there and the people who had settled it, presumably it is this work to which he referred so disparagingly. Mistakenly as well, for though some of it is written in an English that we now, find stilted, much of it is perceptive and accomplished, journalism of a very high order. The same must be said of his war correspondence. But mostly readers turn to

his two great if slight novels? "Maggie" and "Real Badge," to his handful of the masterly short stories ("The Open Boat," "The Blue Hotel") and to his wonders fully enigmatic poems. It is a small body of work but a significant and lasting one Crane followed the example of his friends and mentors Hamlin Garland and William Dean Howelis and expanded upon it, bringing American writing out of Victorian gentility and overripe prose, pasing it down and making it fat more "American" than it had been. In time his own example became far greater than his mentors' had been, and he had protégés far too numer. his limitations were abso- ous to count; but it is his work not his influence, that still was the first great American detail the sordid city streets to I can't acquire it. I only hold Davis has done it, and hims commands our attention:

£23

what looks to be full justice. Washington Past Service



U.S. Stocks **Suffer From** Global Blues Emerging-Market Drop

Seen Hitting Firms' Sales

NEW YORK - U.S. stocks fell for a third straight day on signs that the Russian financial crisis and slowing growth if other emerging markets are hurting

U.S. corporate profits.

The Dow Jones industrial average fell
114.31 points to 2,051.68, bringing its
loss for the week to 5.6 percent. The 30stock average is now up just 1.8 percent for the year. Declining issues out-numbered advancers by a 7-to-3 margin on the New York Stock Exchange.

The Nasdaq composite index, which contains many high-technology issues, fell 46.59 points, or 2.8 percent, to 1:639.82. Makers of computers and software fell, and stocks in the highflying Internet sector got a heavy dose of reality. On-line directories, retailers and search engines were among the biggest decliners on Wall Street. The Nasdaq fell 2.8 percent this week, and is now offly up 4.4 percent for the year.
With Russia having problems,

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some people are saying," Are there dominoes here? Is there a Latin American country that's next?" said Robert Doll, manager of the \$2 billion Oppenheimer Growth Fund. In that case, what happens to economic growth and carnings in the U.S.?"

'Most major Latin American bourses bounced back after sharp declines on Thursday, while most of the major European markets fell. Eastern Europe was particularly hard-hit.

In Asia, Tokyo blue-chips dove to a 12-year low, and Heng Kong's key index fell 1.2 percent despite heavy buy-

ing by the government. Despite the global sell-off, Russia's largest stock exchange closed up 5.6

percent in light trading.

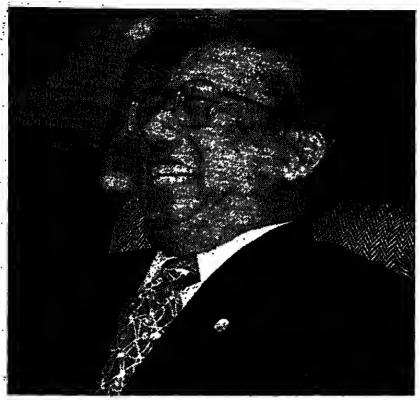
In the United States, banking stocks fell for a third day. BankAmerica fell 4% m 69% after revealing it lost \$220 million from trading this quarter, mostly in Russia. Credit Suisse First Boston, Republic New York Corp. and the hedge funds run by the investor George Sóros have made similar disclosures.

Stocks pared losses as investors turned to the stock marker's traditional safe havens, bidding up steady-earning food shares and high-yielding telephone and electric utility stocks. Analysts said technology stocks were

hit hard because many computer companies have considerable exposure to the various crises overseas. Dell, Microsoft and Cisco Systems all fell. Technology issues also fell because

the shares are still higher than justified by the outlook for profits, analysts said.

See MARKETS, Page 10



Ahmad Mohamed Don, the head of Malaysia's central bank, in a file picture.

Malaysian Bank Governor Quits

2 Top Officials Resign in Dispute Over Proposed Currency Controls

By Thomas Fuller ational Herald Tribune

KUALA LUMPUR -- Malaysia's central bank governor and his deputy abruptly resigned Friday over what a close aide called "major policy differences" with the government, including a disagreement over the possible implementation of currency controls.

The move leaves Prime Minister Mahathir bin Mohamad, who has openly expressed his disapproval of central bank decisions in recent months, with almost total control over economic policy.

Some bankers and market players have speculated in recent days that the government was considering imposing controls on the flow of ringgit out of the country, a plan that would seem to fit with Mr. Mahathir's repeated calls for controls in the foreign exchange mar-

The ringgit has lost more than 40 percent of its value since Asia plunged into economic trouble over a year ago. The national economy contracted by this year, forcing the government to announce officially Thursday that the country was in a recession.

Malaysia's plan for combating the economic troubte calls for increased government spending and lower interest rates. Both measures are designed to help cash-strapped companies. A consequence of the lower rates, however, is a weaker ringgit, as money flows out of Malaysia into other markets, including neighboring Singapore, where interest rates on ringgit accounts are signifi-

cantly higher than in Malaysia. For months, Malaysia has sent confusing signals over the direction of its economic policy. Finance Minister An-war Ibrahim, at odds with the prime minister, has called for austerity measures and high interest rates of the sort usually recommended by the Interna-tional Monetary Fund. He has maintained since the trouble began that Malaysia would not impose any con-

trols on its currency.

But on Friday, he said that the government was considering such policies

nearty 7 percent in the second quarter of and that it might announce details

The central bank governor, Ahmad Mohamed Don, and his deputy, Fong Weng Phak, are known as supporters of

the finance minister.

"The governor is a man of principle," said the governor's aide. "If there are any capital controls coming, I don't think he was going to sign it. The best thing for him was to go before

Mr. Mahathir, who has been in power for 16 years, has slowly consolidated his position within the ruling party as well as over economic policy. In June, he appointed a close friend and former finance minister, Daim Zainuddin, to be

economic czar, Together, Mr. Mahathir and Mr. Dairn have overshadowed the influence of Mr. Anwar, who is deputy prime minister as well as finance minister.

"Bank Negara was the last hasoon of Anwar's support," said the head of a think tank here who wished to remain anonymous. He was referring to the

MARKETS IN TURMOIL: SURVEYING THE DAMAGE

Corralling Russia's Cowboy Banks

They Gave Easy Credit and Got High Returns, but Then the Gate Shut

By Michael Wines New York Times Service

MOSCOW - It was a brief hnt wild ride for Russia's cowboy banks, which are saddled up on a crumbling economy and headed for disaster.

.They gave the government easy credit and got hooked on the returns, and when things started going really sour two weeks ago, their flight to the dollar made the situation worse. Now the Russian banking system is insolvent, the victim of mismanagement, bad bets on the ruble and investments in nearworthless government bonds.

Capping two weeks of increasingly alarmist rumors, the Russian government said Thursday night that it intends to nationalize SBS-Agro Bank, by most measures the country's third-largest Within minutes, five more major banks

announced plans to merge.
In two days, 10 of the country's 15 biggest banks have either combined, folded or been earmarked for government takeover. By one estimate, they are collectively at least \$4 billion in the bole, a figure that keeps growing as the ruble continues to shrink.

The remaining 1,300 or so banks are being dragged along in the fiscal undertow. Many will not be missed, for

Russian banks are not banks as Westerners know them, and most Russians keep their savings either at home or in the giant, government-owned Sherb-ank, which almost certainly will not be allowed to go under.

Of the smaller houses, some are money-launderers; some currency speculators; some investment bouses or pension funds or insurance companies or conduits to offshore subsidiaries.

The higgest are cash drawers for vast conglomerates, moving money among their component companies. "Under normal market conditions, banks would fail," said Alex Kotch-

erguine,, the bank credit specialist for Russia and Eastern Europe for Paribas European Investment in London. "But there are no normal market cooditions in Russia, as we have all learned." Instead, there is an open struggle over wbether to let the banks die or use the

country's dwindling resources to keep them on life support. Neither alternative is pleasant: One wipes out up to 80 percent of all banks, with unknown effects. The other requires printing more money to shore up sickly banks and their wealthy owners inflation.

The Bank of Russia said on Friday

that it will sell new Treasury hills next week to help hanks cope with their payments crisis, Bloomberg News re-

[The Central Bank said it will sell about 1 billion ruhles (\$90 million) in two-week bills on Wednesday to give banks more financial instruments to cope with the cash crisis. The government on Aug. 17 froze trading of government hills and bonds after announcing it will restructure all rubledenominated deht due before the end of next year.]

Russia's ousted economic reformers. along with the Western investors who stand to lose hillions from a total collapse of the system, want the government to shut down the sickest banks and focus its rescue on the few worth sav-

So, it is said, do banks controlled by industrial behemoths — so-called oligarchs — whose businesses benefit from foreign trade and Western credit. such as oil exporters.

But some of the sickest banks, con-

trolled by other oligarchs, are dead set against that. The board of SBS-Agro said Thursday night that it had been - and that would threaten to reignite hlindsided by the government's

See BANKS, Page 13

Russian Blend

A disparate set of financial institutions are planning to merge as Russia's banking system crumbles. Banks that finance industries would join with banks that are owned by industries, and money-lending institutions would merge with those that invest in corporations.

 Announced a five-way merger Thursday. including a smaller bank, Mezhcombank # Announced a three-way merger Aug. 23

BANK	BUSINESS TIES	ASSETS (IN BILLIONS)
Sberbank	State-controlled	\$31.35
▲ Inkombank	Chocolate, paper, metals, aircraft	5.59
SBS-Agro	Agricultural lending	4.41
# Unexim Bank	Metals, oil, foreign trade, pensions	3.77
Vneshtorgbank	State-controlled	3.17
Menatep Bank	Oil, mining, paper, chemicals, textiles,	media 3.06
Bank of Moscow/ Mosbusinessbank	City-owned	2.55
Rossiisky Kredit	Metals, mining, timber	2.40
Gazprombank	Gazprom (natural-gas monopoly)	1.93
▲ National Reserve Bank	Gazprom, government securities, corporate equity	1,64
Imperial	Gazprom	1.59
羅 Most Bank	Media, construction, investment	1.43
▲ Avtobank	Corporate banking	1.40
▲ Alfa Bank	Cement, oil, real estate, lood retailing	1.18
United Bank	Aeroflot, oil, auto distribution, media	*
Sources: Profile; Brunswick	Warburg	*Data not available.

Decline in Stock Prices Could Bring More Realistic Price/Earning Ratios

By Robert O'Harrow Jr.

Washington Post Service NEW YORK -- The sharp slide of stock prices in recent weeks has dented a lot of investor portfolios. But Wall Street analysts say the drop also may have the long-lasting benefit of bringing down sky-high stock valuations.

From the market peak on July 17 until Wednesday, the average valuation of companies in the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index had dropped more than 8 percent, from 24 times earnings expected over the coming year to 22 times, according to First Call, which tracks

corporate earnings. That price-to-earnings ratio came down still more Thursday as the market suffered its largest decline of the year. The Dow Jones industrial average dropped 357.36 points; or 4.19 percent, to 8, 165.99, while the S&P 500 declined 41.68 points, or 3.84 percent, to

Money managers and analysts said they were not being merely optimistic when they draw attention to such mat-

Corporate earnings remain fundamentally important to the market's performance. Unless stock prices get better in line with those earnings, the market cannot continue the extended rise that began in the early 1980s.

Henry Cavanna, the senior equity portfolio manager for J.P. Morgan Investment Management, said current price-earnings levels remain too high for his comfort.

The historic average for the price-earnings ratio of the S&P 500 is about

The current price-earnings ratio of 22 is "still a very high level, hnt a more reasonable level," he said "We're adjusting back, bringing the fundamentals back in line.

The impact on large hlue-chip companies has been pronounced since the market's peak. The price-earnings ratio for General Electric Co., for instance, declined by 6.5 percent, to 30, on Wednesday. Coca-Cola Co.'s price relative to its earnings was down 7 percent, to just over 46. For Lucent Technologies, the decline was nearly 12 percent, to about 45.

Depending on whom you talk to and their expectations, those drops represent either a source of angst or an oppor-

Bill Pecoriello, the beverage analyst for Sanford Bernstein, said he believed the lower ratio for Coke, for example,

would only help in the long run. For alert investors who believe in the company and others like it, he said, the change could be a bargain. But he cautioned that for Coke, much depends on how bad matters become in Latin America, where the company sells about a quarter of its beverage volume. Coke could continue to decline if demand

"Ultimately, if you're looking out three or five years, this creates a buying opportunity," Mr. Pecoriello said. The market Thursday also sharply underscored the differences among market indexes, such as the Dow, the

S&P 500, the Nasdaq composite and the Russell 2000.

These indexes do not rise and fall together because the companies they represent are very different. The Dow, for instance, comprises 30

large, highly capitalized stocks such as AlliedSignal Inc., American Express Co., Boeing Co. and Philip Morris

Snch companies are generally considered more mature and so less volatile than upstarts. As of Thursday, the Dow was still up 3.26 percent for the year. Many analysts look to the broader

S&P 500 index to give a clearer picture of the market's direction.

It is specifically created to chart the performance of the overall economy and includes companies from virtually every sector.

On Thursday, the S&P was up 7.44 percent for the year. The Nasdaq index has a very different

composition, with a heavy influence from technology and health-care

Generally speaking, the companies included are less mature and have higher expectations for growth. On Thors-

day, the Nasdaq is up 7.39 percent for

One of the hardest hit indexes this year is the Russell 2000. It is down 16.23 percent, in part because it tracks small companies, which are the most volatile. Companies in the Russell index have suffered from investors' flight to safety - large, safe havens such as Coke, International Business Machines Corp., General Electric and other bluechip issues.

The spread between all of these indices has been very, very wide," Mr. Cavanna said.

Cross Rates 1,5173° 0,9254 0,9450 1,672 1,5790 1,7340 1,748 1,948 1,07554 2,9912 2,01484 Correscy Fer's 313.10 Hong Kongs 7.27.67 Hung, fer'nd 12.49 Jacks repairs 100.0.7126 Isroell state. 2.29 Moley, flog. 4.203 0.5999 1.7459 12,458 1.1683 8.28 33,49 6.848 3,4245 5,4859 Forward Rates 1,6392 1,5718 1,7809 142.84 1.4688 142.43 1,6417 1,5724 1,7639

CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES Aug. 28 Libid-Libor Rates

Key Money Rates United States Today Prev 5.00 5.00 814 814 514 5.58 5.25 5.40 5.03 5.03 5.03 5.04 5.04 5.00 5.04 5.00 5.04 5.00 5.05 5.00 5.07 5.06 5.07 5.06 5.07 5.06 5.07 5.06 Bank base rule Coll money 1-month interior 3-month interior 6-month interior 10-year Gill 3-menth T-bill 1-pear T-bill 2-year T-sein 5-year T-sein 19-year T-sein 18-year T-bond Iranan France 0.50 0.50 0.39 0.41 0.60 0.60 0.65 0.65 0.67 0.67 1.33 1.38 N.A. 272,30 -6.45 273,40 273,40 -5.10 279,90 277,90 -2.20 450 343 345 350 359 423 hi (Takya): Royal Bank of Canada

Russian Dreams Become Nightmares

Flood of Foreign Funds Failed to Propel Nation Into the Modern World

By Clay Chandler shington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Since the collapse of the Soviet Union in December 1991, Western leaders have struggled to find ways to coax Russia's underdeveloped, creaky, state-controlled economy into the capitalist free-market

The International Monetary Fund funneled hillions of dollars in assistance to Russia under much looser terms than those that were applied to other borrowers in the world.

The Group of Seven industrialized nations invited President Boris Yeltsin to join their annual economic summit meetings, despite Russia's relatively puny economy for such a sprawling nation with so many natural resources, and its tenuous financial links to the developed world.

And global investors gobhled up Russian stocks and bonds in the hope that capitalism would flourish on the broken dreams of communism.

But this week, those grand aspirations lay in tatters. With the ruble in freefall, reformminded leaders chased from power, and with Moscow effectively abrogating fi-nancial commitments to foreign lenders, a chorus of Western experts asserted that - for the present at the very least — the Russian economy has

"I don't see that there is much that the

West can do for Russia, given the present state of uncertainty and lack of economic discipline," said Jeffery Shafer, former undersecretary for international finance in the Treasury De-

partment "The resources that were made available earlier have been squandered," he "The money that we still bave," he added, "should be focused for countries

that are committed to reform, and look strong enough to make it. Russia "is an economy that is headed down a slippery slope at an accelerating pace," warned Ben Slay, senior econ-

omist at PlanEcon Inc., an economic forecasting concern.

His advice to policymakers and investors alike: "Hang on to your hat -at this point, there's not much else anyone

That sense of futility is felt all the more keenly because the financial upheaval is inflicong barsh pain on markets elsewhere in the world - whether or not they have strong direct ties to the Russian economy.

Market analysts said the global selloff partly reflected the financial pressures buffeting large investment funds that specialize in "emerging" or de-veloping markets in Russia, Eastern Europe, Asia and Latin America.

Heavy tosses in Moscow, they said, can lead investors to pull money out of emerging markets funds altogether. To honor claims as clients cash out. the funds are obliged to unload holdings in other markets, such as those in

Venezuela or Brazil. Russia's troubles also are making it more expensive for other developing economies to borrow capital.

Desmond Lachman, emerging markets specialist at Salomon Smith Barney, notes that the issuers of bonds in emerging economies that have almost nothing to do with Russia are now obliged to offer much higher interest rates than they were before last week's

That, in turn, can undermine profits of U.S. firms that count the emerging markets among their best customers. Western leaders admonished the new Russian government not to abandon its

commitment to market reforms. If the new leadership "changed course in any kind of fundamental way, that would be of serious concern to us,

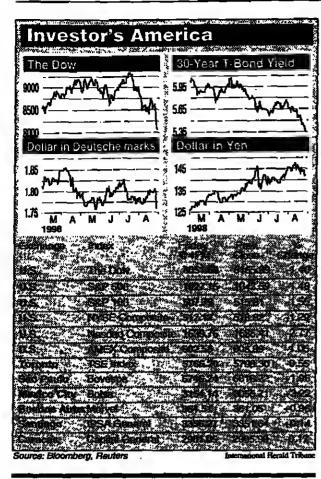
warned Mr. Clinton's national security adviser, Samuel Berger. In Berlin, Chancellor Helmut Kohl said Moscow would receive no new financial assistance if it retreated from

promised reforms. But many analysts argued it would be folly to throw money at Russia now. I don't see what more we could possihty do to help at this stage," said Barry Ickes, an economist at Pennsylvania State University who spe-

cializes in Russian affairs. Fundamentally, this is something that Russia has done to itself."



THE AMERICAS



Very briefly:

 McKesson Corp., the largest U.S. drug wholesaler, will buy Baker/Automated Prescription Systems Inc. for about \$154.9 million in stock and debt to expand its line of automated drug-dispensing systems.

• Mitsubishi Motors Corp. and the United Auto Workers reached a tentative agreement, avoiding a strike at the Japanese automaker's assembly plant in Normal, Illinois.

 Bay View Capital Corp. canceled its planned \$153 million acquisition of PSB Lending Corp. after federal regulators issued new guidelines limiting the amount of high loan-tovalue home loans a thrift may hold.

 Cadence Design Systems Inc. will buy the Bell Labs Design Automation Group from Lucent Technologies Inc., putting Cadence's marketing muscle behind Bell Labs' advanced chip-design technology. Terms of the deal were not disclosed. Brazil's unemployment rate rose in July, to 8 percent, its

highest level in 14 years, from 7.9 percent in June, as high interest rates continued to hurt the country's economy. Coca-Cola Co. signed an agreement to invest \$36 million to build a bottling plant and 10 depots in Angola, part of its strategy to double its soft-drink sales in Africa by the end of

The Trib In	dox	Prices as of 4:00 P.M. New York birt						
Jan. 1, 1992 - 100	Lovel	Change	%change	year to date				
World Index	175.84	1,52	-0.86	+217				
Regional Indexes								
Asia/Pacific	69.34	1.87	-263	- 27.82				
Europa	211.36	+ 0.34	+ 0.16	+ 9.49				
N. America	238,69	- 4.26	1.75	+ 10.51				
S. America	84.90	+ 1.18	+ 1.41	- 44.39				
Industrial Indoors								
Capital goods	238.19	4.19	1.73	+ 15.31				
Consumer goods	219.11	— 0.50	- 0.23	+ 4.47				
Energy	176.75	— 1.56	0.87	9.34				
_	440.04	4 00	4					

-1.07

+1.19

- 9.80

-3.23

+ 0.95

135.19

AMEX

Friday's 4 P.M. Close The 200 most traded stocks of the day,

Dollar Falls On Fears of Rate Drop

NEW YORK - The dollar tumbled against European currencies, suffering its worst drop against the Dentsche mark in three years, as U.S. stocks fell and on concern the global market rout could prompt the Federal Reserve Board to lower in-

The dollar was quoted at 1.7590 DM, down from 1.7957 DM on Thursday, its worst daily drop since September 1995.

'There'a complete uncertainty about where to turn, where to invest, what is safe haven and what isn't," said Maureen McFarland, currency

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

strategist at MacKay Shields Financial Corp. "People are saying, "Look what's happening around the world. The Fed is going to ease." That's going to bring the dollar down."

The dollar was little changed against the yen, at 141.975 yen com-

pared with 141.800 on Thursday. The dollar had gained against the yen in earlier trading as the Nikkei stock index in Tokyo plunged to its lowest level in 12 years, sapping

demand for the Japanese currency.
"When the Nikkei broke the 14,000 level, that made people very nervous, "said John McCarthy, drop in two years—to a seasonal general weakness in the banking sector, and people sold the heck out of the yen.

U.S. stocks slumped for a third day as investors worried that Russia's economic woes would spread to emerging markets, including Latin America, which in turn could dent .S. corporate profits.

"The U.S. exposure to Latin America is much greater than Europe's exposure to Russia," said Hugh Walsh, senior trader at Commerzbank AG. "If the malaise trickles into Latin America, that would be very bad for the U.S." Weaker Latin American curren-

cies reduce the purchasing power for U.S. goods. In Mexico, the biggest importer of U.S. products after Canada, the peso has fallen more than 10 percent

against the dollar in the past month. Against other major currencies, the dollar fell to 5.8960 French francs from 6.0250 francs and to 1.4403 Swiss francs from 1.4820 francs. The pound rose to \$1.6828

U. S. STOCK MARKET DIARY

from \$1.6550.

NYSE

Tellabs' Price for Ciena Is Reduced Sharply

terms of its proposed acquisition of nounced June 3, was for a one-for-Ciena Corp., a rival telecommu-nications equipment maker, cut-ting the value of the deal by more Friday. Tellabs shares were down than a third, to about \$4.7 hillion. The companies originally agreed

Under the new terms, Ciena increase the capacity of fiberoptic shareholders will get 0.8 of a telephone lines and data networks. Tellabs share for each of their Ciena shares. This ratio values each Ciena tion Friday, saying that the purchase

LISLE, Illinois — Tellabs Inc. closing stock price Thursday of said Friday it had renegotiated the \$57.81. The original deal, an-

\$8.8125 at \$49. Investor concern over the proto an exchange of stock worth posed deal continued, after warnabout \$7.1 billion, but a revision ings this month by Ciena that its had been widely expected follow-ing a recent drop in the prices of half what analysts had expected. It both companies' shares after Ciena also announced that AT&T Corp. warned that its third-quarter results had decided not to further evaluate would fall short of expectations. for purchase Ciena products that

Tellahs added an additional cau-

There's too much uncertainty

in the Ciena business to pay this price," said Scott Vergin, a fund manager for the Lutheran Brotherhood Foundation, which owns about 678,000 Tellabs shares. "There's definitely concern about whether Ciena can compete.

Keith Ferguson, an analyst at Loomis, Sayles & Co., which owns about 744,000 Tellabs shares, said: The market was expecting Tellabs to walk away from the deal or to get better terms."

The Ciena and Tellabs boards have approved the new terms, the companies said in a joint statement.

Special shareholder meetings set growth."

(Reuters, Bloomberg)

share at \$46.25, based on Tellabs's of Ciena could hurt its 1999 earn-closing stock price Thursday of ings by as much 15 cents a share. for Sept. 9 for the purpose of ap-proving the merger are expected to be adjourned to allow shareholders time to review the terms.

· grelour SA

Ciena says the acquisition will enable it to offer a complete line of products to phone companies to help carry more data at higher speeds. It would combine Crena's capacity-boosting equipment with Tellabs products that route traffic on local phone networks.

Some investors who are not pleased with the price agree with

the strategy.
"It's the right move," Mr. Vergin of Lutheran Brotherhood said. Tellabs products are getting

Americans Earning More but Spending Less

WASHINGTON - Americans held onto more of their rising incomes in July, government data that were made public Friday showed, leaving analysts wondering if a spending spree that has buoyed the U.S. economy is ending.

Consumer spending, which accounts for two-thirds of the U.S. economy, fell 0.2 percent — the first drop in two years — to a seasonally adjusted rate of \$5.8 billion. Personal incomes rose by 0.5 percent in the mooth to a seasonally adjusted

AOL Tumbles

On Banyan Pact

DULLES, Virginia — America Online Inc. shares fell

sharply Friday after Banyan

Systems Inc., the owner of the

major on-line phone directory,

www.switchboard.com, said its

contract to provide its listings

to AOL had not been renewed.

AOL, the major on-line service, fell \$9.875 to \$95.375,

while Banyan fell \$1.375 to

Although the company signed a new agreement with

InfoSpace.com Inc. to replace

Banyan's on-line white pages, the shift to a new provider

sparked concern among m-

In June, incomes rose 0.3 percent, the Commerce Department said, while consumer spending was up

What may be a temporary decline in purchases of motor vehicles accounted for the decrease in July spending, the Commerce Department said. Purchases of other goods and services cootinued to increase modestly.

Strikes at General Motors Corp., which were not settled until late July, emptied some dealers' lots and sales incentives that boosted other sales in May and June expired.

"Excluding that, consumption financial problems in Asia — and would have been pretty healthy." now the crisis in Russia — will drag said Sung Won Sohn, chief economist with Norwest Corp. in Minneapolis. "But the main concern is where we go from here?"

About a quarter of recent consumer spending, which until July private business research group. had increased every month since The government reported this Iune 1996, has been attributable to week that the gross domestic Americans' stock market winnings, the economist estimated.

But in the last few weeks, the Dow Jones industrial average has

down the U.S. economy.

Consumer confidence also slipped for the second successive month, according to a report this week by the Conference Board, a

product - measuring the total output of goods and services - rose at an annual rate of just 1.6 percent from April to June, a dramatic slowdropped more than 13 percent as down from a 5.5 percent growth rate traders showed fear that lingering in the first three months of the year.

MARKETS: Global Gloom Keeps Its Grip on Wall Street

Continued from Page 9

America Online fell 10% to 94% after one investor placed an order to sell a hig chunk of the stock at any price before the market opened, traders said. AOL, the No. 1 on-line service, is still up 108 percent this year and sells for 97 times next year's expected earnings per share. Treasury bond prices were steady,

with the yield on the benchmark 30year issue at 5.35 percent. The Dow industrials crased almost all their losses shortly after midday, when President Boris Yeltsin vowed in a speech he would

may hold together, avoiding a return to a centrally planned economy. Some analysts are predicting a rebound Laszlo Birinyi, head of at Merrill Lynch & Co. and

not resign. That raised optimism that

Russia's unstable political system

Birinyi Associates Inc., a Greenwich, Connecticut, research firm, said his analysis of money flows signaled higher prices. Individual and small institutional investors adin the Dow industrials even as they slumped Thursday, he said.

U.S. STOCKS

the rally kicks in, be said, and he acknowledged that his target of 10,000 for the Dow industrials by year-end "is increasingly looking like a mirage.

"While the market is signaling higher prices, it does not detail when and under what circumstances," he

Auto shares railied after analysts rates are declining.

(Bloomber, Reiders, AP)

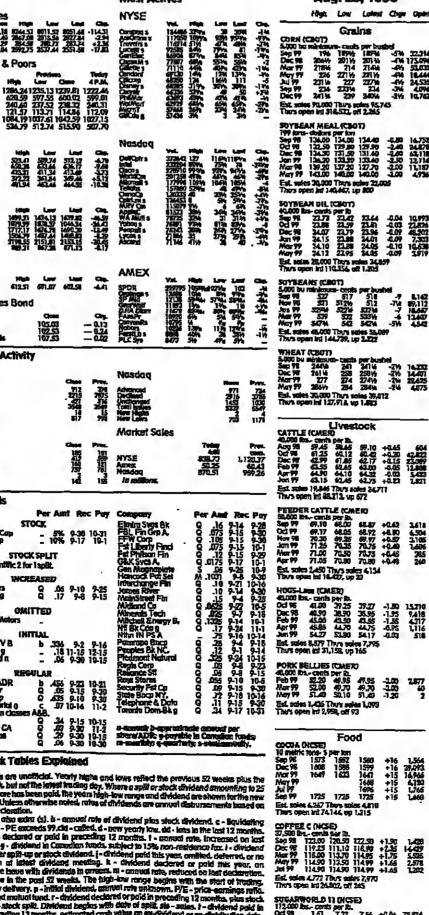
PaineWebber Inc. raised their rat ings on the stocks.

Chrysler rose 2 11/16 to 49 15/16 as investors concluded that the prob! lems in Russia would not undermine ded to their boldings of the 30 stocks Daimler-Benz's \$39 billion acquisition of the carmaker. Some analysts say low interest

rates and a growing economy will help cushion the blow to U.S. profits Stocks could fall further before - and stocks - from weaker currencies and lower demand overseas. "The market's reacting to these

external events," said George Cu-hen, chief investment officer at Cohen, Klingenstein & Marks Inci "That's got people scared, but it's not going to change the fact that two quarters from now corporate profits are going to be back antisack, inflation is still absent and interest

INTERNATIONAL FUTURES



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10,796 2,584 1,722 27,915 1,949 1,975 4,403 1,976 2,735

UNITEADED GASULTHE (WITNERS)
42,000 get certs par gold
Sep 16 12.20 39.70 40.98 +0.94 10
Col 18 40.90 59.40 40.40 +0.76 41.40
Nov 96 4.70 40.01 41.18 +0.47 10
Dec 96 42.05 41.00 42.95 +0.47 10
Feb 97 42.73 42.80 42.72 +0.70
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EUROPE

ling Less

Carrefour SA To Purchase Comptoirs

Compiled by Our Staff From Disputcher PARIS - Carrefour SA, the biggest retailer in France, agreed Friday to buy Comptoirs Modernes in a cash-and-stock deal that values its domestic rival at 21 billion rench francs (\$3.49 billion). Carrefour, which already owns

23 percent of Comptoirs Modernes. said the takeover would cost it a maximum of 14 billion francs plus assumed debt of about 1 billion francs. Comptoirs stockholders can exchange seven shares for six Carrefour shares or take a cash payment of 3,700 francs per share, a 12.6

percent premium to the latest price. Trading in both companies shares was suspended ahead of the announcement. Comptoirs shares closed Thursday at 3,285 francs, while Carrefour shares finished at 3,199 francs.

Analysts said Carrefour would benefit from a projected acceleration in consumer spending in Prance after at least two years of

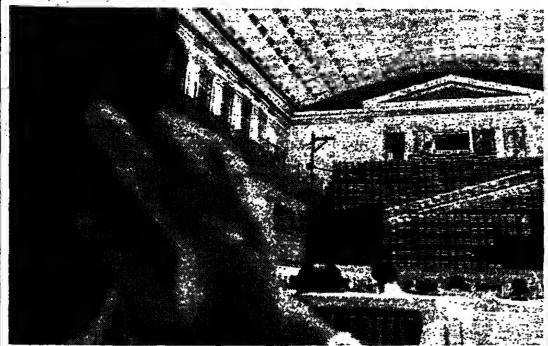
stagnation.
The news eclipsed Carrefour's first-half earnings report, which it released early to coincide with the takeover announcement.

First-half profit totaled 1.79 billion francs, up 27 percent from a year ago, Carrefour said. The results include a one-time gain of 307 million francs from the sale of shares it held in Office Depot Inc. of the United States.

With the outlook for profit to slow for the full year, the Comptoirs takeover is "excellent timing," said Amita Gulati, European retail analyst at Paribas Capital Markets in

The chairman of Comptoirs, Jean-Claude Plassat, said the company was "on the brink of an important purchase in Brazil," but he declined to confirm reports in the Brazilian media that Comptoirs Modernes, supported by Carrefour, was negotiating to buy 23 of 87 stores owned by Lojas Americanas, one of the major retailers in Brazil.

Responding to concerns about Latin American markets, the chairman of Carrefour, Daniel Bernard, said at a press conference, "The



A trader working the phones while the Athens stock exchange reels due to developments in the Russian crisis. The index recovered from early heavy losses to close down 4.9 percent.

Randstad to Purchase Strategix Solutions

AMSTERDAM — Randstad
Holding NV, a Dutch temporary
employment agency, said Friday it
would issue new shares to buy an
American staffing agency, Strategix
Solutions Inc., from AccuStaff Inc.
for \$850 million.
Although Paneleted proceed on

Although Randstad reported on Friday a stronger-than-expected 30 percent increase in first-half net profit, its shares tumbled 13 guilders, or 8.6 percent, to 137.9 guilders as investors and analysts questioned Derek Dewan.

the U.S. acquisition.

Lifted by continoed healthy growth in the European temporary staff market, Randstad reported firsthalf 1997 net profit of 110.7 million guilders (\$54.3 million) as sales rose

30 percent to 4.09 billion. AccuStaff was to have sold Strategix to the public in a share offering, but Randstad's offer represented a quicker way for the company to exit the business, said the chairman and chief executive,

Britain's Energis Buys Planet Online

LONDON - Energis PLC, the telecommunications arm of the utility National Grid Group PLC, bought Planet Online Ltd., the largest independent British Internet service provider, on Friday for £75 is part of a trend among British telemillion (\$124.1 million) in cash to communications companies to buy

said the price could include an additional £10 million in deferred payments if the Internet business meets

sales targets by March 2000.

The purchase, which will belp Energis expand its corporate business, boost its position as a top carrier of businesses providing a gateway to fore Jan. 1, 1999. But Randstad the Internet and thus get an edge on a could delay the issue if the stock Energis, which carries 40 percent market expected to grow four-fold in market performed very badly. of Internet access traffic in Britain, the Britain in the next three years.

"It was a difficult decision to withdraw the IPO but the strategic ra-tionale and fit were too compelling,"

Mr. Dewan said. Strategix has 360 offices in 36 states and had 1997 revenue of al-

most \$1 billion, Randstad said. Despite the strong results and gains in market share in all the countries where Randstad is active, analysts focosed oo doubts over the acquisition of Strategix, the U.S. temporary staffing company.

Randstad seems to have paid quite a lot if we compare the price with the valuation of sector peers in the United States," said Ab Barneveld, analyst at Generale

Bank's Oyens & van Eeghen. The share issue to finance the acquisition, which will increase the number of Randstad shares outstand-ing by about 10 percent, also clouded

sentiment toward the company. With the purchase due to be sealed at the end of September, the issue is expected to take place be-

(Reuters, Bloomberg)

French Data Point to Fall In Growth

PARIS - French unemployment was unchanged in Juty and factory output fell in June, data showed Fri-day, adding to indications French growth may have peaked.

French manufacturing fell 0.4 percent in June, while the unemployment rate stayed at 11.8 percent in July. With French exports stalling because of weaker economies in Asia, the government and economists are counting on consumer spending and company investment to power the economy. While gross domestic product is still expected to grow 3 percent this year, following 2.3 percent growth in 1997, the French economy may have reached its fastest growth rate earlier this year.

"We reached the high point in the first half and now we are de-ac-celerating," said Marie-Pierre Ripert, economist at CDC Marches.

Manufacturing output was grow-ing at an annual rate of about 9 percent at the start of the year and has since slowed. Both exports and imports were unchanged in the second quarter from the first, with exports to Asia falling.

In addition, business surveys show that while order books remain full, they are not growing anymore be-

cause of a drop in overseas orders. Slowing exports to countries outside the European Unioo are expected to hold back growth among France's neighbors as well.

Prance's economic reports Friday "are very much in line with the picture oo manufacturing output that has been slowly emerging in the past quarter, not only in France but in Euroland," said Eric Chaney, economist at Morgan Stanley. "A slowdown is quite usual at this stage of the business cycle, after more than a year and a half of ootstanding dynamism initiated by accelerating foreign demand."

But oot all economists see the data Friday as signs that growth is slow-ing. "It's too early to tell, and so far there are few signs of de-acceler-ation," said Marie Chauviere, an

economist at Rexecode. Surveys show that consumer and business confidence remain at their highest levels in three years. And housing-start data show that con-

struction should rise in 1998.

Investor's Europe Paris CAC 40 FISE 100 Index 5800 5200 4900 1,108.82 -1.39 3,226.54 3,290.54 -1.94 8EL-20 XAC tribin 4,993,54 5,060.84 -1.33 Stock Market 653.81 686.93 4,428.51 4,535.24 ... HEX General -2.35 CBX 525.13 533,06 -1.49 FTSE 100 5.248.40 5.368.50 -2.22 Stock Exchange 743,31 762.10 21430 21999 -2.59 3.798.97 3.745.64 -- 0.96 CAC 40. 3,664.77 3,735.41 -1.89 SX 16 1,210.63 1,191.99 +1.56 XTA 4,275.64 4,311.25 -0.83

Very briefly:

 Deutsche Bank AG confirmed that its overall debt exposure to Russia not covered by state guarantees totaled 1.35 billion Deutsche marks (\$747.2 million) and said its trading-risk position in short-term Russian government paper totaled \$290

• The IFO Institute for Economic Research economist Gernot Nerb said sharp declines on global stock markets could prompt the U.S. Federal Reserve Board to cut interest rates, giving the authorities in major European economies room to consider rate cuts.

• Somerfield PLC, the fifth-largest British food retailer, said it had broken off merger talks with Booker PLC, the country's No. I food wholesaler, citing unspecified "commercial risks."

• Mannesmann AG said it would pay Olivetti SpA 1.3 trillion lire (\$728.9 million) for an additional 24.9 percent stake in Oliman of Italy, which controls Omnitel Pronto Italia SpA, Europe's fourth-largest mobile phone company. raising its stake in Oliman to 49.9 percent.

• Axel Springer Verlag AG, Europe's largest newspaper publisher, said it had acquired a 95 percent stake in the German publisher Econ & List Verlagsgesellschaft from Rheinisch-Westfaelische Verlagsgesellschaft for an undisclosed sum in order to strengthen its book-publishing busioess.

• Tarkey's government will remove a recently implemented tax on interbank transactions and reduce other banking taxes to help the country's financial institutions cope with a global economic crisis. The 6 percent interbank withholding tax will be annulled on Sept. 1,

• PSI AG set its share price at 46.50 DM for its initial public offering on Monday, in which the German maker of business software hopes to raise 100.8 million DM for efforts to expand sales of it Psipenta software system.

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Friday, Aug. 28 0: x 100: b: x L000 Seoul TSE (adostrals: 5758.18 Previous: 5799.46 Toronto **Market Closed** Frankfurt The stock market in Tel Aviv is closed on Fridays. Johannesburg Allert Star Montreal 3.00 5.15 7.19 7.57 7.57 11.50 70.20 26.50 26.50 17.78 18.70 18 3.22.20 1.040 1.088 2.020 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 100.80 80.16 177.70 24.30 118.53 66.00 87.00 74.20 91.50 91.50 91.50 111.50 64.50 80.50 172.5 15.000 15 17.90 142.50 82.50 82.50 82.50 84.50 84.50 84.50 84.50 85.50 Reviews Group
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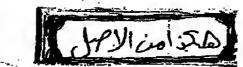
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L WEST

Toyota to Take Control of Minicar Maker

TOKYO — Toyota Motor Corp. said Friday it was taking control of its affiliate Daihatsu Motor Co. in a its affiliate Daibatsu Motor Co. in a cluding fierce global competition 37.1 billion yen (\$261.6 million) and the push to create environment-

Toyota said it would raise its stake decision to strengthen ries between in the maker of so-called minicars to the two companies," Toyota said. 51.2 percent from 34.5 percent.

Daiharsu, which makes commer-ial vehicles as well as minicars has "We decided to strengthen our eial vehicles as well as minicars has suffered from a slump in the domestic market. Japanese sales of minivehicles fell for 10 straight months through July as wage and Cho, a vice president at Toyota.

job cuts crimped spending. "Numerous challenges currently facing the global auto industry inally-friendly products spurred the

message to the same of the sam

ties because our economic envir-

The two firms have worked to-

"Daihatsu has strength particu-larly in Southeast Asia," he added. "We are thinking we can launch a lot of strategies."

"Toyota has good technology for making environmentally friendly cars and with this share purchase we

can receive Toyota's technology and that will help us in the future," said Yoshiteru Noboru, a vice-president at Daihatsu.

Daihatsu has a factory in China, a market Toyota has long tried to move into, so far without success. With this share buy-np, our re-

Japan to Guarantee 40 Trillion Yen in Business Loans

TOKYO — Japan is setting up 40 trillion yen (\$282.1 billion) of loan guarantees and credit to help small commanies that are suffering from a commanies that are suffering from companies that are suffering from a will be set up to expand loans by tightening credit crunch.

Credit-guarantee associations of local governments will establish special Corp., he said. The measures are to credit lines totaling 20 trillion yen to take effect Oct. 1.

state-run institutions such as the Small Business Credit Insurance

Separately, the government said the unemployment rate remained above 4 percent for the fourth straight month in July. The seasonally adjusted rate was 4.1 percent in

July, down from 4.3 percent in June,

as many people gave up job-hunting.
The number of people working fell

720,000 from a year earlier.

lationship with China is not going to change," said Takashi Kamio, a Toyota director. 'But it is definitely of ment for Toyota." Peter Boardman, an analyst at

Warburg Dillon Read in Tokyo, said Toyota was "worried that Daihatsu won't make it." "I don't think there's any finan-cial value" in the Daihatsu acqui-sition, Mr. Boardman said. "It saves

Daihatsu shareholders but it's not good for Toyota's." Daihatsu's net profit for the year ended March fell 57 percent, to 8.45

billion yen, on sales that slipped 2.5 percent, to 886.992 hillion yen. Toyota's shares fell 80 yen, to 2,950. Daihaisu's shares were suspended on the Tokyo Stock Ex-

change. Separately, Toyota denied a report that it would increase its 20.1 percent stake in Hino Motors Ltd., Japan's biggest truckmaker, to a majority. Toyota is not considering

JAPAN: Size of Its Economic Problems Dwarfs Russia's

Continued from Page 1

must avoid a general election this

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Opposition parties, however, are circling eagerly and insisting that this is just the time for general elections to break the deadlock, instead of waiting for two more years until

elections are due.
Paradoxically, Mr. Obuchi's govermment is weak in part because of constant complaining by critics at home and abroad, especially in the U.S. Treasury Department, who want Japan to act far more decisively. The criticism has weakened the government, making it is less able than ever to push through economic measures.

The opposition usually does not matter much in the Japanese Parliament, but the main opposition leader, Naoto Kan, has crafted a office for only a broad and relatively unified front scarcely pansed. that has blocked the government's proposals and offered its own.

Some economists think Mr. Kan's financial plan is better than the government's, because it insists

playing politics with Japan's economic recovery.

"The opposition sees a chance to force the government down, even if it happens to bring the economy down," said Richard Jerram, an economist at ING Barings Securities Japan Ltd. "Politicians are oblivious to things in the real world,

it's pretty clear."
"If we were not a parliamentary democracy, of course, we would be able to make progress on many is-sues," said Akitaka Saiki, a spokesman for Mr. Obuchi, "but that's not the case.

"If you call this paralysis, that could be one reason.

Asked if he thought the West was too impatient for results, considering that Mr. Obuchi has been in office for only a month, Mr. Saiki

"Not just the West," he said, "Everyone is a bit impatient." Whatever happens in Parliament, the situation is not entirely hleak. Above all, before Mr. Obuchi

on more bank disclosure, but there took office, the Diet passed a huge are also criticisms that Mr. Kan is fiscal stimulus package, which will playing politics with Japan's eco-trickle through the economy this fall

and generate some growth.

Even if Mr. Obnchi does not dramatically liberalize the economy, the stimulus itself and some associated tax cuts will lend a healthy

The last time there was such a stimulus package, three years ago, the economy quickly surged past growth rates in the United States and registered 3.6 percent growth, which was the fastest among the Group of Seven industrialized na-

Moreover, much of Japan's economic problem arises from a nearly universal gloom that makes everyone reluctant to buy or invest.

That psychology is impossible to predict, but some optimists believe that the fiscal stimulus could change the public mood and restore the economy to life.

That, in turn, would revive the property and stock markets, and many bad loans would become good

such a move, Mr. Cho said. (AFP, Bloomherg)

Shell and Mobil

In Joint Venture

MELBOURNE -Australia Ltd. and Mohil Oil Australia Ltd. said Friday they had agreed to combine their refining operations in a new com-pany, the latest move by oil companies to team up in an

effort to cat costs. The joint venture will control four refineries, about half of Australia's refining capacity. two from each company, with a processing capacity of about 400,000 barrels a day and a book value of 2 billion Australian dollars (\$1.1 billion). It will be owned equally by Sbell and Mobil.

The combination will give the overall operation annual savings of about 80 million dol-

The new company has no plans to close any of its refineries, although it will cut between 100 and 150 jobs from its workforce of 1,500.

Philippines' GDP Shrinks In 2d Quarter

MANILA - The Philippine economy shrank for the first time since 1992 in the second quarter of this year.

The government said gross domestic product contracted at an annualized rate of 1.2 percent in April, May and June. The contraction was worse than economists had expected. By comparison, GDP grew at an annualized rate of 5.6 percent a year earlier.

Few analysis think that the worst is behind the Philippine economy. The causes of the contraction — an unstable currency and crop-dam-

aging weather — are still in play.
"We're near the graveyard of a
protracted recession," said Representative Joey Sakeda, the vice
chairman of the House Committee on Economic Affairs. He said he expected GDP to contract at an annnalized rate of 3.1 percent in the third quarter.

That kind of pessimism, in a country that some thought would be the first to emerge from the Asian economic troubles, drove the Philippine Stock Exchange index down by 72.28 points on Friday, to 1,194.71.

The Philippines is "visibly less distressed than quite a number of other Southeast Asian countries, said Jojo Gonzales, the head of research at Merrill Lynch & Co,'s office here. "But the Philippines will not be isolated, which is why we're seeing as much of a slowdown

as we're seeing now."
As many as 12 million people may be without jobs by 2001, nearly three times the current number, if the regional economic troubles persist, according to an employers' group cited in the press on Friday.

The unemployment rate rose to a seven-year high of 13.3 percent in April, when 4.3 million people were officially listed as jobless.

"We don't know how long this crisis will continue." Miguel Varela, the president of the Employers Confederation of the Philinitiative, this number could double or even triple." (Bloomberg, AFP) the health-care sector,



Very briefly:

Moody's Investors Service Inc. cut its credit ratings for Fuji Bank Ltd., citing the Japanese bank's poor earnings and the Asian economic slump.

• Malayan Cement Berbad, the Malaysian subsidiary of Blue Circle Industries PLC, the top British cement maker, will spend £252 million (\$414.9 million) to huy outstanding stakes in two Southeast Asian cement companies.

· South Korea's current-account surplus, the broadest measure of trade in goods and services, rose 13 percent in July, to \$3.67 billion from \$3.24 billion in June, as imports fell.

 Jakarta asked directors of the nation's flag carrier airline, Garuda Indonesian Airways, to disclose their stock holdings in an anti-corruption drive. Officials want to learn if directors hold shares of companies that win airline contracts.

• Price Waterhouse Coopers has found that foreign investors remain bullish on prospects in China despite the Asian financial crisis, the official China Daily reported.

 Australia's current-account deficit parrowed to 6.52 hillion dollars (\$3.64 hillion) in the three months that ended in Jnne, with both exports and imports rising. The deficit was a revised 7.32 billion dollars in the previous quarter.

 Acer Inc. trimmed its 1998 net profit forecast by 36 percent, to 3.5 hillion Taiwan dollars (\$100.6 million).

· Rengo Co. will buy another Japanese paper-products company, the financially troubled Settsu Corp., in a stock swap valued at 12.9 billion yen (\$89.7 million).

ippines, said. "If we don't take the Rabohank Group of the Netherlands inaugurated its China subsidiary in Shanghai to focus on food and agribusiness and

Global Markets / The Challenge of Russia

Slump in Commodity Prices Worsens the Pain

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispotches

As prices of commodities ranging from oil to gold to cotton plunge, economies already struggling are likely to be shoved further into chaos, analysts say.

A key global index of commodity prices is at a 20-year low, and each lick down puts more economic pressure on the nations where commodifies are produced.

While many of the major producers are the emerging-market countries experiencing deep financial crisis, like Russia, which is a leading exporter of oil and precious metals, falling prices have gone beyond emerging economies. Canada and Australia, which rely

heavily on commodity exports, have seen their currencies drop to record lows "It's a flu, it's catching; it's dom-inoes," said William Byers, director of

futures research at Bear, Stearns & Co.
"Not only is the psychology spreading, but the economic weakness is spread-The Commodity Research Bureau/ Bridge index of 17 key commodity prices fell to 195.30 points late Friday. the lowest level since 1977.

Two forces have been pushing commodity prices lower and will continue to do so, several analysts say. One is the falling demand from Asia. The other is that countries in deep trouble, like Rusraise money, adding to the supply in an

When should people buy gold as a haven if they don't buy it now? It looks like people really don't consider gold as a safe haven anymore.'

already weak market.
William O'Neill, director of futures research at Merrill Lynch & Co., said there had been big sales of platinum and palladium by Russia in Japan and sales of gold and silver in Zurich and London.
The crisis, he said, "inspires them to sell as much as possible."

a global oversupply, which has shoved prices to the lowest levels in a decade. Russia is the world's third-largest oil

it is in no position to buy. The price of sugar, of which Thailand is the major Asian exporter, has dropped 10 percent in the past two days on concerns that Russia

will be mahle to finance purchases.

Bankers and brokers in Sri Lanka, which sells more than 20 percent of its tea crop to the former Soviet republics, including Russia, are holding emergency meetings over concerns that Rus-

sian buyers may default on payments.

The price of gold, which had been thought of for years as a refuge in the time of political and economic crises, fell to a 19-year low in London on Friday, closing at \$273.40 an onnce. Investors have instead turned to government bonds, particularly U.S. Treasuries. "When should people buy gold as a

haven if they don't buy it now?" said Fredric Panizzutti, head of research at MKS SA in Geneva. "It looks like

Oil prices are already struggling with people really don't consider gold as a safe haven anymore."

The price of gold has battered Canadian stock markets, with the benchmark Toronto Stock Exchange index Russia also is normally the world's falling nearly 9 percent this week.

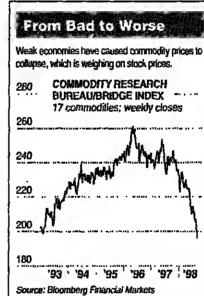
amounts with the Russian situation and the Japanese crisis," said Gordon Hig-gins, a portfolio manager at Elliot & Page Ltd. "If there's a global recession, demand for commodities will drop."
. Stocks in South Africa, the world's

largest gold producer, finished at a four-year low Friday.

Grain prices also are dropping as good growing weather in the U.S. Midwest

helped crops mature as much as two weeks faster than they did a year ago. setting the stage for an early harvest. Corn prices fell to a 10-year low riday on speculation that a bumper U.S. harvest will overburden supplies amid poor demand from Russia, Japan

and elsewhere. "There's an avalanche of grain get-ting ready to hit the market," said Tim Hannagan, an analyst with Alaron Trad-



Analysts say commodity prices, and the pain that they are hringing to already troubled economies, have a way to go before they hit bottom. "I don't think we are there yet." said Richard Berner, chief economist of Mellon Bank in Pittsburgh. (NYT, Bloomberg, Remers)

IMF May Wait A Month to Help Russia

By Louis Uchitelle New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - Rather than give Russia a quick infusion of money in an emergency attempt to ease its economic crisis, the International Monetary Fund has apparently decided to take up to a month to consider whether to lend Rus-

sia more money.
In August, the IMF lent Russia \$4.8 billion and agreed to consider an additional payout of \$4.3 billion in late September. What the IMF appears to be trying above all to resurrect, even as the ruble slides precipitously, are two priority clauses in the agreement, which was never approved by Parliament. The IMF continues to insist that the

Russian government achieve a balanced budget in two or three years, improving tax collections to achieve this goal. The deficit now is an alarming 5 percent of

the current budget. The other clause specifies a reliable system for converting rubles into dollars and other hard currencies in an unrestricted or nearly unrestricted foreignexchange market. Conversion of rubles

to dollars was suspended Thursday. The IMF, in renim, would agree to let Russia repay foreign lenders less than 100 cents on the dollar, a concession the IMF has already allowed in some Asian countries. A year ago, before the Asian crisis began to spread economic stagnation and market panic across much of the globe, such concessions in debt repayment were not on the table.

Foreign lenders, including several U.S. banks, hold more than \$10 billion in short-term Russian Treasury securities denominated in rubles. Acting unilaterally, the Russians on

Tuesday stretched out payment of these securities for three years or more, in effect assuring that their dollar value will be eroded by devaluations of the ruble.

IMF officials have not publicly at-tacked the move. And some lenders in the private sector seem ready to go along with moderate debt write-downs, as long as future payment of the lesser amount is guaranteed.

Concerned that the crisis might spread to Latin America, the IMF has invited top Latin policy makers to Washington for discussions next week.

The next IMF loan to Russia, for \$4.3 billion, is scheduled for disbursement in late September. That gives the Russians time to "get their economy back on track," as some officials put it, without halting the flow of IMF money. Since the Soviet Union dissolved in late 1991, Russia has received more than \$21 billion in loans from the IMF, mostly to support the ruble, and the Russians have repaid these loans on schedule, sending more than \$5 billion back to the IMF through June.

The IMF has anthorized an additional \$10 billion to Russia, including the \$4.3 billion scheduled for September, if Viktor Chemomyrdin, the new prime min-ister, and the IMF can reach agreement.

BANKS: Russia Struggles to Rein Them In

Continued from Page 9

takeover plan and demanded that the

Kremlin pay "hundreds of millions of dollars" in obligations, presumably in Mr. Chernomyrdin may be somewhere in the middle. A draft economic

program approved by his supporters in the Duma (or lower house of Parliament) on Thursday called for increased protection of banks and depositors, but offered no specifics. So far, the government has shut only one of the top 15 banks, Imperial Bank, which had defaulted earlier on a \$50

million foreign loan and was closed Wednesday.
In terms of global finance, this battle seems at first to be almost insignificant. The combined assets of all Russian

banks as figured by the Central Bank last January totaled a mere \$100 billion — less than the ninth-largest bank in America. One motive behind the string of mergers, some analysts say, is for weak banks to ally themselves with the few banks that serve households and small businesses, reasoning that the government will nurse those banks first. But assets and deposits are not what count

most in the current crisis. The banks matter in part because they fed the government's appetite for easy credit over the last five years, when

deficits were mounting. Some of Russia's biggest banks established industrial empires — and close ties to politicians — by lending the government money, then accepting shares of state-owned companies in lien of payment on the loans. This in turn provided capital for other, riskier ven-tures such as currency speculation.

Between the beginning of 1995 and

the middle of 1996, the volume of shortterm government debt ballooned from

1.5 percent of the nation's gross domestic product to close to g percent.

And of that, as much as 5 percent was
interest payments to bondholders—
reimarily bears. primarily banks. When Russia declared a temporary

rubles in short-term bonds -- then about \$17 billion - at interest rates as high as Many large banks are the string that ties together the business conglomerates of the oligarchs and other financiers. It is also commonly believed that big banks move money in and out of

halt to paying off its bond debt on Aug. 17, Russian banks held 105 billion

Russia for tax and investment pur-A huge amount of money has fled Russia — according to Credit Suisse First Boston, at least \$66 billion from 1994 to 1997 alone. Cyprus, the best-known offshore tax haven, is bome to at least 2,000 subsidiaries of Russian companies, according to Steven Shevoley, a vice president at Thomson Bank-

watch in Cyprus.

Had that money remained in the country, it would have spurred domestic investment and reduced the government's need for deficit spending, one

root of its current woes.

Meanwhile, wrongheaded investments, speculation and lending have cost banks at least 190 hillion rubles this year alone, according to the investment firm Brunswick Warburg.

That is roughly \$22.5 billion at this week's rate of 8.5 rubles per dollar, and far more at the rate that prevailed earlier

this year of about 6 rubles per dollar. The banks have inadvertently worsened the government's problems since the full-blown fiscal crisis

HONG KONG — Regent Pacific Group Ltd., a Hong Kong-based manager of specialized investment funds, said Friday it had suspended dealing in 12 Russia, Eastern Europe and Central Asia funds in the wake of the financial crisis in Russia.

debt securities. Investors in suspended funds cannot redeem their money, nor can new investors enter the funds. Dealing is to resume as soon as the status of the ruble and Russian debt are clarified, Regent said.

emerged this month hy rushing to con-

of its hard-currency reserves defending the ruble, in part from its own banks.

Regent Pacific Halts Russia Fund Trades

The suspension was caused by difficulty valuing the shares fol-lowing Russia's decision to first devalue and then halt trading in the ruble this week, as well as uncertainty about the details of how Russia will restructure its government

> the government was considering meaindex futures.

vert their own ruble holdings into dol-

When the government tried to free np cash for strapped banks late last week by reducing the amount of capital they are required to keep on hand, virtually all the freed money was immediately con-verted into dollars — and the ruble dropped another 10 percent in a single day. In the last 10 days alone, the government has spent more than \$2 billion

The futility of that effort became apparent this week, when the Central Bank finally announced that it would stop defending the ruble and shut down the corrency exchange.

HONG KONG: Government Buys Stocks

Continued from Page I

are very willing to support us if there is a need to do so," he said. Several analysts argued that the stock market would plummet as soon as the government stopped supporting it. And some said that Hong Kong was squan-dering both its reserves and its reputation as the freest financial market in Asia.

'In the short run, if you pour billions of dollars into stocks, you can pump up the market," said Steve Hanke, a pro-fessor of applied economics at Johns Hopkins University. "But in the long run, this is doorned to fail because it convinces speculators that Hong Kong can't take the pain." Hong Kong may not stop at simple intervention. Sir Donald announced that

sures to curb "manipulative practices." These could toclude restrictions on the short selling of stocks and increased disclosure requirements in the trading of Hong Kong would not be the first Asian market to place restrictions on certain kinds of trading. Japan, South Korea and Malaysia all do it, just as they intervene in their markets. But Hong Kong has long taken pride in its repu-tation as the New York of Asia — a

meets Chinese entrepreneurship. As it bappens, some analysts believe the government has been forced to act by Hong Kong's most prominent entrepreneurs — the property tycoons — who bave seen their share holdings decline in value by 50 percent since last year. Two months ago, the government announced it would suspend sales of land in an effort to halt the downward

market where American openness

spiral of property prices.
"The irony is that the government is

taking the people's money and using it to bail out the property developers." said Marc Faber, an investment adviser

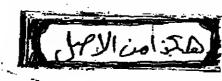
and managing director of his own brokerage house. Sir Donald dismissed the suggestion that the government was putting Hong Kong's reserves at risk. He noted that the Hang Seng index had risen 1,200 points since the intervention began, which means that the government owns more in phares than it did in cash before more in shares than it did in cash before

it began buying.
Still, the government's buying spree has put it in the uncharacteristic — and potentially awkward — position of being a major shareholder in many blue-chip Hong Kong companies. For example, the government now owns a stake in HSBC Holdings PLC, the parent company of Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp. Traders said that one of HSBC's brokerage subsidiaries was buying shares on behalf of the government, raising questions about a conflict of interest.

about owning large stakes in Hong Kong companies — nor about the potential negative effect of dumping those positions on the open market once the intervention was over. Beyond the mechanics of the market. Hong Kong's intervention has rekindled a debate about how much governments can - and should - intervene to protect themselves from the

Sir Donald said he was not concerned

vagaries of the global marketplace. In Hong Kong, the debate is com-plicated by the fact that the territory has set itself up as a mecca for global capital. Last year, the Hang Seng index rocketed to 16,000 points as foreign investors poured money into shares of "red chips" - Chinese companies with publicly listed Hong Kong sub-



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State Pension Plans

Monthly payments and pension terms in selected countries, latest data available, translated at current foreign-exchange rates.

Australia 655 Australian dollars: Retirement age: 65 for men, 61 for women (rising to 65 in 2013). Type of system: Social insurance and social assistance. Contribution rate: None (funded

Brazil 130-956 reals:

\$111-\$819 Minimum (same as minimum wage). Retirement age: 65 for men (60 in rural areas), 60 for women (55 in rural areas). Proposed legislation would discourage early ratirement. Type of system: Social insurance for employed people. Contribution rate: Employee: 8% to 10% of earnings. Employer: 20% of

Britain £287.08

en Kenetion

Do the J

Average for single person. Retirement age: 65 men, 60 women, rising to 65 by 2020. Type of system: Pension and optional semingsslated supplemental plan. No early retirement. Contribution rate: Employees: 2% on first £82 per week, 8% on belence up to £465. Employer: 3%-10% of employee's earnings depending on level and whether employee has supplemental plan.

Canada 797 Canadian dollars

Pletirement age: 65. Early retirement allowed starting at 60, with reduced benefits. Type of system Universal pension for all residents plus earnings-related pension for workers. Contribution rate: None for universal pension (funded from general revenue). Earnings-related pension: Employee, 3.2% of earnings, up to Can\$38,900. Employer, 3.2% of payroll.

Chile 55.037 peeos

Minimum after 20 years of contributions to new plan. Retirement age: 65 men, 60 women. Early retiremen if pension is at least 50% of average wage over last 10 years and equal to at least 10% of minimum old-age pension. System: Mandatory private insurance since 1981; covers 90% of pop. Previous social insurance system covers the rest. Contribution rate: Employee mly, 10% of earnings, up to max, of 60 monetary units In Jan. 1997, 1 monetary unit=13,426 pesos.

Egypt E£55 to ££590

Minimum-maximum (otherwise 80% of avg. earnings). Retirement age: 60. Type of system: Social Insurance system. Contribution rate: Employee: 14 % of basic pay up to E£337.50 (rising to E£500 in coming years) plus 11% of variable wage comprising base pay in excess of E2500 plus other compensation, including bonuses and commissions. Employer: 26% of basic wage, 24 % of variable wage.

France 5,936 francs ... \$985

Retirement age: 60 or 65, depending on number of quarters worked. Type of system: Social Insurance Contribution tate: Employee: 6.55% of earnings plus 3.4% of 95 percent income. Employer: 8.2% of covered earnings plus 1.6% of total payroll.

TW (ex-East) 1548 -2.012 DM \$862-\$1.120 Post-tax range, depending on marital status. Hetirement age: 63 for man (rising to 55 by 2009), 60 for women (fising to 65 by 2018) Type of system Social Insurance, Contribution rate: Employee: none i y monthly saming below 610 DM, otherwise 10.15 bercent of samings, up to 98,400 DM per year. Employer 10.15 percent of payrolt 20.3 percent if employee sams below 610 DM.

Germany (sa-West) 1,867-2,677DM \$1,039-\$1,490 Post-tax range, depending on markal status nt age: 63 for men (rising to 65 by 2009), 60 for women (rising to 65 by 2018). Type of system Social Insurance, Contribution rate: Employee: none if monthly earnings below 610 DM, otherwise 10.15% of earnings, up to 98,400 DM per year. Employer: 10.15% of payrolt, 20.3% if employee sams below 610 DM.

Japan 65,460 yen

Besic rate for workers retiring at 65.
Retirement age: 65. Early retirement at reduced rates possible starting at 60, pension is increased for retirement after 65. Type of system: Social insurance. Contribution rate: Employee: 8.675% of earnings from 92,000 to 580,000 yen (different for some wage classes). Employer: 8,675% of earnings from 92,000 to 580,000 yen (different for some wage classes).

Mented people (each) - single people. Retirement age: 65: early retirement possible at reduced rate, retirement not mandatory. Type of system: Social insurance. Contribution rate: Employee: 15.4% of earnings. Employer: pays earnings supplement to employee to compensate part of contribution.

Poland 274 zlotys Minimum (39% of average national salary)

nt age: To be determined. Type of system: Partiament considering multiple pillar program. Contribution rate: 45 percent of payroll (old

\$72.50

\$761

\$167 Singapore 297 Singapore dollars

Retirement age: Workers may retire at 55. Type of n: Provident fund. Contribution rate: Employee 20% of earnings in excess of 200 Singapore dollars a month, lower rates for workers over 55. Employer: 20 percent of earnings in excess of 50 dollars a month, ower rates for workers over 55.

Sweden 2,333-14,447 kronor \$280-\$1,734 Retirement age: 65. Early retirement possible at 60 at reduced rates, deferred ratirement at higher rates passible until 70. System: Social insurance/universal plus earnings-related; legislation creating a 2d pillar for individual investment passed in June. Committee investment ecien 2,333-14,447 kronor

United States

Retirement ages 65 (rising to 67 in 2027). Type of system: Social insurance for gainfully employed people, size of pension based on covered earnings. Means-rested allowance payable to those in need under separate Supplemental Security Income program. Contribution rate: Employee, 8.2% of samings up to \$65,400. Employer, 6.2% of payroll.

State Pensions: It's Not Your Father's Social Security

By Ann Brocklehurst

ONFRONTED with aging populations and national pension plans designed for younger societies, countries around the world are moving to reform their oldage security systems. Many nations are abandoning the idea that governments should be solely responsible for retirement, shifting onto their citizens some of the decisions on how their oldage funds are invested. The wisdom of those choices determines the level of monthly retirement benefits.

Not only is there added responsibility for today's workers, but they often have to wait longer to retire than did their parents and grandparents. Normal retirement ages are being raised to 65, with many countries doing away with preferences for women, and some systems encourage workers to remain at work until 70 or beyond.

The reforms undertaken so far vary widely according to the old-age security system already in place, but in most cases they involve a scaling down of the state pension system and a shift toward private investment. A report entitled Maintaining Prosperity in an Aging Society, released earlier this year hy the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. noted: "No two OECD countries have identical pension systems, nor do they face identical fiscal pressures. But in almost all of them, reforms have already had to be introduced to prevent expenditure on public pensions from running ahead of receipts, and in most of them, it is estimated that further significant reforms will need to be implemented in future."

While the number of older people is growing faster in non-OECD countries than in those developed nations, the percentage of older people in the former remains relatively small, especially in Africa and South Asia. In these areas, where pension systems range from nonexistent to minimal, it is mostly family members who continue to look after the elderly.

China, the country with the largest population, has a patchwork of systems, with local governments and employers variously responsible for the current plans. Monthly payments are different in different regions, and retirement ages are relatively young: some women can stop working and get their pensions at 50, though professionals and all men must wait until 60. The systems tend to tax workers lightly, from 3 percent to 5 percent of earnings plus np to 8 percent more for individual retirement accounts, while employers can pay more than a third of a

worker's salary in pension-related taxes.

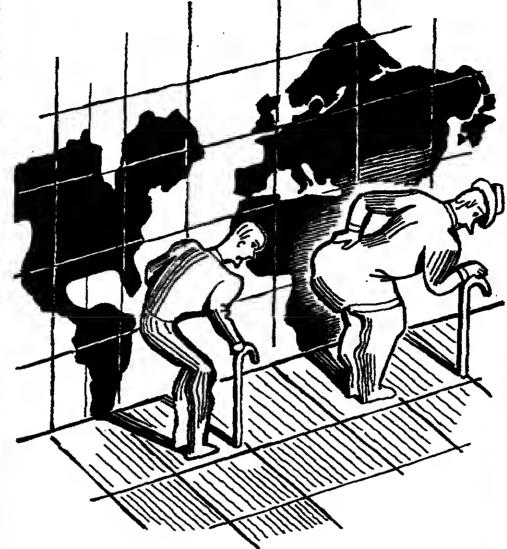
The need for pension reform is especially pressing in Continental Europe, which is aging rapidly, and lagging far behind the United States and Britain in developing private pensions, according to David Hale, global chief economist at Zurich Kemper In-

vestments Inc. in Chicago. Germany is a striking example. The state currently pays generous pensions worth 70 per-cent of the salaries retirees earned in their final years at work. But Mr. Hale their pension reserves equal to 25 to 50 percent of

their potential liabilities." With more than one-third of Germany's population forecast to be over 60 in 2030 and only 1.26 children in the median family, the country's pay-as-you-go system, which uses contributious from current workers to pay pensions, clearly is

Not surprisingly, there is growing discussion in Germany about the justice of the current system. Retired Germans are seen as benefiting from fat pensions after earning good salaries in the Wirtschaftswunder decades of the post-World War II economic miracle. Younger Germans, on the other hand, face high unemployment and taxes as the country copes with structural economic problems and paying the costs of reunification.

Last year, the government introduced a pension reform plan that would trim contributions from the 1997 level of 20.3 percent (split between employer and employee) over the next two decades. But shortly afterward, it contradicted its long-term goals and moved to increase temporarily the rate to 21 percent to keep the



pension system affoat. But subsequent opposition prevented the increase from being included in the pension-reform plan.

The German situation is a clear illustration of

the difficulty of changing a pension system that citizens see as an entitlement despite its cost to

younger workers. Changes are almost always introduced over a long time frame. The Germans will take until 2009 to raise the retirement age to 65 from 63 for men and until 2018 to boost it to 65 from 60 for women. In Australia, the retirement age for women will be

raised by six months every two years 65 in 2013. In Brita timate that German companies have shortfalls in who can now retire at 60, will see the age

increased to 65 by 2020. Before passing legislation reforming its oldage security system in June, Sweden studied the issue for more than a decade. The country's low economic growth rates over the past 20 years, combined with the increasing number of retirees receiving high pensions, meant the old system would have faced considerable problems when those born in the 1940s begin to retire around

Under the reformed system, those born in 1954 and later will receive pensions according to the new rules. These provide that 18.5 percent of an individual's lifetime income is to be paid into a defined-contribution system, with half coming from the employee and half from the employer. This is in contrast to the old system where the employer and government paid most of the costs for a defined-benefit system.

Of the 18.5 percentage points, 16 will form a pension entitlement registered on the individual's own national account. This will be used to finance pension payments in the same year (the pay-as-you-go plan). The other 2.5 percentage

points will be saved and will earn interest in a premium reserve account. The person insured will be able to invest in a variety of mutual funds or simply let the money be managed by the state-owned National Swedish Pension Fund. On retirement, the insured person will receive the

capital and the accrued earnings.

The new Swedish system is what is known as a multiple-pillar system along the lines being recommended by the World Bank. Estelle James, lead economist in the bank's policy research department, said the bank encouraged systems with three pillars:

 A mandatory publicly managed, tax-fi-anced pillar designed to redistribute income and provide a minimum pension. · A mandatory privately managed, fully fun-

ded pillar for savings. A voluntary pillar for people who want additional protection in old age.

While Ms. James said that she would have leaned toward providing a larger second pillar and smaller first pillar than did the Swedes, she also noted that they were the first nation with a "large mature public pension system to have grappled with this problem. We think of them as being more collectivist and welfare-oriented than the United States, but they're abead of the

Americans," she said.

That may be because the United States has more favorable demographics than the European countries. Its population is aging more slowly and severe problems with the Social Security system are not generally forecast until 2030. Despite this, the United States appears in many ways to be taking the problem more seriously than Germany and France.

America will raise the retirement age to 67 from 65 early in the next century. What is more, in his State of the Union address earlier this year,

President Bill Clinton addressed concerns about the solvency of the Social Security system: "Let us say in all Americans watching tonight, whether you're 70 or 50, or whether you just started paying into the system, Social Security will be the system and the system and the system. there when you need it. Let us make this com-mitment: Social Security first. Let's do that —

R. CLINTON'S SPEECH came almost a year after a presidential advisory council rade three proposals for changing the Social Security system, all of which would allow for the investment of some of the Social Security must fund in the stock market. The proposals ranged from investing about 40 percent of the trust fund in stock funds linked to indexes in setting up personal security accounts, which would be neither held nor managed by the government.

Dean Baker, an economist with the Washington-based Economic Policy Institute, criticized the privatization proposal. "Even if privatization seems plausible at first glance, its promises cannot withstand the scrutiny of careful analysis," he wrote recently in the EPI newsletter. "The exaggerated promises made by privatization advocates depend on three key logical errors:

"First, proponents of privatization improp-erly reflect future returns based on those of the past. Furthermore, they ignore the taxes that would be necessary to finance the transition to a privatized system. Finally, privatizers downplay the administrative costs and regulatory com-plications associated with a Wall Street-managed system.

According to Ms. James of the World Bank, one way to reduce administrative costs is to limit the choice of investment vehicles to pension funds that agree to charge low fees. If there is unconstrained choice, she says that marketing and sales expenses will likely rise to the level of the retail market. These seemingly small expenses can matter, Ms James said: if administrative fees are reduced by one percentage point, it can increase the value of the ultimate pension up to 30 percent.

The interest in finding more avenues of investment for pension funds is not limited to countries shifting from pay-as-you-go social security systems. Earlier this year, Lee Hsien Loong, Singapore's deputy prime minister, announced liberalized investment guidelines for Singaporeans wishing new options for investing the retirement funds they hold in their country's Central Provident Fund.

The Central Provident Fund, set up in 1955, has always operated according to the defined -contribution principal, but the fund was poblicly managed without competition and earned low rates of return. As a result, many Singaporeans retiring today are finding they do not have enough money. With current contribution rates as high as 40 percent (20 percentage points contributed by the employer and 20 hy the employee) compared to 10 percent in 1955, it is little surprise that Singaporeans want better returns on their money.

Under the new system, fund managers will be able to offer a wider range of products to members than the 22 existing ar The Central Provident Fund's board will also hire an independent investment consultant to set up a system to classify the unit trusts according to their risk/return profiles.

The fund's website cautions Singaporeans: "Nobody can guarantee that investments will al-ways be profitable, or that CPF-approved fund managers will always cam a profit. Relaxing the existing restrictions on CPF unit trusts will help fund managers to maximize risk-adjusted returns for their

investors, but it will not guarantee profits."

Ms. James agrees that there is no escaping risk. "In private pensions, you face financial market risk. In public pensions you face political risk," she said. "If the public pension funds don't have enough revenues, they're going to have cut benefits."

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Unsettled Retirements in Store for Euroland's Rolling Stones

By Conrad de Aenlle

UROPEAN Union governments have been driving home the message that their citizens must use corporate and personal pensions to supplement state benefits if they hope to enjoy comfortable re-tirements. If they wish to take advantage of the single labor market and work in different member states, a more subtle message is that they should expect less state help in planning for old age than workers who stay put. European states have diverse rules governing the

amount that can be contributed to private pensions and, more important, how and when pension money will be taxed. In some, contributions are taxed, in others tax is not due until benefits are drawn in retirement. In certain cases, notably in Germany, there are no contributions per se; under these so-called book-reserve systems, companies calculate pension liabilities each year and set aside that amount on their balance sheets.

'Each country in Europe has its own tax rules and other regulations on what an individual can have regarding supplemental benefits," said Val Vardy, a principal in the employee-benefits group of the consultancy Towers Perrin. "If you were to have total tax harmonization in Europe. ideally you could stay in a single pension arrangement wherever you're working, hut at the moment there is no tax harmonization."

Consider a British employee whose company sends him to Germany. The company can continue to make contributions on his behalf in the British pension plan, hut Germany will consider them a taxable part of the employee's com-pensation. If he had remained in Britain, the home revenue authority would not have taxed

The logical alternative, making contributions in the new country, is not possible for this employee because of the German book-reserve

system. Even if he is sent to a country where contributions can be made on his behalf, he may not be there long enough to qualify to receive benefits, and they would be forfeited.

"If you wanted total tax efficiency, you would take out whatever is appropriate and available in the local country, hat these may be entirely different in each country," Ms. Vardy explained. "At retirement, you might have built np benefits in different countries, but you might not be vested. And the benefits may or may not be

taxable and payable to you in the country in which you retire."

Contributing to state pensions for nomadic workers is less problematic than contributing to supplemental, or corporate, pension plans. Under various agreements, usually between pairs of nations, workers can continue to pay into their home systems for several years or else receive prorated pensions from more than one gov-

ernment upon retirement.
"Whether what you get would be the equivalent of what you would have gotten in your home country depends on the generosity of different states' pension schemes, 'Roy Payne, an international benefits consultant at KPMG, observed. This issue is trivial for employees traveling within the European Union but can become troublesome for workers going to and from the union.

"The only time a person would lose out is if he came from outside Europe and spent time in countries working below the minimum time for a pension and they didn't have a intalization agreement with the home country," he explained. The United States has such agreements with most countries in Western Europe, while Russia and many Asian countries do not.

The European Union has long been addressing the issue of harmonizing rules on supplemental pensions, but with little to show for it. In a recent directive, union officials said merely that they wanted member states to allow more flexibility

in transferring pension rights, hut they offered little guidance in how to do it.

"This has been going on for 10 years; the recent law is just window-dressing," John Shut-tleworth, a partner at PricewaterhouseCoopers, remarked. "It's very messy basically, and to fix it properly you have to recognize all the tax differences in the various countries.

A harmonization proposal has been made hy the last country that would want it approved: the tax haven of Luxembourg. The grand duchy has made a good living in banking and fund man-agement by offering preferential tax rates on interest and investment income for foreigners.

ARMONIZATION efforts threaten its financial-service industry, but officials know that the measure it has put forward, which like all union tax measures requires unanimity, would be vetoed by other states, said Diana Mackay, European head of Lipper Analytical Services, a fund research firm. By making such a proposal, Luxembourg appears to go the extra mile, knowing the journey

will not likely reach its destination.

"It's quite canny on their part," Ms. Mackay said. "Luxembourg needs in be squeaky-clean, to be an integral member of the EU. They say, 'We'll promote a common taxation policy.' It makes them look good, but they know there are other countries that won't approve it."

Other European states have cracked down on their citizens' efforts to bring money to Lux-embourg, so its officials know that the edge in financial services will diminish unless they ap-pear to appease their European allies. The ultimate goal, she said, is to become a regional pension center, where multinationals can set up plans covering all their European workers.

The lethargy in creating uniform pension rules is forcing workers to take more control of their retirement arrangements by saving through per-sonal pensions or hy setting up offshore accounts

and gains from such accounts to accrue tax-free for foreigners.

"It depends where you go, but attractive op-portunities exist in offshore funds and trusts," Mr. Payne said. The greatest possibilities for "creative retirement planning" exists for workers sent ontside Europe to countries, including many in the developing world, with low tax rates on investment.

Ms. Vardy of Towers Perrin said that providing pensions for relocated workers is more a task for the multinational companies that tend to employ them than for the workers themselves.

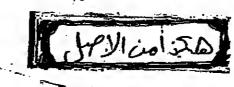
"Personal pensions are fine in places where

they work, but I don't think they're the answer to pension provision for employees across Europe," she said. "Companies have more scope for helping employees obtain appropriate pension provision than individuals." She cited one client of her firm that is "setting

up an arrangement that is transparent and equivalent across Europe; an employee moving to a new country will just slot into that section of the plan and will accumulate benefits and be paid from the same source." The company's costs and tax liability may be different depending on where a traveling employee works, but the employee will notice no difference in paychecks or

nefit statements. The introduction of a single currency in 11 European countries next year "will have an effect on transparency," Ms. Vardy added. "Because of that, companies may realize that they should introduce common pay and benefit ar-

rangements across Europe. But a common currency is not likely to have the impact that common tax and pension rules would. They are "such an important issue for companies and employees for there to be a unified Europe," she said. "The sooner they can provide harmonization on benefit and tax provision, the better."



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THE MONEY REPORT

In a Nasty Market, Concentrated Mutual Funds Are Holding Their Own

T'S getting awfully nasty out there, but, through it all, some people are actually making money—big money. With the help of the number-cranchers at CDA/Wiesenberger, the Rockville, Maryland, mutual-fund tracking in 1 found a dozen H.S. mutual fund tracking to the number of the numb firm, I found a dozen U.S. mutual funds that were op more than 20 percent for the year, four of them up more than 30 percent—even after Thursday's 357-point decline in the Dow Jones industrial average.

I also found a bunch of funds that were down more than 30 percent, and, remarkably, the two groups have something in common. I will compare them below, but first, the nastiness and what you should do about it.

Keep in mind that, despite the 13 percent drop to the Dow since its high of 9,338 on July 17, the index of 30 giant companies is still ahead for 1998 (as of Aug. 27), by about 3 percent. The Standard & Poor's 500-Stock Index, a broader

Four out of five stocks on the Nasdaq are down 30 percent or more from their 12-month highs. Nineteen out of 20 stocks on the New York exchange are down 10 percent or more. The Russell 2000 index of small-cap stocks is down 32 percent since April.

According to Lipper Analytical Services, as trading began Friday, the average growth stock fund still had its head above water, with a gain for the year of 5 percent, but growth and income funds (usually a safer bet) were down by 1 percent and small-cap funds, down 14 percent.

On Thursday, the devastation was broad and deep, reminding me of the passage at the end of "The Dead," James Joyce's sad and beautiful short story: "The snow was general all over Ireland. It was falling on every part of the dark central plain, on the treeless hills, falling softly upon the Bog of Allen and, farther westward...."

Yes, falling everywhere. The large international banks fell: Citicorp fell \$11.88, J.P. Morgan & Co. \$13.19. U.S.A. Floral

small investors holding while panicky professionals unload.

The other good news is that, while they've had a tough

making big money do it the old-fashioned way—by finding a few great

JAMES K. GLASSMAN ON INVESTING companies, buying their

measure of stocks with large capitalizations, is up approximately 7 percent. At this point in the year, the S&P is performing precisely at the pace of its annual average (11 necent) since 1926.

The four general-equity funds that had returned more allowed that had returned more and percent for the year through the closing bell on Thursday were: Janus Twenty, up 36.4 percent; Rydex OTC, up 34.0 percent; Transamerica Premier Aggressive Growth, up 33.6

What these funds have in common is concentration. They put most of their assets in relatively few stocks.

The Transamerica fund is a newcomer, introduced just a year ago. According to its most recent report, its manager, Treick Phillip, has a portfolio of just 18 stocks, compared with fourth of his assets in just three stocks, all huge winners: Dell Computer Corp., the computer retailer, up 198 percent in 1998, Amazon.com Inc., the on-line bookseller, up 295 percent, and Pixar Inc., maker of animated feature films, up 55

The Rydex fund is also concentrated, but according to a formula. It tries to mimic the Nasdaq 100, an capitalizationweighted index comprising the 100 largest over-the-counter stocks. As luck (if that's the word) would have it, the Nasdaq is dominated by three stocks, which account for 43 percent of the total index and which have done very well this year. Products Inc., the year-old roll-up of flower distributors, assembled by Washington entrepreneur Jonathan Ledecky, afternoon; Intel Corp., semiconductors, up 10 percent; and fell 36 percent in a single day. Even a company like Paychex Cisco Systems Inc., oetworking products, up 70 percent.

In fact, Rydex OTC, which is based in Rockville, may be the Bancorp. He continues to love Dell and AOL

The other good news is that, while they we nad a todge week, some mutual funds are making good money this year.

And not by selling short. ProFunds UltraBear, which makes money when markets drop, rose 9 percent on Thursday, but is money when markets drop, rose 9 percent on Thursday, but is based in Denver, who is following in the tradition of Tom Marsico, who used the

same strategy of concentratioo from 1988 to 1997 to build Janus Twenty from a \$7 mil-

lico dwarf to an \$8 billion giant. Mr. Marsico is not doing badly himself. After what Morningstar Mntual Funds, the research service, called a "somewhat acrimonious departure" from Janus last year, he set up his own fund, Marsico Focus, also based in Denver. His top six boldings — Ford Motor Co. Dell, Pfizer Inc., Warner-Lambert Co., Citicorp and Merrill Lynch & Co. — represent an incredible 45 percent of his portfolio. So far this year, Marsico Focus has returned 25 percent — down from a 39 percent

return as recently as Aug. I. But back to the amazing Mr. Schoelzel, who just turned 40. about 100 for the average fund and 285 for Fidelity Growth & As of his last report (June 30), Janus Twenty was beaded by Income. At the start of the year, Mr. Phillip had more than one-fourth of his assets in just three stocks, all huge winners: Dell centical company that makes Viagra, 7 percent, America Online Inc., 6 percent, Warner-Lambert, 6 percent, Cisco, 5 percent, and General Electric Co., 5 percent.
When 1 talked to him Friday, Mr. Schoelzel said he was

king advantage of the downturn in the market to put some of his cash and short-term bonds (about 15 percent of his assets) to work. "There are some really great franchises out there that have been blitzed," be said, citing SAP AG, the German software company, and Nokia Oyj, the Finnish cellular-phone maker. "I'm buying selectively," he says. "These insane times give you opportunities."

the merger plan because it would only allow half of the

shareholders to subsequently

cash out their investments at

the face value of the merged

sition to its management of

the funds in recent months.

The asset manager, formerly

known as Scudder, Stevens &

cently, the discount has been

Shareholder activism bas

been increasing at closed-end

funds, which differ from open-ended funds by having a

fixed number of shares.

Rather than buying or selling shares from the fund itself.

investors must trade them like

stocks, and the price of the

fund shares can be higher or

lower than the value of the

One way of addressing that

discrepancy is to change the

fund to open-ended status, as Growth Fund of Spain's di-

rectors decided to do. Once it

has become open-ended, in-

vestors can sell their shares in a

fund back to the manager, who

redeems them the net-asset

value. If other investors do not

assets held by a fund.

about 10 percent.

Inc. last year.

Mr. Schoelzel also founded the Janus Olympus fund in 1996, which applies the concentration strategy to a mid- and small-cap stocks as well as the large-caps that comprise Janus Twenty. That fund, now ruo by Claire Young, age 34, has returned 23 percent this year.

The idea behind the strategy of concentration is simple: A smaller portfolio allows managers to concentrate their brain-power on only a few stocks, so they'll make better judgments. Academic research shows that only 10 to 20 stocks are needed to reduce risk through diversification.

But is concentration really such a good strategy in practice? Josb Charlson of Morningstar wrote recently that his firm's research found that, "contrary to the convencional wisdom," ... concentrated funds tend to have higher risk and lower returns than the average fund." Still, he said that these findings do not "negate the value of concentrated funds for

individual investors. These funds, he writes are "a stage for stock-pickers," and he warns, "most stock-pickers just don't have the talent to achieve the consistently superior performance that creates

Remember that even stock-pickers who have done well in ... the past can crash and burn with concentrated portfolios while,

with large portfolios, they won't stray far from the market, Look at what has happened this year to Crabbe Huson Special, managed by Jim Crabbe. Between 1992 and 1994, the concentrated style was a huge winner for Mr. Crabbe, as he whipped the market by an average of 20 percentage points a year. But, so far in 1998, the fund, which half its assets in just.

nine stocks, is down a shocking 44 percent. The other buge loser among general equity funds this year, ; Dreyfus Aggressive Growth, also has a coocentrated portfolio, but, unlike Janus Twenty, Michael Schonberg (replaced in April by Paul LaRocco) picked the wroog stocks — dogs like Chromatics Color Sciences International Inc., down 62

percent this year. Bob Carlson, editor of Retirement Watch newsletter, was Mr. Schoelzel, who says he has "100 percent of my own money in the fund," remains high on the financial stocks he owns, including Merrill Lynch & Co., Citicorp and U.S. oeed a great manager. Otherwise, you can lose a bundle. right to tell readers to own concentrated funds in a "narrow" : market like this one. But there is a risk: With such funds, you

Obscure Fund Polishes Up Its Image

Amway Considers Expanding Its Financial Vehicle Into a Family

By Edward Wyatt

FTER DECADES of ped- he said. dling soap, detergent and toothpaste, Amway Corp. wants to clean up in another line of business: mutual funds.

oot be hawking fund shares at the office water cooler, oor will they seek to
sign up their friends and neighbors to
sell the fund in the type of multilevel
marketing plan for which the company
is farmers. In January, for
example, Amway bought \$14.1 miltion in fund shares, equivalent to about
10 percent of the fund's assets, which it
transferred to distributors as bonuses.

It is "probably logical for us to have
an array of different types of funds" to
serve the retirement market, Mr.
Rosloniec said, including a fixed-inis famous.

The company sells a line of comthe world and owns the majority of Amway Japan Ltd. and Amway Asia

Pacific Ltd. For oow, at least, Amway distribcompany's mutual fund efforts. "But otors. we would like to make the fund more

In short, Araway wants its \$162 million stock fund to grow and possibly In addition, shareholders recently apmultiply into a family of mutual funds. The fund was started in 1971, making it older than most diversified equity funds. While it has never finished at the the fund's 3 percent sales charge and top of the fund rankings, it has rarely strayed far from the middle of the pack 12b-1, fee, of 0.25 percent. That fee of the large-capitalization funds in the can be used to compensate financial United States tracked by Morningstar advisers or others who might even-inc., the financial-information publish-tually sell shares of the fund.

erage of 15.2 percent a year, less than the 18.3 percent of the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index but ahead of the 14 percent average result tributors do not have.

of its American large-cap value peers.

Certain Amway distributors, in dition to receiving an annual cash bonus based on product sales, can also even more investors by participating in retirement programs. But to crack that ne of business: mutual funds.

Amway's army of distributors will is paid in fund shares. In January, for

HEREFORE, while the Amway mercial and household products inquires, Amway employees and through salespeople who sell directly distributors own the vast majority of to their families, friends and other act. The fund states. The largest holder, the form of appreciated shares of quaintances. It sells its products around with 15 percent of the shares, is a stock partnership and foundation affiliated with Jay Van Andel, one of Amway's two co-founders.

The sales expansion effort, at least utors are the target buyers, oot sellers, initially, is likely to be low-key. "I sales," said James Rosloniec, an Am- formation about the fund in monthly way vice president who oversees the advertising packages mailed to distrib-

> Amway is also looking for a "national marketing organizatioo'' to help expand its reach, Mr. Rosloniec said. proved several changes intended to make the fund "more marketable."

> Among other things, they eliminated

So why would a giant direct marketer use intermediaries to sell its mn-VER THE 10 years ended Aug. tual fund? Fund shares, like those of 21, the fund returned an avordinary companies, are securities, and ordinary companies, are securities, and to sell them in the United States an individual is required to hold a license
— something that most Amway dis-

f its American large-cap value peers. Answay argues that the expansion The fund has remained small, Mr. will bolster the fund's assets, which, Rosloniec said, because Armway has through economies of scale, may result never really tried to attract investors. in a lower expense ratio. Last year,

'It was started as a sort of paternal fund shareholders paid 0.90 percent of thing on the part of the company's assets in expenses, not including the 3 owners, a kind of savings program," percent sales load. This year, including percent sales load. This year, including the 12b-1 fee, they will pay 1.15 per-

market, the company will probably have to expand its menu of offerings.

lection of separate states. come fund. Also under consideration is fund is open to any investor who a charitable gift trust, similar to one inquires, Amway employees and offered by Fidelity, which allows investors to make charitable donations in

THE QUESTION of who will manage or be the sub-adviser for any new offerings will depend on the funds' investment objectives. of shares of the Amway Mutual fund. don't anticipate that we'll be taking out The portfolio of the existing fund is "This is not soap, where we market to an ad in the newspaper next to Fi-our distributors and they sell to cus-delity," Mr. Rosioniec said Instead, New York money manager that has the end of June, the fund's assets were spread across about 80 stocks, mostly blue chips.

> Not among them is the competing household goods maker Procter & Gamble Co., which has sped Amway twice, and certain of its distributors at least seven times since the early 1980s, contending that the company encouraged its distributors to spread false statements about the company, including rumors linking Procter & Gamble

> Amway has denied the accusations, contending that Procter & Gamble has engaged in a false public relations cam-

> paign of its own. Prospective investors should be aware of one key difference between Arnway Mntual and the company's nonfinancial products. Unlike, say, Amway's Glister toothpaste, the fund does not come with a money-back

New York Times Service

FOR INFORMATION about the Amery Memori fund, call 1 616 667 6283, or, toll-free in the United States, 1 820 346 6283.

BRIEFCASE

An EMU Boost For Italy and Spain

The stock markets of Italy schaft Berlin AG tried to put and Spain could be among the two members on the Growth early beneficiaries of Euro-Fund of Spain board last year pean Economic and Monetary Union, at the expense of those the share price of the fund, in in France and the Netherlands, in the opinion of analysts at shareholder, while Deep Dis-Morgan Stanley Dean Witter & Co. The reason, they say, is holds more than 20 percent of re-benchmarking — the anticipated shift by portfolio managers to viewing the regioo as a single market rather than a col-

It is commoo now for institutional investors, such as pension funds, to allocate funds' holdings, many of the assets reserved Scudder has faced oppofor equities to their home market and divide the rest among the various markets within and without Europe. On Jan.1, when the curo is introduced as the currency for 11 European Union states, the domestic market for investors in each state will effectively

encompass all 11. That will mean a flow of funds out of markets that are New York Stock Exchange at large for the size of their discouous of up to 20 percent distribution of funds across a letter to other shareholders the euro zone, based on regional stock indexes, a study

by Morgan Stanley says. The markets that are likely to suffer - France the Netherlands, Ireland and Austriaare those with heavy investment by local institutions, due to traditions of equity investment and corporate pension provision (that is what made the markets relatively large in the first place). Ireland could be hardest hit, with 60 percent of its capitalization going else-

where, the analysts warn. The markets with the most to gain are in countries where the state has a large role in pension provision, such as the southern countries, or where the preferred investment is bonds, those same countries plus Germany.

Other effects expected from re-benchmarking, according to the study, are an increased emphasis on large-capitalization issues, the sort likely to make np regional indexes, and allocation based oo industry sectors, with money flowing especially into pan-European leaders within sectors. Conversely, reduced interest should be shown in national champions, big companies that domestic managers have

felt compelled to own. The analysts stress that the effect of re-benchmarking depends on the overall flow of funds into and among European stocks. If the market is awash with money, as it has been the last few years, the effect will be muted, except in Ireland, where the presumed consequences are especially dire.

On the other hand, "if the equity-market inflows were to dry up," they caution, "the rebenchmarking flows would become crucial because they would comprise a greater share of the money moving among markets. (IHT) among markets.

Scudder Spain Fund To Shift to Open-End

a closed-end mutual fund run by Scudder Kemper Investments Inc., said last week that it would convert to open-end status after plans to merge it with Scudder Spain & Por-Both funds invest in Span-

ish stocks and both have been wish to buy the shares, the ing from fears that their exunder pressure from hig manager can sell assets from shareholders. Bankgesellthe portfolio to raise cash.

The plan to convert two members on the Growth open-ended status is subject as part of an effort to increase to approval by two-thirds of its shareholders, who are which it is an 11 percent scheduled to vote Oct. 28, If count Advisers Inc., which the fund will keep its name and be managed by Scudder Scudder Spain & Portugal Fund, said it would oppose Kemper. (Reuters)

THE INTERNET CLOSED-ENO INVESTOR SITE lists and evaluates major international closed-end funds. It can be consulted at ware, let ill conficer/funds-than

Detour for Shares In European Autos

European carmaker stocks current market turmoil, suffer-

pansion into emerging markets will reduce their profitability.

Fiat SpA and Volkswagen Growth Fund of Spain to AG, which bave made sizable committments to markets: snch as Brazil in recent years, have lost about 23 percent of their value in August As a the conversion is approved, whole, European automakers are down about 17 percent for the month.

"It is all about fear of a worldwide economic crisis, which its the auto stocks first," said Timo Graucob, an analyst at Merck, Finck & Co. in Milan. Yet, he things it is "an exaggerated decline."Optimistic analysis see low-oil prices and Europe's growing economy as were hit especially hard by the providing hope for the auto-(Bloomberg)

Clark Inc., was acquired by Zurich Kemper Investments Subscribe and SAVE Although Growth Fund of up to 53% off Spain has posted strong returns in recent years, its the cover price. shares have traded oo the Also available: PAY MONTHLY last year, Bankgesellschaft by easy, low cost, Berlin cited the wide discount to net-asset value as a reasoo it was seeking to put repre-sentatives on the board. Re-

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Fast-Food Stocks Whet Investors' Appetites

pizza, tacos or burgers, but shares in the companies that produce and sell the stuff. Since the Money Report checked in with global restaurant analysts last November, all but one of their favorites have proved to be sound investment choices, confirming fast food's enduring appeal to investors in the face of economic turmoil and volatile stock markets. Moreover, these companies should continue to do well, according to their ad-

The award for resilience goes to Mc-Donald's Corp., where the atmosphere has changed sharply from nine months ago when it was struggling in its American operations. Then, Peter Oakes of Merrill Lynch & Co. rose to its defense, asserting that investors were ignoring the fact that it was really a global company with more than 60 percent of its

income from overseas. Since that time, two of the company's biggest overseas markets, Germany and France, have taken off, and its domestic business has rebounded McDonald's shares have zoomed from \$44 to about \$62.50, and Mr. Oakes still likes the months. "We expect operating profits in Europe to at least match the U.S. in mag-

minde by the end of 1999," he added.

Meanwhile, TelePizza SA of Spain. already a star last autumn, has contioued its spectacular climb, staving off bouts of 58 cents.

RDER up some fast food. Not of volatility and profit taking, and warnings by some analysts that it has become too expensive. Shares stood at 1,405 pesetas (\$9.12) on Friday, compared with 527.50 pesetas in November (adinsted for a 20-for-1 split in May). Yet the company leads many buy lists as it makes acquisitions that have won it 60 percent of Spain's booming pizza mar-ket, and expands into Poland and Por-tugal. TelePizza got a boost in July when it was added to the Madrid Stock Exchange's IBEX 35 blne-chip index, and two of Morgan Stanley Dean Witter &

Co.'s global stock indexes. Back in the United States, a major fast-food surprise came from Tricon Global Restaurants Inc., a spin-off from PepsiCo Inc. Tricon runs Taco Bell, Kentucky Fried Chicken and Pizza Hut, which were seen by many as tired, womout brands, and the company received a lukewarm reception on Wall Street. Few expected it to live up to its catchy stock symbol of YUM.

UT David Trossman of BT Alex Brown was right on target when he recommended Tricon as more of a financial than a food play. After months of cost-cutting, selling units to franchisees and revamping its menus, Tricon announced in mid-August that it expected earnings per share of about 84 cents for the quarter ending Sept. 5, far one analyst, Noriko Takahashi of Waroutstripping analysts' average estimates burg Dillon Read, to raise her rating to a by shareholder opposition. outstripping analysts' average estimates

Investors responded by driving up the share price 14 percent in one day.

Two of the stocks reviewed last November have run into problems, although they still have their advocates. In what could only be appreciated by dedicated pizza gourmets, Papa John's Pizza International, which carved a niche in the U.S. market based on the quality of its ingredients, fell victim to a run-up in the price of mozzarella. With the stringy cheese accounting for 40 percent of Papa's food costs, it burt

profits and the stock price.

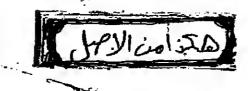
Steven Rockwell, restaurant analyst for BT Alex Brown, noted that sales in Papa John's existing stores were up a strong 7.2 percent in the most recent quarter, calling the lower share price a buying opportunity. "Over the near term, the cheese price is the only cloud on the horizon, he contended."

Bringing up the rear was the Japanese entry, Yoshinoya D&C Co., a fast-food chain, which beld on with its mexpensive Japanese specialties, as the country slipped into recession. But it failed to tempt customers' tastes with its Dunkin' Donnts franchises, which were respnsible for losses of 500 million yen (\$3.47

million) annually. The news that Yoshinoya would end its agreement with Allied Domecq PLC, Dunkin' Donuts' parent, caused at least



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ATP Says It Bans 'Andro' Already

TENNIS The Association of Tennis Professionals on Friday denied a published report that androstenedione had just been added to its list of banned substances, saying players already were forbidden from

The New York Times had earlier reported that the men's tennis or-ganization had banned the testosterone-producing dietary supplement on Thursday. The Times quoted Bill Norris, the ATP Tnur's on-site medical trainer at a tournament in Commack, New York, as saying that players would officially be no-

tified of the ban on Monday, the start of the U.S. Open.
"Contrary to published reports, the ATP Tour did not ban the substance effective vesterday, and that was because it was already covered under our anti-doping program," the tour said in a statement. (AP)

Janzen Is Disqualified

GOLF The U.S. Open winner, Lee Janzen, was disqualified from the NEC World Series of Golf on Friday after a television viewer called to point out that Janzen waited too long for his birdie putt to finally drop on the 17th hole in the first round.

PGA Tour officials agreed with the annnymous caller and disqualified Janzen for signing an incorrect scorecard Thursday since he failed to add a penalty stroke for his

On the par-4 17th hole, Janzen's birdie putt stopped with the ball hanging on the edge of the cup. After at least 20 seconds, and just as Janzen took a step toward the hole

to tap the ball in, it dropped.

The rules stipulate that "when any part of the ball overhangs the lip of the hole, the player is allowed enough time in reach the hole without reasonable delay and an additional 10 seconds to determine whether the ball is at rest." (AP)

Roll of coin

5 Fuller

8 Took in

10 "Later!"

12 Prior to

11 Common

WORLD ROUNDUP Giants Win, Closing The Wild-Card Gap

The Associated Press

Ellis Burks, Jeff Kent and Sbawon Dunston homered as the San Francisco Giants beat the Mets, 11-3, to close within a game of New York and Chicago

in the National League wild-card race. Danny Darwin (8-10) allowed three runs and six hits in 5-1/2 innings on Thursday night for just his second victory since June 8 and drove in his first run of

BASEBALL ROUNDUP

the season for the host Giants, who have won five of their last six.

Armando Reynoso (5-1), who missed the first half of the season while recovering from arm surgery, had won all five of his previous starts but gave up seven runs, 10 hits and five walks in 43/3

Braves 6, Cardinals 4 In Atlanta, Mark McGwire remained at 54 bome runs and hurt the St. Louis Cardinals with a fielding error that led to three runs for the Braves. McGwire, who has seven homers in the Cardinals' last 11 games. was 0 for 4, dropping him to 3 for 23 (.130) against Atlanta this year with one homer and one run batted in.

He popped out in the first against Denny Neagle (13-11), took a called third strike in the fourth, fouled out to first base in the seventh and grounded to shortstop in the ninth against Kerry Ligtenberg, who gnt his 24th save.

Cubs 11, Rockies 10 Sammy Sosa didn't take advantage of hitter-friendly Coors Field, but teammates Mark Grace, Brant Brown and Mickey Morandini did as Chicago beat Colorado in 10 innings.

Oo a night when Sosa went 2 for 5 with one RBI but no home runs, leaving his total at 52, Morandini delivered the winning hit in the 10th.

Padres 8, Phillies 1 Stan Spencer won in his major league debut and Ken Caminiti. Ruben Rivera and Andy Sheets bomered as San Diego completed a three-game sweep, its first sweep in Philadelphia since 1969, at Connie Mack Stadium.

Spencer allowed one run and five hits in six innings, struck out seven and

walked one. Paul Byrd (2-1) gave up seven runs - five earned - and nine hits in 51/2 innings.

Reds 12, Marline 3 In Cincinnati, Sean Casey drove in five runs and Bret Boone homered twice Livan Hernandez (10-10), the losing pitcher, lasted only three innings, matching the second-shortest start of his career.

Steve Parris (4-3) allowed three runs in seven innings to win his third conecutive start.

Phoenix, Rafael Roque limited Arizona to two hits through seven innings. Roque (2-1) walked two and struck out five. Reliever Eric Plunk pitched two perfect innings for his first save as the Brewers became the last team in the majors to shut out an apponent this season.

Dodgers 10, Expos 9 in Los Angeles, Bubby Bonilla and Eric Young hit tworun homers and Adrian Beltre added a solo shot as the Dodgers completed a three-game sweep of Montreal.

Eric Karros and Gary Sheffield also drove in two runs apiece as the Dodgers handed Montreal its eighth straight loss and avenged the Expos' three-game sweep three weeks ago at Olympic Sta-

Darren Dreifort (7-12) allowed seven runs and 11 hits in 73/2 innings en route to his first victory since July 20. In the American League:

Devil Rays 10, Twiss 3 Julio Santana pitched a five-hitter for his first career complete game as host Tampa Bay snapped a five-game losing streak with a victory over Minnesota. Minnesota's designated hitter, Paul

Molitor, moved past Willie Mays into ninth place on the all-time hit list at 3,284 with a first-inning ground-rule double down the right-field line. Athletics 6, Red Sex 3 In Boston, Tom

Candiotti won for the fifth time in his last six starts and Oakland broke a season-long slump against the Red Sox.
The Athletics were 1-9 with a .204

batting average against the Red Sox in their first 10 meetings this season. But on Thursday, Oakland led, 6-0, after four innings and finished with 12 hits.



Alex Rodriguez of the Mariners sliding safely home on a hit as Sandy Alomar of the Indians awaited the throw.

Marinera 10, Indiana 4 Alex Rodriguez hit his 37th homer as Seattle beat the Indians in Cleveland.

The Mariners scored four runs in the first inning on two walks and an error by pitcher Jaret Wright (11-8). Ken Griffey
Jr., leading the American League with 44 homers, went 1 for 5 and did not

bomer. Blue Jays 11, Royals 1 In Toronto, Inse Canseco hit his 36th home run of

the season and Kelvin Escobar came within an ont of the first complete game of his career as the Blue Jays routed Kansas City. Escobar (3-2), a converted reliever,

has allowed just eight earned runs in 35 innings during his first five major league starts. He allowed seven hits in 8% innings, struck out seven and walked one before Carios Almanzar got

the final out.

Chasing the Record

Home run tally for two contenders to break the season record of 61 homers set in 1961 by Roger Maris (right).

MARK McGWIRE

54 0-for-4 with a fielding error vs. Atlanta on Thursday

52 2-for-5 with one RBI vs. Colorado on Thursday

Maris through 132 games: 51



White Sox 7, Orioles 4 in Chicago Greg Norton had three hits, including a two-run homer, and drove in three runs as the White Sox handed Baltimore ils fourth straight loss. Rafael Palmeiro his his career-high 40th home run for the Orioles in the eighth inning, a two-run shot off Bob Howry.

But that didn't prevent the White Son from sweeping three games from Bal-timore, which entered the series with an outstanding 31-11 record since the All-Star break.

toos & Angels 5 In New York Bernie Williams snapped an 0-for-12 slump with an RBI double off the center-field wall with one out in the 11th imming as New York (96-36) matched its

1997 victory total.

With Derek Jener on second, Williams drove a 1-0 puch from Mike Fetters (2-8) to deep left-center that the Annheim center fielder, Jim Edmonds, could not run down before he crashed into the wall.

Jay Tessmer made his major league debut and got the victory in relief. Anaheim won six of II games against the Yankees, who lead every other season

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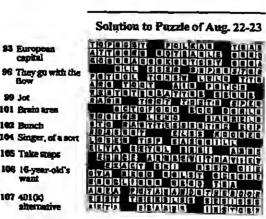
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The IOC does conduct such tests. Its public outcry over the exploitation of foundation of the Olympic movement.

In America/LAN TROMSEN

IOC and Drugs: A Collision Course

OSTON - The consequences of B oston— memor over man McGwire's use of a steroid have little to do with McGwire and everything to do with the future of the Olympic Games.

Sometime in the next century, the International Olympic Committee would like major league baseball players to compete in the Summer Games according to the trend of Dream Teams set down by the NBA and NHL players in recent years. Indeed, if Olympic baseball doesn't go professional soon, the IOC has indicated that it might be eliminated

from the Olympic program altogether. Here is the problem: How could someone like McGwire, the biggest name in baseball this season, survive the Olympic drug tests?

McGwire has neither been violating

the rules of baseball nor breaking American laws by taking androstenedione, an over-the-counter muscle-building drug. American baseball doesn't test its players for that drug, for the more potent anabolic steroids or for any other performance enhancers.

such drugs is at the moral and ethical

The IOC is going to have to do something about that foundation someday, and it's not going to be an easy decision. Over the last decade the Olympics have become a sensational TV sbow. The Games' biggest source of income is the American television network NBC, and the main sponsors are predominantly American corporations that invest in the Olympics in order to air mit high school or even college athletes advertisements around the high-powered

100-meter dash and the female gymnasts

hopping along the balance beam.

When the IOC invited the NBA superstars to compete at Barcelona in 1992, the move was presented as an opening of borders. The IOC said it simply wanted to involve the world's most talented athletes, regardless of their commercial success.

But the practical truth is that the Olympics needed NBA players for the ratings. The IOC was charging top dollar for the TV rights so, as in a big-budget Hollywood blockbuster, it had to bring in the biggest names in show business.

The Games have gone down a path from which there is no return. If they are to follow a hard line in their policing of performance-enhancing drugs, then they probably shouldn't be in partnership with the NBA, which doesn't test its players for illegal anabolic steroids and the like.

Understand that this look-the-otherway approach to drugs is unique to America. Vintually all of the sports leagnes outside America are run by federations that make the claim, at least, of supporting the basic Olympic guidelines on performance-enhancing drugs. Those federations may not agree on a single comprehensive list of such drugs, but at least they make policing those drugs an issue. In the most popular American

sports, it is not an issue If you were to ask American spec-tators whether such drugs should be drammed out of sports entirely, I'm guessing that most of them would express a ho-hum ambivalence. Don't pernear a syringe of devastating Human

Growth Hormone, they might say. But if NFL players, baseball sluggers and NBA power forwards want to use those

drugs, let 'em. It's their decision.

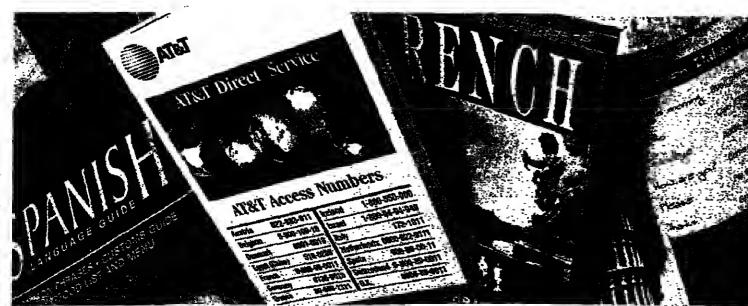
What it comes down to, unfortunately, is the feeling that these drugs lead to better competition. The athletes become larger than life in their physiques, Herculean in their strength and speed The audience doesn't want a return to the days of scrawny sprinters, much less offensive linemen who weigh under 300 pounds (136 kilograms). The unasticulated consensus, in America, at least, is that athletes are performers. They shouldn't look normal. They should look superhuman.

Bless the IOC for keeping performance-enhancing drugs on the agends.
The drugs are poisonous and do not improve the quality of life, but rather reaten it.

But understand, too, that the IOC's public attempts at curbing the use of such drugs is doomed to fail. As a spectacle of television, any quest to abolish tools that improve the spectacle is a quest that is not in the Olympics' business interests.

The people who negotiate TV rights and sponsorships in the billions of doland sponsorships in the billions of dol-lars are the same people who oversee the drug tests — tests that, if found to be positive, would cripple their ability to land those billions. Someday they might decide to give up testing for drugs al-together. They might just find that no one really blames them.

Ian Thomsen is a senior writer for Sports Illustrated magazine.



101 Brain area

165 Take steps

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now you're talking

A STATE OF THE STA



Manning Hurls for 2 TDs As Colts Tame the Lions

The preseason is over for

A Company of the Comp

Peyton Manning.
The richest rookie in National Football League history closed his preseason impressively late on Thursday, passing for 172 yards and two fouchdowns to help the Colts defeat the Detroit Lions, 20-17. in Indianapolis.

Both touchdown tosses ing with all your receivers, went to Marvin Harrison, in- but I threw a lot of balls to chiding a 76-yarder on the first perfective play of the game.

"We saw some things on the first and during training camp and our timing feels good," Manfilm that we thought we might get deep on them early," said Manning, who hit Harrison in stride after he beat former Syracuse teammate Kevin

-Abrams. Manning and Harrison later connected on a 40-yard touchdown play before being given the second half off. The ormer Tennessee star finished the preseason with four far as Troy Aikman is contouchdown passes, complet-ing 32 of 65 passes for 520 yards with three interceptions and only two sacks.

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in 1996, have quickly become without winning.
a potent weapon. Harrison The Jaguars made sure of a potent weapon. Harrison had 11 catches for 296 yards and four touchdowns in the

'Marvin is our most experienced receiver. You always try to develop great tim

NEL PRESEASON

ning said.
The Colts (2-2) will open the regular season Sept. 6 against the Miami Dolphins. Detroit (1-3) opens at Green

Bay. "I'm as ready as I can be," Manning said.

for the Dallas Cowboys. As and Allen isn't talking. cerned, so are the excuses.

For the first time in 12 The only event that has year, years and only the third time shaken up their camp in four De

that Thursday night in Jacksonville, getting sharp play from quarterback Mark Brunell and four turnovers by

"What's important, said Alkman, is that "the preseason is over, and no one can sit here at the end of next Sunday and say we were play-

ing younger players."
He added, "Whatever excuses we had over the last few weeks, we don't have those anvinore.

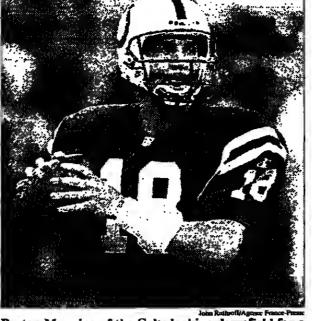
That's not to say their troubles are behind them. On the day before the Cowboys' final preseason game,

left tackle Larry Allen was named in a complaint by a topless dancer who alleged Jaguars 42, Cowboys 20 she was raped at knifepoint. The preseason is finally over No charges have been filed, The Jaguars (2-2) have no

such concerns.

and only two sacks.

in the 39-year history of the years was when Brunell tore interception of the year on the Smith. The Jaguars rushed for He and Harrison, the franchise, the Cowboys went knee ligaments last season third play of the game — a 176 yards and outgained the learn's first-round draft pick through an exhibition season and missed two regular-sea- pass deflected by George Cowboys, 455-230.



Peyton Manning of the Colts looking downfield for a receiver during his team's 20-17 victory over Detroit.

ference in pass efficiency last 22-yard touchdown return year and showed again Thurs- Brunell looked sharp. day night he's poised for a big

Despite throwing his first

son games. He went on to lead Teague and picked out of the face Genk of Belgium, while the American Fontball Conair by Dexter Coakley for a Paris Saint-Germain will

He was 8-of-12 for 148 yards and touchdown passes of 45 and 31 yards to Jimmy

Cup Draw Is Kind to Chelsea

The Associated Press

MONTE CARLO Chelsea will return to Sweden to defend the European Cup Winners' Cup crown that it won in Stockholm last May, the London team learned after Friday's European soccer

Chelsea will face Helsing-borgs in a match that it is 1974 and is among the faexpected to win comfortably. The first leg is at Stamford return two weeks later

soon be boosted by the arrival of star striker Christian Vieri from Athletico Madrid, is the favorite to win the Cup Winners' Cup. The Rome club also has an easy-looking start. against Lausanne of Switzer-

with a tricky match against

Hearts of Scotland. Duisburg of Germany will face Genk of Belgium, while square off against the Israeli cup winners, Maccabi Haifa. In the UEFA Cup, neither last year's winner or runner-

up was in Friday's draw. The cup holder, Inter Milan, qualified for the Champer League, The Associated from the Chapions League, while Lazio, Press reported from Monaco. to the clubs. lan, qualified for the Cham-

the team it beat, 3-0, in last season's final, is in the Cup utive Committee is to meet Winners' Cup.

Among the most eagerly awaited contests will be that between Stuttgart, last season's runner-np in the Cup Winners' Cup and Fey-emoord of the Netherlands. which won the UEFA Cup in media-rights company Media

vorites this year. Italian clubs have won sev-Bridge on Sept. 17, with the en of the last 10 UEFA Cup competitions, but this year its Italy's Lazio, which could entrants face difficult firstround hurdles.

Parma has a tricky match against Fenerbahce of Turkey and Fiorentina has tough opposition in Hadjuk Split.

Udinese, one of the surprise packages of Serie A last year, had the roughest luck of Spain's Majorca, which is all, being paired against Bay-also expected to go far, starts er Leverkusen of Germany.

■ UEFA Girds for Talks

As directors of Europe's biggest clubs swirled around Monte Carlo's famous casino after the Champions League draw, UEFA was finalizing plans Friday to dissuade them from making the gamble of their soccer lives by joining the proposed breakaway Su-

here Saturday and is expected to make changes to its main club compections to avert an unprecedented split in Euro-

PAGE 19

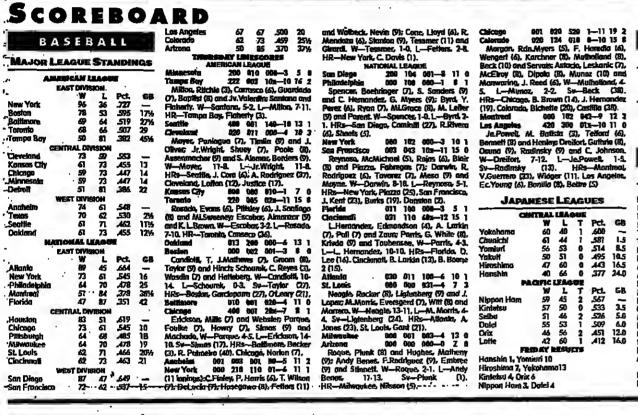
Big clubs are in negonations with the Milan-based

Partners about forming a breakaway league. UEFA has never faced such a threat to its pan-European governance since its formation in 1954.

"There are mixed signals coming from UEFA," said David Brooks, chief soccer analyst at the securities house Nomura International, in London. "On the one hand, it seems that it wants nothing in do with Media Parmers, but at other times its tone is much

more conciliatory. Pundits said UEFA was expected to make several changes to the setup of its competitions, such as combining the Cup Winners' Cup

and UEFA Cup. Among the more contentious issues is whether UEFA would agree to work with Media Partners and if it would distribute more of the income from the Champions League



THEN A VOICE COMES TO ME THAT SAYS.

FOOTBALL NFL PRESEASON

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THURSDAY RESULTS itton 18. British Columbia 8

SOCCER CUP WINNERS' CUP LATE THURSDAY RESULTS
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LATE THURSDAY RESULTS
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FC Halau win 3-1 on oggregate.
Timava Swit, 2 Vardar "Mac., 0
Timava win 3-0 on oggregate.
Helsingborg "Swie., 3 Vardaz, Lie. 0
Helsingborg "Swie., 3 Vardaz, Lie. 0
Helsingborg win 5-0 on oggregate.
Apollon Litonassol "Cyp., 3 Etmones, Lit., 3
Apollon win 5-4 on oggregate.
Hearts "Sco., 5 FC Landono, Est., 0
Haarts win 6-0 on oggregate.
RC Genk, Bel. 4. Apolonia "Alb., 0
Genk win 9-1 on oggregate.
MTK Budgest "Huz., 7 Godu "Fer., 0
Budgest win 10-1 on oggregate.
Kellovijk "Ict., 1 Liepaja, Lat., 0
Liepaja win 4-3 on oggregate. Liepaja win 4-3 on aggregate, Hibernians "Mit., D. Amica Wronki "Pol., " Amico win 5-0 on aggregate.
FIRST ROUND DRAW
Rudar Velenje, Slo., vs. NK Varleks, Cro.
Panionios ,Gre, vs. FC Haka ,Fin.

SV Ried "Avit, vs. MYK Budopest "Hun.
Levski Sofia "Bul, vs. FC Copenhagen. Den.
SC Heerenween, Neith. vs. Amica Wrantii "Pol.
Hearts "Sco., vs. Real Malforca "Spo.
Chelsea "Eng., vs. Hetsingborgs IF "Swe.
MSV Duisburg "Ger. vs. KRC Gent. "Bel,
Besildas "Tur., vs. Sportati Tranva "Svk.
Regid Bucharest "Rom., vs. Velerenga IF "Nor.
Apollon Limesson "Cyp., vs. FK Jobbonec, Cze.
Newcostle United "Eng. vs. FK Partiton "Yug.
Lozia "Ita. vs. Lausanne Sports "Swi.
Puris St Germein "Fra., vs. Maccobi Halfo "sr.
Metolums Liepoola "Lat. vs. Sportfrag Broga. Por.

Metalungs Liepaja "Lal., vs. Sporting P CSKA Kiev "Ulu", vs. Lokomotiv Mos UEFA CUP

PREST ROUND DRAW

Sportu Progue, Cze, vs. Reol Sociedad, Spo. Feneronice, Tur, vs. Porrus Ita.

Blackburn Rovers, Eng, vs. Lyon, Fra.
Dynamo Moscow, Rus, vs. Shortio Rigo, Lat.
Vitoria Guimaruse, Por vs. Cellia, Sco.
VIB Shritgort, Ger, vs. Feyenoord, Neth.
Arges Pitesti, Rann, vs. Cella Vigo, Spa.
Sittehorg IF, Den, vs. As Roma, ita.
LKS Lodz, Pot, vs. As Manaco, Fra.
Anderfecti, Bel, vs. Grasthiopper, Swi.
FC Libeta, Bul, vs. Graz AK, Aust.
Florentian, Ita. vs. Hajdok Spit. Cro.
FC Kosice, Svk., vs. Liverpool, Eng.
Sporling Club, Por, vs. Bologna, Ita.
Mariber, Slo., vs. Wisla Krakow, Pol.
Velle BK, Den, vs. Real Belts, Spo.
Aston Villa, Eng. vs. Stromsgodsel IF, Nor,
Sarva Progue, Cze, vs. Schulke Bd, Ger,
Serveite FC, Swi., vs. CSKA Softa, Bul,
Rad Star Beigrade, Yug., vs. FC Metz, Fra.
Bordeaux, Fra., vs. Rapid Vienna, Aut.
Attelico Machid, Spa., vs. FC Oblic, Yug.
Bedor Jennalem vs. Giosgow Rangers, Sco.
Leets United, Eng. vs. Maritima, Por,
Udlaese, Ita, vs. Boyer Leverkusen, Ger,
Steoue Bucharest, Rom., vs. Valencia, Spa.

Willem II., Neth. vs. Dynama Thillsi, Geo. Anorthasis, Cyp. vs. FC Zurich, Swi. Ujpest TE, Hun vs. Brugge KV, Bel. Yltesse, Neth., vs. AEK Alhens, Gre. Werder Bremen, Ger. vs. SK Brann, Nor, Sigma Olomouc, Cze., vs. Marseille, Fra.

TENNIS PILOT PEN INTERNATIONAL

QUARTERFINALS Ing (2), Czech R., del. Amelie

Jana Novaha (2), Czech R., del, Amelie Mauresma, Fra., 6-1, 7-6 (7-4); Julie Halard-Decugis, Fra., del, Murry Joe Fernandez, Key Biscoyne, Fla. 7-5, 6-1, Steffi Graf (4), Germany, def, Amanda Coetter (7), 5. Africa. 6-2, 6-0; Lindsay Dovenport (1), Newport Beach, Calif., def, Anke Huber, Ger., 6-3, 6-3.

THE WEEK AHEAD

SATURDAY, AUGUST 29 CYCLING. Bordeaux, France. — UCL World Champlonships (track), to Sept. 30.

COLF, Rochester, New York.—USGA. U.S. Amateur Golf Champlonship. to Aug. 30; Munich, Germony.—PGA European Tour, BMW International, to Aug. 30; Itoshima, Jopan.—Japan PGA, Hisamilisu KBC, to Aug. 30; Atyan, Ohlo.—U.S. PGA Tour, NEC World Sedies of Golf, to Aug. 30; Surrey, British Colombio.—U.S. PGA Tour, Greater Vancouver Opea, to Aug. 30; Springfield, Illinois.—U.S., LPGA, Skate Form Roll Classic, to Aug. 30.

RUGBY UNION, Sydney-IRB, Austrolia Zealand, Bledision Cup, Nus., Boston—ATP Your, MFS Pro

Championships, to Aug. 30: Long Island. New York — ATP Taur, Waldbaum's Hamlet Cup.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 30

ATHLETICS, Rieli, Italy—IAAF, Grand
Prix (Class II); Glasgow, Scattand — BAF,
Spor British Challenge, Britain vs. United
States.

MONDAY, AUGUST 31

TENNES, New York-ITF, USTF, ATP Tour WTA Tour, U.S. Open, New York, to Sept. 13.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1 SOCCER, various siles—CONMEBOL. Copa Mercasur, first mund.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2 ATHLETICS, Berlin-men women IAAF.

ISTAF '98, Golden League series.

soccer. Bucharest Romania—UEFA. European Championship, quotifying, Group 7. Romania vs. Liechtensteins vonlous sites—CON-MEBOL, Copp Mercesur, first round.

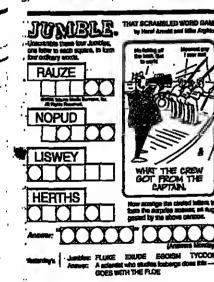
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3 GOLF, Crons-sur-Sierre, Switzerland-PGA European Tour, Canon European Masters Tomakomai Japan—Japan PGA, PGA Match Play, to Sept. & Milwaukee—U.S. PGA Tour, Greater Milwaukee Open, to Sept, 6. SOCCER, various sites — CONMEBOL.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4 cool.E. Portland, Oregon—U.S. LPGA. The Sofeway Championship, to Sept. 6.

WHEEEE



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DID YOU STOP

AT THE LIQUOR



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YOU SOMETHING











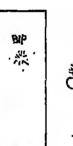


CALVIN AND HOBBES

























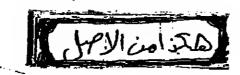




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DAVE BARRY

Gearing Up for School

MIAMI — It's back-to-school time, parents, and you know what that means! It's time to get the kids off the TV-room sofa, using logging equipment if necessary, and take them to the mall for back-to-school supplies.

Getting the right school supplies is crucial to your child's chances for success in life. We all remember the tragic story of young Abraham Lincoln, whose family could not afford school supplies, so he had to write on a shovel blade with a piece of coal. This meant that if young Abe saw a cute girl and wanted to pass her a note in class, he had to hand her this hig gross filthy digging implement, sometimes with worm parts stuck to it, and she'd go. "Ewwww!" and all the other kids would laugh at Abe. (It did not help that he was the only boy in the fifth grade who had a beard.) As a result, Abe had low self-esteem and was so desperate for popularity that he became president. Unless you want that kind of thing to

happeo to your child, you had better get the right kind of back-to-school supplies.

What are the "right kind"
of supplies? According to the Getting the right supplies is crucial American Association of to a child's chances School Teachers Who Get the Whole Summer Off and for success.

You Don't Ha Ha Ha, to meet federal educational standards, "every item your child takes to school, including deotal braces, must be festooned with a licensed cartoon character such as the Little Mermaid or Leonardo DiCaprio.

Your child also oeeds a backpack or - if you wish to have a truly modern, state-of-the-art schoolchild - an actual airline-style suitcase with a bandle and wheels. In my oeighborhood, I see elementary-school students bauling these things around, and I say to myself, "They're in SECOND grade! What are they CARRYING in there? Fifty-pound Twinkies?" But that is oot the point. The point is, American students may not have the best educadooal test scores when compared with foreign studeots, or eveo certain species of foreign plants, but by gosh our kids lead the world in cubic feet of academic carrying capacity.

Another item you should have on your back-to-school list is some kind of notebook. I know there are many kinds of newfangled "high-tech" ootebooks oo the markel today, but for my money, the old-fashioned three-ring binder that I used as a schoolboy remains, as an educational tool, one of the most useless things ever invented. I speot basically all of my classroom time from 1955 through 1963 trying to repair torn notebook paper with those stupid "reinforcing rings" that were always gumming themselves together into a little defensive clot. It cannot be coincideoce that during these same years, the Soviet Unioo surged ahead in the Space Race.

'Every item must be festooned with a licensed

So whatever you do, do NOT get your child ooe of these. Your child would be better off with a shovel. Finally, while you're in the school-supplies department. see if they have any of that

cartoon character.' heavy white paste that we used in first grade to make art projects. Kids don't need it for school anymore, but you should pick up a pound anyway,

because it's delicious. O.K.! Now that you've got the educational supplies, it's time to shop for back-to-school clothes. What kinds of outfits do today's kids want? That's easy! They want outfits that you really hate. For example, if you have a daughter, you would prefer for her to go to school dressed, basically, as a nun; whereas she wants to look as if she has been rejected for employment by a house of prostitution on the grounds of looking too slutty. How do you, as a parent, resolve this dispute? According to the American Association of Child Psychologists, the secret is to, "discuss your differences with your daughter, openly and nonjudgmentally, until the two of you are screaming at each other and she stomps away shouting at the top of her lungs that she hates you and is going to join a motorcycle gang."
Don't worry about attracting attendon: There will be at least 50

doing the same thing. It's a back-to-school tradition! Buying clothes for boys is much easier. What boys want to wear is - write this down - hig pants. A good rule of thumh is, if the pants do not contain enough material to make all the sails needed to equip a full-sized 19th-century whaling vessel, then those pants are too small for your modern American boy.

O.K.! You're all done with your back-to-school shopping! Now it's time to send the kids off to school. Even if school doesn't technically start for several more days, shove the little rascals out the door and lock it. Because you've had a long. noisy summer, and you deserve a chance to just lie quietly on the sofa and relax. Maybe fix yourself a bowl of paste.

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On the Road, in Search of a Rock and Roll Muse

By Neil Strauss New York Tones Service

OS ANGELES - "I always Lsaw myself as the kid who stepped up out of the front row and a while and carried that particular flame," Bruce Springsteen once said. "I wasn't interested in immediate success or how much each particular record was selling. I was interested in becoming part of peoples' lives and part of fans'

with them. In a outsbell, that is the great rock and roll dream. It is a fantasy both political and parental, a musician's desire to be elected by the people as an intimate voice and ourturing authority figure.

It is not just about being successful. It is about being a true believer in rock and roll and its power to speak louder than words, to be a disembodied best friend who understands what you are feeling and lets you know that it's all right to feel that way. In the same way that the best parent is one who still remembers what it was like to be a child, the best rock and roll musician is often one who still remembers what it was like to be a a-legend in her back jeans pocket.
fan to lie in bed, beadphones on, an While Cutrufello has mastered album lyric sheet in hand.

singer and guitarist whose major-label debut "Wheo the Night is revved-up barroom rock, teeming Through" (Mercury) was released oo Tuesday, is just such a member of the faithful. She is a fan-turnedmusician chasing the great rock and roll dream, which has grown ever Through' sounds like it was meant more elusive in a time when pop to be a classic, though it falls short radio has become a nightmare.

Born to interracial parents who on stage, she tends to overdo it, were musicians, adopted by two trying to load her voice with more female schoolteachers in New experience and age than she has. York and a student of 20th-century

Newlyweds Brolin and Streisand, at the ceremony.

about country and roots music in Nashville, Austin and Houston, where she lives now.

"I realized I would never just be a Nashville or a Texas artist, I'd always be the one from Yale or the onto the stage and had the guitar for one from the north or the black one or what have you," she said.
Two years ago, Cutnifello was

touring as a backup musician for Jimmie Dale Gilmore, one of Texas folk's most gentle, wounded and gifted spirits. Nearly everyone at the shows left talking about the lives and hopefully growing up amazing guitarist who looked like Tracy Chapman. Cutrufello, who. with ber powerful, assertive stage presence, constantly apstaged the self-effacing Gilmore.

On ber own in concert, Cutrufello knows how to give the appearance of pouring every ounce of her being into each note, with every picked string eliciting a grimace and every lyric sung with an intensity intended to drive it into the heart of the listener.

Watching ber perform sometimes feels like being in the presence of the next Bruce Springsteen or Melissa Etheridge, but at other times it feels like playing into the hands of a self-inveoted rock hero with a manual on bow-to-become-

bum lyric sheet in hand. the intensity of live performance, Mary Cutrufello, a 27-year-old she basn't figured out the same with bluesy guitar lines; bonky-tonk attitude and elements of rhythm-and-blues, folk and '60s rock, "When the Night Is of the mark. It is just promising. As

But the technique works better transportation at Yale University, in front of an audience than in the she is a populist fighting against a background that constantly threatens to marginalize her.

The burden of her past is something she discovered after graduating from Yale and chasing her muse down South — learning album dissolves into well-intended portant to me, me mings people bave in commoo," she said. "I'm have a voice of their own — because I didn't for a while."

And, for this chaser of the rock having album dissolves into well-intended people who don't have a voice? Same, In fact, we have the baseball and roll dream, who are those game. In fact, we have the baseball



Mary Cutrufello, singing the National Anthem at the Astrodome.

cliché. But Curufello is only at the "Everyday, average people," beginning of her journey for self-

definicion. Sitting in the cheap seats at a recent Los Angeles Dodgers game. I'm talking about the bars where Cutrufello discussed her developthere's a jukebox that plays a song meot and ambitions. Where most every 10 minutes because that's its musicians strive to be different and unique, Cutrufello tries to blend into the crowd. "That's what's important to me, the things people have in commoo," she said. "I'm

meet at sports bars, not necessarily people who closely follow music. job and a song comes on and someone says, Who is that? And someone else goes, 'I don't know, but I love that song."

industry to thank for her music. A tomboy, she lived for the sport until the 1981 baseball strike.

"I moped around the house for a year," she said. "That's when I picked up the guitar. I stopped fol-lowing baseball for 12 years after

Though her ambition in high school was to go to New York and perform musical theater, a road trip through the American Southwest and a few Dwight Yoskam and Steve Earle albums soon inwarted

After leaving Yale she hit the Texas honky-tonk club scene. "i worked really hard to learn that style and be respectful of it and figure out my place in it," Cutrufello said. But it turned out that her place wasn't in country music.

She came to Nashville, and I let her get a sense of the country music business," her manager, Holly Gleason, remembered. "It wasn't that she disliked the people, but it wasn't her destiny. She real-ized that in Nashville she would have been black before she was anything else. We were at the bar one night and she slammed her beer down and said, 'Rock deal!' I said, 'What?' She said, 'Rock deal! I want a rock deal."

Gleason found one in no time. One of the album's oldest songs is "Sister Cecil," which Cutrufello wrote in college about her adopted younger sister. Cecil. Through Cutrufello was adopted when she was 5 months old. Cecil came into the family at the age of 3.

When Cecil showed up, she was a scared little kid, small for her age," Cutrufello remembered.
"Her shoes didn't fit and all her clothes were in a box. She was like a dog that had been kicked when it was young. It took a couple years for her even to let us give her a ling. I think there's a little bit of that in all of us — a little bit scared, unsure of ourselves, haven't quite figured out what this whole life thing is yet. And I know that rock and roll helped order some of the world for me in that respect and I think that's a great thing to be able to give back.



TELLOWED by varnish layers ap-I plied over the centuries, the Mona Lisa remains the Louvre's top attraction. But some experts say it's time for a face-lift—to which the Louvre says, "Hands off!" Thanks to computer technology, the French magazine Journal des Arts is offering a glimpse of what the Mona Lisa may have looked like when Leonardo da Vinci painted her in 1503: rosy cheeks instead of yellow pallor, pale blue skies instead of the famed sunset glow. The debate, to clean or not to clean, follows the Louvie's decision to give the world's most famous painting a room of her own. Art experts are urging the Louvre to take advantage of the move to scrape off the varnish applied to preserve the work's magical luster. For the Louvre, there's no debate at all. "It's absolutely out of the question to restore the Mona Lisa in any way." said Jean-Pierre Cuzin, chief paintings' curator at the Louvre.

About 450 cheering onlookers, most of them apparently Barbra Streisand fans, were on hand as the couple arrived to see James Brolin's star unveiled on the Hollywood Walk of Fame. Brolin and Streisand were married July I.

Luciano Pavarotti underwent bip

surgery and was recuperating at his villa

on the Adriatic Sea, the tenor's spokeswoman, Renata Meroni, said. Meroni said the opera star plans to stick to his concert commitments beginning in Oc-

Bob Denver, who played the title character on the television series "Gilligan's Island," pleaded no contest in a West Virginia courtroom to a charge of possessing about 1.5 ounces of marijuana and was placed on six months'

unsupervised probation.

A Dutch arts foundation announced Friday that it had brought back to the Netherlands the last major work of the Dutch painter Piet Mondrian, "Victory Boogie Woogie," which it bought for \$40 million. The national foundation for the conservation of arts said It bought the picture, which Mondrian painted in New York between 1942 and his death in 1944, from a private American collection. The fund will hand over the picture to the city museum at The Hagne, which holds the main collection of Mondrian's works. The painting will be on display after Oct. 29.

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Steven Hammond, a partner in the - or keed law firm o New York, will succeed Bernard Chaen of France as president of the International Association of Lawyers.

The fiance of the former Mousketeer Darlene Gillespie pleaded guilty to 21 federal charges related to a securities fraud scheme that allegedly involves Gillespie as well. Jerry Fraschilla was freed on bail pending a sentencing hearing scheduled for Nov. 16. Gillespie is free on bail awaiting trial scheduled for



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